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4 SYNOPSIS:

5 This bill would authorize a consumer to confirm
6 whether a controller is processing any of the
7 consumer's personal data, correct any inaccuracies in
8 the consumer's personal data, direct a controller to
9 delete the consumer's personal data, obtain a copy of
10 the consumer's personal data, and opt out of the
11 processing of the consumer's data.

12 This bill would require a controller to
13 establish a secure and reliable method for a consumer
14 to exercise the consumer's rights and to establish an
15 appeals process.

16 This bill would regulate the manner in which a
17 controller may process consumer data.

18 This bill would provide for the obligations of
19 data processors.

20 This bill would regulate the processing of
21 deidentified data.

22 This bill would also authorize the Attorney
23 General to enforce this act.

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26 A BILL

27 TO BE ENTITLED

28 AN ACT



29
30 Relating to data privacy; to authorize a consumer to
31 take certain actions regarding the consumer's personal data;
32 to regulate the manner in which a controller may process
33 personal data; to provide for the obligations of a data
34 processor; to regulate the processing of deidentified data;
35 and to provide for enforcement of this act.

36 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

37 Section 1. This act shall be known as the Alabama
38 Personal Data Protection Act.

39 Section 2. For the purposes of this act, the following
40 terms have the following meanings:

41 (1) AFFILIATE. A legal entity that shares common
42 branding with another legal entity or that controls, is
43 controlled by, or is under common control with another legal
44 entity.

45 (2) ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE MODEL. The underlying
46 machine learning algorithm, along with its derived parameters,
47 including, but not limited to, weights, biases, and other
48 internal representations that result solely from the training
49 process, and which does not inherently contain personally
50 identifiable information unless that information has been
51 explicitly embedded in the algorithm. The term does not
52 include any downstream system or application that uses the
53 model.

54 (3) AUTHENTICATE. To use reasonable methods to
55 determine that a request to exercise any of the consumer
56 rights afforded under this act is being made by, or on behalf



57 of, a consumer who is entitled to exercise those consumer
58 rights with respect to the consumer's personal data at issue.

59 (4) BIOMETRIC DATA. Data generated by automatic
60 measurements of an individual's biological characteristics,
61 such as a fingerprint, voiceprint, retina, or iris, that are
62 used to identify a specific individual. The term does not
63 include any of the following:

64 a. A digital or physical photograph.

65 b. An audio or video recording.

66 c. Any data generated from paragraph a. or b. unless
67 the data is used to identify a specific individual.

68 (5) CHILD. An individual under 13 years of age.

69 (6) CONSENT. A clear affirmative act signifying a
70 consumer's freely given, specific, informed, and unambiguous
71 agreement to allow the processing of personal data relating to
72 the consumer, including, but not limited to, a written
73 statement or a statement by electronic means. The term does
74 not include any of the following:

75 a. Acceptance of a general or broad term of use or
76 similar document that contains descriptions of personal data
77 processing along with other unrelated information.

78 b. Hovering over, muting, or pausing a given piece of
79 content.

80 c. An agreement obtained using dark patterns.

81 (7) CONSUMER. An individual who is a resident of this
82 state. The term does not include an individual acting in a
83 commercial or employment context or as an employee, owner,
84 director, officer, or contractor of a company, partnership,



85 sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or government agency whose
86 communications or transactions with the controller occur
87 solely within the context of that individual's role with the
88 company, partnership, sole proprietorship, nonprofit, or
89 government agency.

90 (8) CONTROL. Any of the following:

91 a. Ownership of or the power to vote more than 50
92 percent of the outstanding shares of any class of voting
93 security of a company.

94 b. Control in any manner over the election of a
95 majority of the directors or of individuals exercising similar
96 functions.

97 c. The power to exercise controlling influence over the
98 management of a company.

99 (9) CONTROLLER. An individual or legal entity that,
100 alone or jointly with others, determines the purposes and
101 means of processing personal data.

102 (10) DARK PATTERN. A user interface designed or
103 manipulated with the effect of substantially subverting or
104 impairing user autonomy, decision-making, or choice.

105 (11) DEIDENTIFIED DATA. Data that cannot be used to
106 reasonably infer information about or otherwise be linked to
107 an identified or identifiable individual or a device linked to
108 an identified or identifiable individual if the controller
109 that possesses the data does all of the following:

110 a. Takes reasonable measures to ensure that the data
111 cannot be associated with an individual.

112 b. Publicly commits to process the data in a



113 deidentified fashion only and to not attempt to reidentify the
114 data.

115 c. Contractually obligates any recipients of the data
116 to satisfy the criteria set forth in Section 11(a) and (b).

117 (12) IDENTIFIABLE INDIVIDUAL. An individual who can be
118 readily identified, directly or indirectly.

119 (13) NONPROFIT ENTITY. As defined in Section
120 10A-1-1.03, Code of Alabama 1975.

121 (14) PERSONAL DATA. Any information that is linked or
122 reasonably linkable to an identified or identifiable
123 individual. The term does not include deidentified data or
124 publicly available information.

125 (15) PRECISE GEOLOCATION DATA. Information derived from
126 technology, including, but not limited to, global positioning
127 system level latitude and longitude coordinates, which
128 directly identifies the specific location of an individual
129 with precision and accuracy within a radius of 1,750 feet. The
130 term does not include the content of communications or any
131 data generated by or connected to advanced utility metering
132 infrastructure systems or equipment for use by a utility.

133 (16) PROCESS. Any operation or set of operations,
134 whether by manual or automated means, performed on personal
135 data or on sets of personal data, including, but not limited
136 to, the collection, use, storage, disclosure, analysis,
137 deletion, or modification of personal data.

138 (17) PROCESSOR. An individual or legal entity that
139 processes personal data on behalf of a controller.

140 (18) PROFILING. Any form of solely-automated processing



141 performed on personal data to evaluate, analyze, or predict
142 personal aspects related to an identified or identifiable
143 individual's economic situation, health, personal preferences,
144 interests, reliability, behavior, location, or movements.

145 (19) PSEUDONYMOUS DATA. Personal data that cannot be
146 attributed to a specific individual without the use of
147 additional information, provided the additional information is
148 kept separately and is subject to appropriate technical and
149 organizational measures to ensure that the personal data is
150 not attributable to an identified or identifiable individual.

151 (20) PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION. Either of the
152 following:

153 a. Information that is lawfully made available through
154 federal, state, or local government records or widely
155 distributed media.

156 b. Information that a controller has a reasonable basis
157 to believe a consumer has lawfully made available to the
158 public.

159 (21) SALE OF PERSONAL DATA. The exchange of personal
160 data for monetary consideration by a controller to a third
161 party, or for other valuable consideration by a controller to
162 a third party where the controller receives a material benefit
163 and the third party is not restricted in its subsequent uses
164 of the personal data. The term does not include any of the
165 following:

166 a. The disclosure of personal data to a processor that
167 processes the personal data on behalf of the controller.

168 b. The disclosure of personal data to a third party for



169 the purposes of providing a product or service requested by
170 the consumer.

171 c. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to an
172 affiliate of the controller.

173 d. The disclosure of personal data in which the
174 consumer directs the controller to disclose the personal data
175 or intentionally uses the controller to interact with a third
176 party.

177 e. The disclosure of personal data that the consumer
178 intentionally made available to the public via a channel of
179 mass media and did not restrict to a specific audience.

180 f. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a
181 third party as an asset that is part of a merger, acquisition,
182 bankruptcy, or other transaction, or a proposed merger,
183 acquisition, bankruptcy, or other transaction in which the
184 third party assumes control of all or part of the controller's
185 assets.

186 g. The disclosure or transfer of personal data to a
187 third party for the purposes of providing analytics or
188 marketing services solely to the controller.

189 (22) SENSITIVE DATA. Personal data that includes any of
190 the following:

191 a. Data revealing racial or ethnic origin, religious
192 beliefs, a mental or physical health condition or diagnosis,
193 information about an individual's sex life, sexual
194 orientation, or citizenship or immigration status.

195 b. The processing of genetic or biometric data for the
196 purpose of uniquely identifying an individual.



197 c. Personal data collected from a known child.

198 d. Precise geolocation data.

199 (23) SIGNIFICANT DECISION. A decision made by a

200 controller that results in the provision or denial by the
201 controller of credit or lending services, housing, insurance,
202 education enrollment or opportunity, criminal justice,
203 employment opportunity, health care service, or access to
204 basic necessities such as food or water.

205 (24) TARGETED ADVERTISING. Displaying advertisements to
206 a consumer in which the advertisement is selected based on
207 personal data obtained or inferred from that consumer's
208 activities over time and across nonaffiliated Internet
209 websites or online applications to predict the consumer's
210 preferences or interests. The term does not include any of the
211 following:

212 a. Advertisements based on activities within a
213 controller's own Internet websites or online applications.

214 b. Advertisements based on the context of a consumer's
215 current search query or visit to any Internet website or
216 online application.

217 c. Advertisements directed to a consumer in response to
218 the consumer's request for information or feedback.

219 d. Processing personal data solely to measure or report
220 advertising frequency, performance, or reach.

221 (25) THIRD PARTY. An individual or legal entity other
222 than a consumer, controller, processor, or an affiliate of the
223 controller or processor.

224 (26) TRADE SECRET. As defined in Section 8-27-2, Code



225 of Alabama 1975.

226 Section 3. The provisions of this act apply to persons
227 that conduct business in this state or persons that produce
228 products or services that are targeted to residents of this
229 state and that meet either of the following qualifications:

230 (1) Control or process the personal data of more than
231 25,000 consumers, excluding personal data controlled or
232 processed solely for the purpose of completing a payment
233 transaction.

234 (2) Derive more than 25 percent of gross revenue from
235 the sale of personal data, regardless of the number of
236 consumers whose data the person controls or processes.

237 Section 4. (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of
238 this act, this act shall not apply to any of the following:

239 (1) A political subdivision of the state, including
240 public corporations organized pursuant to Title 11, Code of
241 Alabama 1975.

242 (2) A two-year or four-year institution of higher
243 education, including affiliates of a two-year or four-year
244 institution of higher education.

245 (3) A national securities association that is
246 registered under 15 U.S.C. § 78o-3.

247 (4) A financial institution or an affiliate of a
248 financial institution governed by 15 U.S.C. Chapter 94.

249 (5) A financial institution or an affiliate of a
250 financial institution governed by, or personal data collected,
251 processed, sold, or disclosed in accordance with Title V of
252 the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act, 15 U.S.C. § 6801 et. seq.



(6) A covered entity or business associate as defined in the privacy regulations of 45 C.F.R. § 160.103.

(7) A business with fewer than 500 employees, provided the business does not engage in the sale of personal data.

(8) A nonprofit entity, as defined in Section 10A-1-1.03, Code of Alabama 1975, with less than 100 employees, provided the entity does not engage in the sale of personal data.

(9) Any person or entity regulated by Chapter 6 of Title 8, Code of Alabama 1975.

(10) Any person or entity regulated by Chapter 7A of Title 8, Code of Alabama 1975.

(11) Any trade association explicitly authorized to receive documents or evidence pursuant to Section 27-12A-23, Code of Alabama 1975.

(b) This act shall not apply to any of the following information or data:

(1) Protected health information under the privacy regulations of the federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 and related regulations.

(2) Patient-identifying information for the purposes of 42 C.F.R. Part 2, established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 290dd-2.

(3) Identifiable private information for the purposes of 45 C.F.R. Part 46.

(4) Identifiable private information that is otherwise collected as part of human subjects research pursuant to the good clinical practice guidelines issued by the International Council for Harmonisation of Technical Requirements for



281 Pharmaceuticals for Human Use.

282 (5) The protection of human subjects under 21 C.F.R.
283 Parts 50 and 56, or personal data used or shared in research
284 as defined in the federal Health Insurance Portability and
285 Accountability Act of 1996 and 45 C.F.R. § 164.501, that is
286 conducted in accordance with applicable law.

287 (6) Information or documents created for the purposes
288 of the federal Health Care Quality Improvement Act of 1986.

289 (7) Patient safety work products for the purposes of
290 the federal Patient Safety and Quality Improvement Act of
291 2005.

292 (8) Information derived from any of the health care
293 related information listed in this subsection which is
294 deidentified in accordance with the requirements for
295 deidentification pursuant to the privacy regulations of the
296 federal Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of
297 1996.

298 (9) Information derived from any of the health care
299 related information listed in this subsection which is
300 included in a limited data set as described in 45 C.F.R. §
301 164.514(e), to the extent that the information is used,
302 disclosed, and maintained in a manner specified in 45 C.F.R. §
303 164.514(e).

304 (10) Information originating from and intermingled to
305 be indistinguishable with or information treated in the same
306 manner as information exempt under this subsection which is
307 maintained by a covered entity or business associate as
308 defined in the privacy regulations of the federal Health



309 Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 or a
310 program or qualified service organization as specified in 42
311 U.S.C. § 290dd-2.

312 (11) Information used for public health activities and
313 purposes as authorized by the federal Health Insurance
314 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, community health
315 activities, and population health activities.

316 (12) The collection, maintenance, disclosure, sale,
317 communication, or use of any personal information bearing on a
318 consumer's credit worthiness, credit standing, credit
319 capacity, character, general reputation, personal
320 characteristics, or mode of living by a consumer reporting
321 agency, furnisher, or user that provides information for use
322 in a consumer report and by a user of a consumer report, but
323 only to the extent that the activity is regulated by and
324 authorized under the federal Fair Credit Reporting Act.

325 (13) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or
326 disclosed in compliance with the federal Driver's Privacy
327 Protection Act of 1994.

328 (14) Personal data regulated by the federal Family
329 Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974.

330 (15) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or
331 disclosed in compliance with the federal Farm Credit Act of
332 1971.

333 (16) Data processed or maintained by an individual
334 applying to, employed by, or acting as an agent or independent
335 contractor of a controller, processor, or third party to the
336 extent that the data is collected and used within the context



337 of that role.

338 (17) Data processed or maintained as the emergency
339 contact information of an individual under this act and used
340 for emergency contact purposes.

341 (18) Data processed or maintained that is necessary to
342 retain to administer benefits for another individual relating
343 to the individual who is the subject of the information under
344 this section and is used for the purposes of administering the
345 benefits.

346 (19) Personal data collected, processed, sold, or
347 disclosed in relation to price, route, or service, as these
348 terms are used in the federal Airline Deregulation Act of 1978
349 by an air carrier subject to the act.

350 (20) Data or information collected or processed to
351 comply with or in accordance with state law.

352 (21) Artificial intelligence models, provided that no
353 personally identifiable data is present in the model or can be
354 extracted from the model.

355 (22) Personal data collected or used pursuant to 21
356 U.S.C. § 830.

357 (c) Controllers and processors that comply with the
358 verifiable parental consent requirements of the federal
359 Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998 are compliant
360 with any obligation to obtain parental consent pursuant to
361 this act.

362 Section 5. (a) Subject to authentication and any other
363 conditions or limitations provided by this act, a consumer may
364 invoke the rights authorized pursuant to this subsection at



365 any time by submitting a request to a controller specifying
366 the consumer right the consumer seeks to invoke. A controller
367 shall comply with an authenticated request to do any of the
368 following:

369 (1) Confirm whether a controller, or a processor or
370 third party acting on a controller's behalf, is processing the
371 consumer's personal data and accessing any of the consumer's
372 personal data under the control of the controller, unless
373 confirmation or access would require the controller to reveal
374 a trade secret.

375 (2) Correct inaccuracies in the consumer's personal
376 data, considering the nature of the personal data and the
377 purposes of the processing of the consumer's personal data.

378 (3) Direct a controller to delete the consumer's
379 personal data.

380 (4) Obtain a copy of the consumer's personal data
381 previously provided by the consumer to a controller in a
382 portable and, to the extent technically feasible, readily
383 usable format that allows the consumer to transmit the
384 personal data to another controller without hindrance when the
385 processing is carried out by automated means, unless the
386 provision of the data would require the controller to reveal a
387 trade secret.

388 (5) Opt out of the processing of the consumer's
389 personal data for any of the following purposes:

390 a. Targeted advertising.
391 b. The sale of the consumer's personal data.
392 c. Profiling in furtherance of solely automated



393 significant decisions concerning the consumer.

394 (b) A controller shall establish a secure and reliable
395 method for a consumer to exercise rights established by this
396 section and shall describe the method in the controller's
397 privacy notice.

398 (c) (1) A parent or legal guardian of a known child may
399 exercise the consumer's rights on behalf of the known child
400 regarding the processing of personal data.

401 (2) A guardian or conservator of a consumer may
402 exercise the consumer's rights on behalf of the consumer
403 regarding the processing of personal data.

404 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this act, a
405 controller shall comply with a request by a consumer to
406 exercise the consumer's rights authorized by this section as
407 follows:

408 (1) a. A controller shall respond to a consumer's
409 request within 45 days of receipt of the request.

410 b. A controller may extend the response period by 45
411 additional days, when reasonably necessary considering the
412 complexity and number of the consumer's requests, by notifying
413 the consumer of the extension and the reason for the extension
414 within the initial 45-day response period.

415 (2) If a controller declines to act regarding a
416 consumer's request, the controller shall inform the consumer
417 of the justification for declining to act within 45 days of
418 receipt of the request.

419 (3) Information provided in response to a consumer
420 request must be provided by a controller, free of charge, once



421 for each consumer during any 12-month period. If a consumer's
422 requests are manifestly unfounded, excessive, technically
423 infeasible, or repetitive, the controller may charge the
424 consumer a reasonable fee to cover the administrative costs of
425 complying with a request or decline to act on a request. Upon
426 inquiry by an enforcement authority, the controller bears the
427 burden of demonstrating the manifestly unfounded, excessive,
428 technically infeasible, or repetitive nature of a request.

429 (4) If a controller is unable to authenticate a
430 consumer's request using commercially reasonable efforts, the
431 controller shall not be required to comply with a request to
432 initiate an action pursuant to this section and shall provide
433 notice to the consumer that the controller is unable to
434 authenticate the request until the consumer provides
435 additional information reasonably necessary to authenticate
436 the consumer and the request. A controller is not required to
437 authenticate an opt-out request, but a controller may deny an
438 opt-out request if the controller has a good faith,
439 reasonable, and documented belief that the request is
440 fraudulent or otherwise not authorized. If a controller denies
441 an opt-out request because the controller believes the request
442 is fraudulent or not authorized, the controller shall send
443 notice to the person who made the request disclosing that the
444 controller believes the request is fraudulent or not
445 authorized and that the controller may not comply with the
446 request.

447 (5) A controller that has obtained personal data about
448 a consumer from a source other than the consumer is in



449 compliance with a consumer's request to delete the consumer's
450 data if the controller has done either of the following:

451 a. Retained a record of the deletion request and the
452 minimum data necessary for the purpose of ensuring the
453 consumer's personal data remains deleted from the controller's
454 records and refrains from using the retained data for any
455 other purpose.

456 b. Opted the consumer out of any further processing of
457 the consumer's personal data for any purpose except for those
458 exempted pursuant to this act.

459 Section 6. (a) A parent or legal guardian of a known
460 child or a guardian or conservator of a consumer may act on
461 the known child's or the consumer's behalf to opt out of the
462 processing of the known child's or the consumer's personal
463 data for one or more of the purposes specified in Section 5.

464 (b) A controller must allow a consumer to opt-out
465 through either of the following methods:

466 (1) By providing a clear and conspicuous link on the
467 controller's Internet website to an Internet web page that
468 enables a consumer directly to opt out of any processing of
469 the consumer's personal data for the purposes of targeted
470 advertising or sale of the consumer's personal data, or
471 provides up-to-date contact information for a consumer to
472 submit the opt-out request.

473 (2) By January 1, 2028, responding to a consumer's
474 request to opt out of any processing of the consumer's
475 personal data for the purposes of targeted advertising or sale
476 of the consumer's personal data sent through an opt-out



477 preference signal with the consumer's consent, to the
478 controller by a platform, technology, or mechanism that does
479 all of the following:

480 a. May not unfairly disadvantage another controller.

481 b. Must require the consumer to affirmatively enable
482 the opt-out preference signal to opt out of any personal data
483 processing pursuant to this act.

484 c. Must be reasonably consumer friendly and easy to use
485 by the average consumer.

486 d. Must be consistent with any federal or state law or
487 regulation.

488 e. Must be designed to allow the controller to
489 accurately determine whether the consumer is a resident of the
490 state and whether the consumer has made a legitimate request
491 to opt out of any sale of a consumer's personal data or
492 targeted advertising.

493 (c) (1) If a consumer's decision to opt out of any
494 processing of the consumer's personal data for the purposes of
495 targeted advertising, or any sale of personal data, through an
496 opt-out preference signal sent in accordance with this section
497 conflicts with the consumer's existing controller-specific
498 privacy setting or voluntary participation in a controller's
499 bona fide loyalty, rewards, premium features, discounts, or
500 club card program, the controller shall comply with the
501 consumer's opt-out preference signal but may notify the
502 consumer of the conflict and provide the choice to confirm
503 controller-specific privacy settings or participation in such
504 a program.



505 (2) If a controller responds to consumer opt-out
506 requests received in accordance with this section by informing
507 the consumer of a charge for the use of any product or
508 service, the controller shall present the terms of any
509 financial incentive offered pursuant to this section for the
510 retention, use, sale, or sharing of the consumer's personal
511 data.

512 Section 7. (a) A controller shall do all of the
513 following:

514 (1) Limit the collection of personal data to what is
515 adequate, relevant, and reasonably necessary in relation to
516 the purposes for which the personal data is processed.

517 (2) Establish, implement, and maintain reasonable
518 administrative, technical, and physical data security
519 practices to protect the confidentiality, integrity, and
520 accessibility of personal data appropriate to the volume and
521 nature of the personal data at issue.

522 (3) Provide an effective mechanism for a consumer to
523 revoke the consumer's consent under this act that is at least
524 as easy as the mechanism by which the consumer provided the
525 consumer's consent and, on revocation of the consent, cease to
526 further process the personal data as soon as practicable, but
527 no later than 45 days after complying with the consumer's
528 opt-out request consistent with this act.

529 (b) A controller may not do any of the following:

530 (1) Except as provided in this act, process personal
531 data for purposes that are not reasonably necessary to or
532 compatible with the disclosed purposes for which the personal



533 data is processed as disclosed by the controller.

534 (2) Process sensitive data concerning a consumer other
535 than a known child without obtaining that consumer's consent
536 or, in the case of the processing of personal data concerning
537 a known child, without processing the data in accordance with
538 the federal Children's Online Privacy Protection Act of 1998,
539 15 U.S.C. § 6501 et seq.

540 (3) Process personal data in violation of the laws of
541 this state or federal laws that prohibit unlawful
542 discrimination against consumers.

543 (4) Process the personal data of a consumer for the
544 purposes of targeted advertising or sell a consumer's personal
545 data without the consumer's consent under circumstances in
546 which a controller has actual knowledge that the consumer is
547 at least 13 years of age but younger than 16 years of age.

548 (5) Deny goods or services, charge different prices or
549 rates for goods or services, or provide a different level of
550 quality of goods or services to a consumer if the consumer
551 opts out of the processing of the consumer's data. However, if
552 a consumer opts out of data processing, the covered entity is
553 not required to provide a service that requires data
554 processing. Controllers may provide different prices or levels
555 for goods or services if the good or service is a bona fide
556 loyalty, rewards, premium features, discount, or club card
557 program in which a consumer voluntarily participates.

558 (c) If a controller sells personal data to third
559 parties or processes personal data for targeted advertising,
560 the controller shall clearly and conspicuously disclose the



561 processing, as well as the way a consumer may exercise the
562 right to opt out of the processing.

563 (d) A controller shall provide consumers with a
564 reasonably accurate, clear, and meaningful privacy notice that
565 includes all of the following:

566 (1) The categories of personal data processed by the
567 controller.

568 (2) The purpose for processing personal data.

569 (3) The categories of personal data that the controller
570 shares with third parties, if any.

571 (4) The categories of third parties, if any, with which
572 the controller shares personal data.

573 (5) An active email address or other mechanism that the
574 consumer may use to contact the controller.

575 (6) How consumers may exercise their consumer rights,
576 including a link or contact information for availing
577 themselves of the opt-out method provided in Section 6.

578 (e) (1) A controller shall establish and describe in a
579 privacy notice one or more secure and reliable means for
580 consumers to submit a request to exercise their consumer
581 rights, as established under Section 5, pursuant to this act
582 considering the ways in which consumers normally interact with
583 the controller, the need for secure and reliable communication
584 of consumer requests, and the ability of the controller to
585 authenticate the identity of the consumer or authorized agent
586 making the request.

587 (2) A controller may not require a consumer to create a
588 new account to exercise consumer rights but may require a



589 consumer to use an existing account as a means of exercising
590 his or her consumer rights.

591 (f) Any provision of a contract or agreement of any
592 kind that purports to waive or limit in any way a consumer's
593 consumer rights as established under this act shall be deemed
594 contrary to public policy and shall be void and unenforceable.

595 Section 8. (a) A processor shall adhere to the
596 instructions of a controller and shall assist the controller
597 in meeting the controller's obligations under this act,
598 considering the nature of processing and the information
599 available to the processor, including, but not limited to,
600 both of the following:

601 (1) Maintaining appropriate and reasonably practical
602 technical and organizational measures to support the
603 fulfillment of the controller's obligation to respond to
604 consumer rights requests.

605 (2) Assisting the controller in meeting the
606 controller's obligations in relation to the security of
607 processing the personal data and in relation to the
608 notification of a breach of security of the system of the
609 processor to meet both the controller's and the processor's
610 obligations.

611 (b) (1) A contract between a controller and a processor
612 shall govern the processor's data processing obligations with
613 respect to processing performed on behalf of the controller.

614 (2) The contract shall:

615 a. Be binding;
616 b. Clearly set forth instructions for processing data;



617 c. Clearly set forth the nature and purpose of the
618 processing;

619 d. Clearly set forth the type of data subject to
620 processing;

621 e. Clearly set forth the duration of processing; and

622 f. Clearly set forth the rights and obligations of both
623 parties.

624 (3) The contract, taking into account the nature of the
625 processing, the relationship between the parties, and other
626 factors, shall also require the processor to:

627 a. Ensure that each processor of personal data is
628 subject to a duty of confidentiality with respect to the
629 personal data;

630 b. Delete or return all personal data to the controller
631 as requested at the end of the provision of services at the
632 controller's direction, unless retention of the personal data
633 is required or permitted by law or the contract;

634 c. Make available to the controller all information in
635 the processor's possession necessary to demonstrate the
636 processor's compliance with the obligations of this act upon
637 the reasonable request of the controller; and

638 d. Obligate any subcontractor processing personal data
639 to meet the obligations of the processor with respect to the
640 personal data.

641 (c) Nothing in this section may be construed to relieve
642 a controller or processor from the liabilities imposed on the
643 controller or processor by virtue of the controller's or
644 processor's role in the processing relationship as described



645 in this act.

646 (d) Determining whether a person is acting as a
647 controller or processor with respect to a specific processing
648 of data is a fact-based determination that depends on the
649 following context in which personal data is to be processed:

650 (1) A person who is not limited in the processing of
651 personal data pursuant to a controller's instructions or who
652 fails to adhere to a controller's instructions is a controller
653 and not a processor with respect to a specific processing of
654 data.

655 (2) A processor that continues to adhere to a
656 controller's instructions with respect to a specific
657 processing of personal data remains a processor.

658 (3) If a processor begins, alone or jointly with
659 others, determining the purposes and means of the processing
660 of personal data, the processor is a controller with respect
661 to the processing and may be subject to an enforcement action
662 under this act.

663 Section 9. (a) Any controller in possession of
664 deidentified data shall do all of the following:

665 (1) Take measures to ensure that the deidentified data
666 cannot reasonably be associated with an individual.

667 (2) Refrain from reidentifying the deidentified data
668 when maintaining and using deidentified data.

669 (3) Contractually obligate any recipients of the
670 deidentified data to comply with all provisions of this
671 section.

672 (b) Nothing in this act may be construed to require a



673 controller to do any of the following:

674 (1) Reidentify deidentified data or pseudonymous data.

675 (2) Maintain deidentified data in an identifiable form.

676 (3) Collect, obtain, retain, or access any identifiable
677 data associated with deidentified data solely for purposes of
678 authenticating a potential consumer request regarding personal
679 data.

680 (c) Nothing in this act may be construed to require a
681 controller or processor to comply with an authenticated
682 consumer rights request if the controller or processor:

683 (1) Is not reasonably capable of associating the
684 request with the personal data or it would be unreasonably
685 burdensome to associate the request with the personal data;

686 (2) Does not use the personal data to recognize or
687 respond to the specific consumer who is the subject of the
688 personal data or associate the personal data with other
689 personal data about the same specific consumer; and

690 (3) Does not sell the personal data to any third party
691 or otherwise voluntarily disclose the personal data to any
692 third party other than a processor or subprocessor, except as
693 otherwise permitted in this section.

694 (d) The rights afforded under Section 5 may not apply
695 to pseudonymous data in cases in which the controller is able
696 to demonstrate that any information necessary to identify the
697 consumer is kept separately and is subject to effective
698 technical and organizational controls that prevent the
699 controller from accessing the information.

700 (e) A controller that discloses pseudonymous data or



701 deidentified data shall exercise reasonable oversight to
702 monitor compliance with any contractual commitments to which
703 the pseudonymous data or deidentified data is subject and
704 shall take appropriate steps to address any breaches of those
705 contractual commitments.

706 Section 10. (a) Nothing in this act may be construed to
707 restrict a controller's or processor's ability to do any of
708 the following:

709 (1) Comply with federal, state, or local ordinances or
710 regulations.

711 (2) Comply with a civil, criminal, or regulatory
712 inquiry, investigation, subpoena, or summons by federal,
713 state, local, or other government authority.

714 (3) Cooperate with law enforcement agencies concerning
715 conduct or activity that the controller or processor
716 reasonably and in good faith believes may violate federal,
717 state, or local ordinances, rules, or regulations.

718 (4) Investigate, establish, exercise, prepare for, or
719 defend legal claims, or otherwise protect the legal rights of
720 the controller or processor.

721 (5) Provide a product or service specifically requested
722 by a consumer.

723 (6) Perform under a contract to which a consumer is a
724 party, including fulfilling the terms of a written warranty.

725 (7) Take steps at the request of a consumer prior to
726 entering a contract.

727 (8) Take immediate steps to protect an interest that is
728 essential for the life or physical safety of the consumer or



729 another individual and when the processing cannot be
730 manifestly based on another legal basis.

731 (9) Prevent, detect, protect against, or respond to
732 security incidents; identify theft, including identity theft,
733 fraud, harassment, malicious or deceptive activities, or any
734 illegal activity; preserve the integrity or security of
735 systems; or investigate, report, or prosecute those
736 responsible for any of these actions.

737 (10) Engage in public or peer-reviewed scientific or
738 statistical research in the public interest that adheres to
739 all other applicable ethics and privacy laws and is approved,
740 monitored, and governed by an institutional review board that
741 determines, or similar independent oversight entities that
742 determine, all of the following:

743 a. Whether the deletion of the information is likely to
744 provide substantial benefits that do not exclusively accrue to
745 the controller.

746 b. The expected benefits of the research outweigh the
747 privacy risks.

748 c. Whether the controller has implemented reasonable
749 safeguards to mitigate privacy risks associated with research,
750 including any risks associated with reidentification.

751 (11) Assist another controller, processor, or third
752 party with any of the obligations under this act.

753 (12) Process personal data for reasons of public
754 interest in public health, community health, or population
755 health, but solely to the extent that the processing is both
756 of the following:



757 a. Subject to suitable and specific measures to
758 safeguard the rights of the consumer whose personal data is
759 being processed.

760 b. Under the responsibility of a professional subject
761 to confidentiality obligations under federal, state, or local
762 law.

763 (b) The obligations imposed on controllers or
764 processors under this act may not restrict a controller's or
765 processor's ability to collect, use, or retain personal data
766 for internal use to do any of the following:

767 (1) Conduct internal research to develop, improve, or
768 repair products, services, or technology.

769 (2) Effectuate a product recall.

770 (3) Identify and repair technical errors that impair
771 existing or intended functionality.

772 (4) Perform internal operations that are reasonably
773 aligned with the expectations of the consumer or reasonably
774 anticipated based on the consumer's existing relationship with
775 the controller or are otherwise compatible with processing
776 data in furtherance of the provision of a product or service
777 specifically requested by a consumer or the performance of a
778 contract to which the consumer is a party.

779 (c) The obligations imposed on controllers or
780 processors under this act may not apply when compliance by the
781 controller or processor with this act would violate an
782 evidentiary privilege under the laws of this state. Nothing in
783 this act may be construed to prevent a controller or processor
784 from providing personal data concerning a consumer to a person



785 covered by an evidentiary privilege under the laws of this
786 state as part of a privileged communication.

787 (d) (1) If, at the time a controller or processor
788 discloses personal data to a processor or third-party
789 controller in accordance with this act, the controller or
790 processor did not have actual knowledge that the processor or
791 third-party controller would violate this act, then the
792 controller or processor may not be considered to have violated
793 this act.

794 (2) A receiving processor or third-party controller
795 receiving personal data from a disclosing controller or
796 processor in compliance with this act is likewise not in
797 violation of this act for the transgressions of the disclosing
798 controller or processor from which the receiving processor or
799 third-party controller receives the personal data.

800 (e) Nothing in this act may be construed to do either
801 of the following:

802 (1) Impose any obligation on a controller or processor
803 that adversely affects the rights or freedoms of any person.

804 (2) Apply to a person's processing of personal data
805 during the person's personal or household activities.

806 (f) Personal data processed by a controller pursuant to
807 this section may be processed to the extent that the
808 processing is both of the following:

809 (1) Reasonably necessary and proportionate to the
810 purposes listed in this section.

811 (2) Adequate, relevant, and limited to what is
812 necessary in relation to the specific purposes listed in this



813 section. The controller or processor must, when applicable,
814 consider the nature and purpose of the collection, use, or
815 retention of the personal data collected, used, or retained
816 pursuant to this section. The personal data must be subject to
817 reasonable administrative, technical, and physical measures to
818 protect the confidentiality, integrity, and accessibility of
819 the personal data and to reduce reasonably foreseeable risks
820 of harm to consumers relating to the collection, use, or
821 retention of personal data.

822 (g) If a controller processes personal data pursuant to
823 an exemption in this section, the controller bears the burden
824 of demonstrating that the processing qualifies for the
825 exemption and complies with the requirements in this section.

826 (h) Processing personal data for the purposes expressly
827 identified in this section may not solely make a legal entity
828 a controller with respect to the processing.

829 Section 11. (a) The Attorney General may enforce
830 violations of this act.

831 (b) (1) The Attorney General, prior to initiating any
832 action for a violation of any provision of this act, shall
833 issue a notice of violation to the controller.

834 (2) If the controller fails to correct the violation
835 within 45 days after receipt of the notice of violation, the
836 Attorney General may bring an action for an injunction
837 pursuant to this section. Upon a finding that the controller
838 has violated this act and failed to correct the violation as
839 required by this section, the court may assess a civil penalty
840 of not more than fifteen thousand dollars (\$15,000) per



841 violation.

842 (3) If within the 45-day period the controller corrects
843 the noticed violation and provides the Attorney General an
844 express written statement that the alleged violations have
845 been corrected and that no such further violations will occur,
846 no action may be initiated against the controller.

847 Section 12. This act shall become effective on May 1,
848 2027.