

- 1 SB14
- 2 AT4KSQS-1
- 3 By Senator Coleman
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 06-Feb-24
- 6 PFD: 11-Jan-24



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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, a recording made by a
6	body-worn camera or dashboard camera used by law
7	enforcement agencies may only be disclosed to an
8	individual or a personal representative of an
9	individual whose image or voice is the subject of the
10	recording.
11	This bill would allow a recording made by a
12	body-worn camera or dashboard camera used by law
13	enforcement to be considered a public record, making
14	the recording subject to public inspection.
15	This bill would require the custodial law
16	enforcement agency to release the recording within 30
17	days of the request.
18	This bill would also provide for an appeals
19	process if a law enforcement agency fails to provide a
20	requested recording.
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23	A BILL
24	TO BE ENTITLED
25	AN ACT
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27	Relating to law enforcement agency recordings; to amen

Relating to law enforcement agency recordings; to amend 28 Sections 36-21-210, 36-21-212, and 36-21-213, as created by



- 29 Act 2023-507, 2023 Regular Session, Code of Alabama 1975; to
- 30 provide for circumstances to release recordings made by
- 31 body-worn cameras or dashboard cameras used by law enforcement
- 32 agencies; and to provide an appeal process if a law
- enforcement agency fails to release a recording.
- 34 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 35 Section 1. This bill shall be known and may be cited as
- 36 the Jawan Dallas and Steve Perkins Act.
- 37 Section 2. Sections 36-21-210, 36-21-212, and
- 38 36-21-213, as created by Act 2023-507, 2023 Regular Session,
- 39 Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 40 "\$36-21-210
- As used in this act, the following terms have the
- 42 following meanings:
- 43 (1) BODY-WORN CAMERA. An operational video or digital
- 44 camera or other electronic device, including a microphone or
- other mechanism to capture audio, affixed to the uniform or
- 46 person of law enforcement agency personnel and positioned in a
- 47 way that allows the camera or device to capture interactions
- 48 between law enforcement agency personnel and others.
- 49 (2) CUSTODIAL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCY. The law
- 50 enforcement agency that owns or leases or whose personnel
- operates the equipment that created the recording at the time
- 52 the recording was made. If another law enforcement agency
- 53 takes over the investigation of the recorded incident, that
- 34 agency becomes the custodial law enforcement agency for the
- 55 purposes of this article.
- 56 (3) DASHBOARD CAMERA. A device or system installed or



used in a law enforcement agency vehicle that electronically records images or audio of interactions between law enforcement agency personnel and others. This term does not include a body-worn camera.

- (4) DISCLOSE or DISCLOSURE. To make a recording available for viewing or listening at a time and location chosen by the custodial law enforcement agency. This term does not include the release of a recording.
- (5) PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. A parent, court-appointed guardian, spouse, or attorney of an individual whose image or voice is the subject of the recording. If an individual whose image or voice is the subject of the recording is deceased, the term also means the personal representative of the estate of the deceased individual; the deceased individual's surviving spouse, parent, or adult child; the deceased individual's attorney; or the parent or guardian of a surviving minor child of the deceased.
- (4) (6) RECORDING. A visual, audio, or visual and audio recording captured by a body-worn camera, a dashboard camera, or any other video or audio recording device operated by or on behalf of a law enforcement agency or law enforcement agency personnel when carrying out law enforcement responsibilities. This term does not include any video or audio recordings of interviews regarding agency internal investigations or interviews or interrogations of suspects or witnesses.
- (7) RELEASE. To provide a copy of a recording."
- 83 "\$36-21-212

84 (a) Recordings in the custody of a law enforcement

85	agency shall be disclosed to an individual or personal
86	representative only as provided by this article. This article
87	does not apply to the exchange of recordings between law
88	enforcement or prosecuting agencies deemed a public record
89	under Section 36-12-40, and subject to public inspection as
90	otherwise provided by law. An individual requesting disclosure
91	release of a recording must make a written request to the head
92	of the custodial law enforcement agency that states the date
93	and approximate time of the activity captured in the recording
94	or otherwise identifies the activity with reasonable
95	particularity sufficient to identify the recording to which
96	the request refers.
97	(b) Nothing in this article shall limit or restrict the
98	application of the Alabama Rules of Civil Procedure as they
99	may be applied to the custodial law enforcement agency,
100	including, but not limited to Rule 45, nor Chapter 21 of Title
101	12.
102	(c) A custodial law enforcement agency may only
103	disclose a recording to the following:

- 104 (1) An individual whose image or voice is the subject
 105 of the recording.
- 106 (2) A personal representative of an adult individual
 107 whose image or voice is the subject of the recording if the
 108 adult individual has consented to the disclosure.
- 109 (3) A personal representative of a minor whose image or
 110 voice is the subject of the recording.
- 111 (4) A personal representative of an adult individual
 112 under lawful guardianship whose image or voice is the subject



113	of the recording.
114	(5) A personal representative of an adult individual
115	who is incapacitated and unable to provide consent to
116	disclosure whose image or voice is the subject of the
117	recording.
118	(6) A personal representative of a deceased individual
119	whose image or voice is the subject of the recording.
120	(c) (d) When disclosing releasing a recording, the
121	custodial law enforcement agency shall <pre>disclose release only</pre>
122	those portions of the recording that are relevant to the
123	individual's request.
124	(e) An individual who receives disclosure pursuant to
125	this section shall not record or copy the recording
126	(d)(1) An individual who requests the release of a
127	recording which is denied by a law enforcement agency may file
128	a petition in the circuit court of the county where the
129	individual resides or where the law enforcement agency is
130	<pre>located for judicial review.</pre>
131	(2) A circuit court may uphold a denial to release a
132	recording only if the release would substantially interfere
133	with an ongoing investigation, including, but not limited to,
134	endangering the safety of a witness or a confidential source."
135	"§36-21-213
136	(a) Upon Within 30 days of receipt of the written
137	request for <u>disclosure</u> release and payment of a reasonable
138	fee, not to exceed the cost of producing the recording, as
139	<pre>promptly as possible, the custodial law enforcement agency</pre>
140	shall do either of the following:



141	(1) Disclose release the portion of the recording
142	relevant to the individual's request.
143	(2) Notify the requestor of the custodial law
144	enforcement agency's decision not to disclose the recording. A
145	custodial law enforcement agency may choose to not disclose
146	the recording if the disclosure would affect an ongoing active
147	law enforcement investigation or prosecution.
148	(b) A custodial law enforcement agency may charge a
149	reasonable fee for redaction and editing of a recording."
150	Section 3. This act shall become effective on October
151	1, 2024.