

- 1 SB53
- 2 TNMA115-1
- 3 By Senators Kitchens, Kelley, Bell, Elliott, Weaver,
- 4 Smitherman
- 5 RFD: County and Municipal Government
- 6 First Read: 04-Feb-25



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### SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, when an alien or a suspected alien is arrested and booked in a state, county, or municipal jail, a reasonable effort shall be made to determine if that individual is an illegal alien.

This bill would further provide for the process in which an administrator in charge of a state, county, or municipal jail, or his or her designee, is to determine whether an individual arrested and booked in the jail is an illegal alien.

This bill would repeal a criminal provision concerning illegal immigration that was held invalid by the federal court and would establish the new crime of concealing an illegal alien and would provide criminal penalties for violations.

This bill would also create the crime of human smuggling and would provide criminal penalties for violations.

TO BE ENTITLED

A BILL

AN ACT

Relating to immigration; to amend Sections 31-13-3,

- 29 31-13-12, and 31-13-18, Code of Alabama 1975, to further
- 30 provide for definitions; to require an administrator of a
- 31 state, county, or municipal jail, or his or her designee, to
- 32 attempt to determine whether an individual arrested and
- detained in the jail is an illegal alien under certain
- 34 circumstances; to further provide the process for
- 35 verification; to further provide the process for response to a
- 36 federal detainer and administrative warrant; to add Sections
- 37 31-13-13.1 and 31-13-13.2 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to
- 38 establish the crimes of concealing an illegal alien and human
- 39 smuggling; and to provide penalties for violations; and to
- 40 repeal Section 31-13-13, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to
- 41 illegal aliens.
- 42 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- 43 Section 1. Sections 31-13-3, 31-13-12, and 31-13-18,
- 44 Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 45 "\$31-13-3
- For the purposes of this chapter, the following words
- 47 **shall** have the following meanings:
- 48 (1) ALIEN. Any person—individual who is not a citizen
- or national of the United States, as described in 8 U.S.C. §
- 50 1101, et seq., and any amendments thereto.
- 51 (2) BUSINESS ENTITY. Any person or group of persons
- 52 employing one or more persons performing or engaging in any
- 53 activity, enterprise, profession, or occupation for gain,
- benefit, advantage, or livelihood, whether for profit or not
- 55 for profit. Business entity shall include, but not be limited
- 56 to, the following:



- a. Self-employed individuals, business entities filing
  articles of incorporation, partnerships, limited partnerships,
  limited liability companies, foreign corporations, foreign
  limited partnerships, foreign limited liability companies
  authorized to transact business in this state, business
  trusts, and any business entity that registers with the
  Secretary of State.
- b. Any business entity that possesses a business
  license, permit, certificate, approval, registration, charter,
  or similar form of authorization issued by the state, any
  business entity that is exempt by law from obtaining such a
  business license, and any business entity that is operating
  unlawfully without a business license.

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- (3) CONTRACTOR. A person, employer, or business entity that enters into an agreement to perform any service or work or to provide a certain product in exchange for valuable consideration. This definition shall include, but not be limited to, a general contractor, subcontractor, independent contractor, contract employee, project manager, or a recruiting or staffing entity.
- 77 (4) EMPLOYEE. Any person directed, allowed, or
  78 permitted to perform labor or service of any kind by an
  79 employer. The employees of an independent contractor working
  80 for a business entity shall not be regarded as the employees
  81 of the business entity, for the purposes of this chapter. This
  82 term does not include any inmate in the legal custody of the
  83 state, a county, or a municipality.
  - (5) EMPLOYER. Any person, firm, corporation,

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85 partnership, joint stock association, agent, manager, 86 representative, foreman, or other person having control or 87 custody of any employment, place of employment, or of any 88 employee, including any person or entity employing any person 89 for hire within the State of Alabama, including a public 90 employer. This term shall not include the occupant of a 91 household contracting with another person to perform casual 92 domestic labor within the household.

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- employed, engaged, or hired to perform work or service of any kind or character within the State of Alabama, including any job, task, work, labor, personal services, or any other activity for which compensation is provided, expected, or due, including, but not limited to, all activities conducted by a business entity or employer. This term shall not include casual domestic labor performed in a household on behalf of the occupant of the household or the relationship between a contractor and the employees of a subcontractor performing work for the contractor.
- 104 (7) E-VERIFY. The electronic verification of federal
  105 employment authorization program of the Illegal Immigration
  106 Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996, P.L. 104-208,
  107 Division C, Section 403(a); 8 U.S.C. § 1324(a), and operated
  108 by the United States Department of Homeland Security, or its
  109 successor program.
- 110 (8) FEDERAL WORK AUTHORIZATION PROGRAM. Any of the
  111 electronic verification of work authorization programs
  112 operated by the United States Department of Homeland Security





- or an equivalent federal work authorization program operated
- 114 by the United States Department of Homeland Security to verify
- information of newly hired employees, under the Immigration
- Reform and Control Act of 1986 (IRCA), P.L. 99-603 or the
- 117 Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of
- 118 1996, P.L. 104-208, Division C, Section 403(a); 8 U.S.C. §
- 119 1324(a).
- 120 (9) ILLEGAL ALIEN. An alien who is not lawfully present
- in the United States under any federal law, regulation, order,
- 122 or directive.
- 123  $\frac{(9)}{(10)}$  KNOWS or KNOWINGLY. A person acts knowingly or
- 124 with knowledge with respect to either of the following:
- 125 a. The person's conduct or to attendant circumstances
- 126 when the person is aware of the nature of the person's conduct
- 127 or that those circumstances exist.
- b. A result of the person's conduct when the person is
- 129 reasonably aware that the person's conduct is likely to cause
- 130 that result.
- 131 (10) (11) LAWFUL PRESENCE or LAWFULLY PRESENT. A person
- 132 An invidual shall be regarded as an illegal alien unlawfully
- 133 present in the United States only if the person's individual's
- 134 unlawful immigration status has been verified by the federal
- government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). No officer of this
- 136 state or any political subdivision of this state shall attempt
- 137 to independently make a final determination of an alien's
- 138 immigration status. An alien possessing self-identification in
- any of the following forms is entitled to the presumption that
- 140 he or she is an alien lawfully present in the United States:



- 141 a. A valid, unexpired Alabama driver's driver license.
- b. A valid, unexpired Alabama nondriver identification
- 143 card.
- 144 c. A valid tribal enrollment card or other form of
- tribal identification bearing a photograph or other biometric
- 146 identifier.
- d. Any valid United States federal or state government
- issued identification document bearing a photograph or other
- 149 biometric identifier, including a valid Uniformed Services
- 150 Privileges and Identification Card if issued by an entity that
- 151 requires proof of lawful presence in the United States before
- 152 issuance.
- e. A foreign passport with an unexpired United States
- 154 Visa and a corresponding stamp or notation by the United
- 155 States Department of Homeland Security indicating the bearer's
- 156 admission to the United States.
- 157 f. A foreign passport issued by a visa waiver country
- 158 with the corresponding entry stamp and unexpired duration of
- 159 stay annotation or an I-94W form by the United States
- 160 Department of Homeland Security indicating the bearer's
- 161 admission to the United States.
- 162 (11) (12) POLICY OR PRACTICE. A guiding principle or
- rule that may be written or adopted through repeated actions
- 164 or customs.
- 165 (12) (13) PROTECTIVE SERVICES PROVIDER. A child
- 166 protective services worker; adult protective services worker;
- 167 protective services provider; or provider of services to
- 168 victims of domestic violence, stalking, sexual assault, or

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- human trafficking that receives federal grants under the
  Victim of Crimes Act, the Violence Against Women Act, or the
  Family Violence Prevention and Services Act.
- 172 (13) (14) PUBLIC EMPLOYER. Every department, agency, or
  173 instrumentality of the state or a political subdivision of the
  174 state including counties and municipalities.
- 175 (14)(15) STATE-FUNDED ENTITY. Any governmental entity 176 of the state or a political subdivision thereof or any other 177 entity that receives any monies from the state or a political subdivision thereof; provided, however, an entity that merely 178 179 provides a service or a product to any governmental entity of 180 the state or a political subdivision thereof, and receives compensation for the same, shall not be considered a 181 182 state-funded entity.
- (15) (16) SUBCONTRACTOR. A person, business entity, or employer who is awarded a portion of an existing contract by a contractor, regardless of its tier.
- 186 (16) (17) UNAUTHORIZED ALIEN. An alien who is not

  187 authorized to work in the United States as defined in 8 U.S.C.

  188 § 1324a(h)(3)."
- 189 "\$31-13-12
- 190 (a) Upon any lawful stop, detention, or arrest made by

  191 a state, county, or municipal law enforcement officer of this

  192 state in the enforcement of any state law or ordinance of any

  193 political subdivision thereof, where reasonable suspicion

  194 exists that the person\_individual is an illegal alien who is

  195 unlawfully present in the United States, a reasonable attempt

  196 shall be made, when practicable, to determine the citizenship



and immigration status of the <a href="mailto:person">person</a> individual, except if the determination may hinder or obstruct an investigation. Such

The determination shall be made by contacting the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) and relying upon any verification provided by the federal government.

- (b) Any alien who is arrested and booked into custody shall have his or her immigration status determined pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c). The alien's immigration status shall be verified by contacting the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) within 24 hours of the time of the alien's arrest. If for any reason federal verification pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c) is delayed beyond the time that the alien would otherwise be released from custody, the alien shall be released from custody be subject to Section 31-13-18.
- (c) A law enforcement officer shall not attempt to independently make a final determination of whether an individual is an illegal alien is lawfully present in the United States. A law enforcement officer may not consider race, color, or national origin in implementing the requirements of this section except to the extent permitted by the United States Constitution or the Constitution of Alabama of 19012022.
- 219 (d) A person An individual is presumed to not be an

  220 <u>illegal</u> alien who is unlawfully present in the United States

  221 if the person individual provides to the law enforcement

  222 officer any of the following:
- 223 (1) A valid, unexpired Alabama driver's driver license.
  - (2) A valid, unexpired Alabama nondriver identification



225 card.

- (3) A valid tribal enrollment card or other form of tribal identification bearing a photograph or other biometric identifier.
  - (4) Any valid United States federal or state government issued identification document bearing a photograph or other biometric identifier, if issued by an entity that requires proof of lawful presence in the United States before issuance.
  - (5) A foreign passport with an unexpired United States
    Visa and a corresponding stamp or notation by the United
    States Department of Homeland Security indicating the bearer's
    admission to the United States.
  - (6) A foreign passport issued by a visa waiver country with the corresponding entry stamp and unexpired duration of stay annotation or an I-94W form by the United States

    Department of Homeland Security indicating the bearer's admission to the United States.
  - (e) If an alien an individual is determined by the federal government to be an illegal alien who is unlawfully present in the United States pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373(c), the law enforcement agency shall cooperate in the transfer of the alien individual to the custody of the federal government, if the federal government so requests."

248 "\$31-13-18

249 (a) When a person an individual is charged with a crime
250 for which bail is required, or is confined for any period in a
251 state, county, or municipal jail, the administrator of the
252 facility, or his or her designee, shall make a reasonable

253	effort shall be made to determine if the person individual is
254	an <u>illegal</u> alien <del>unlawfully present in the United States</del> by
255	verification with the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C.
256	§ 1373(c) an inquiry of the individual, by examination of any
257	relevant documents, or both, if the individual is charged with
258	any of the following:
259	(1) A felony under Article 1, 3, 4, 4A, 4B, 8, or 12 of
260	Chapter 6 of Title 13A.
261	(2) A felony or Class A misdemeanor under Article 2, 7,
262	or 9 of Chapter 6 of Title 13A or Chapter 15 of Title 26.
263	(3) A violation of Sections 13A-12-211, 13A-12-212,
264	<u>13A-12-217</u> , or 13A-12-218.
265	(b) A-If a verification inquiry, pursuant to 8 U.S.C. §
266	1373(c), shall be made within 48 hours to the Law Enforcement
267	Support Center of the United States Department of Homeland
268	Security or other office or agency designated for that purpose
269	by the federal government. If the person is determined to be
270	an alien unlawfully present in the United States, the person
271	shall be considered a flight risk and shall be detained until
272	prosecution or until handed over to federal immigration
273	authorities is unable to determine whether the individual is
274	an illegal alien, the administrator of the facility, or his or
275	her designee, holding the individual shall make a query to the
276	Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United States
277	Department of Homeland Security.
278	(c) When the administrator in charge of the facility,
279	or his or her designee, has been notified that Immigration and

280 Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of



281	Homeland Security has issued a detainer and administrative
282	warrant that reasonably appears to be for the individual in
283	custody, the administrator in charge of the facility, or his
284	or her designee, shall hold the individual in custody until
285	the first of the following conditions occurs:
286	(1) The passage of 48 hours from receipt of the
287	detainer and administrative warrant by the administrator in
288	charge of the facility, or his or her designee.
289	(2) Immigration and Customs Enforcement of the United
290	States Department of Homeland Security takes custody of the
291	<u>individual.</u>
292	(3) The detainer is rescinded by Immigration and
293	Customs Enforcement of the United States Department of
294	<pre>Homeland Security.</pre>
295	(d) No state or local law enforcement agency, employee
296	of a state or local law enforcement agency, jail
297	administrator, or state or local law enforcement officer shall
298	be subject to criminal or civil liability for action taken
299	<pre>pursuant to subsection (c).</pre>
300	(e) Except as provided in subsection (c), nothing in
301	this section shall be construed to deny bond to an individual
302	or prevent an individual from being released from confinement
303	when that individual is otherwise eligible for release."
304	Section 2. Sections 31-13-13.1 and 31-13-13.2 are added
305	to the Code of Alabama 1975 to read as follows:
306	§31-13-13.1
307	(a) An individual commits the crime of concealing an

308 illegal alien if he or she does any of the following:



- 309 (1) Conceals, harbors, or shields from detection an 310 illegal alien if he or she knows or reasonably should have 311 known that the other individual is an illegal alien.
- 312 (2) Attempts to conceal, harbor, or shield from
  313 detection an illegal alien if he or she knows or reasonably
  314 should have known that the other individual is an illegal
  315 alien.
- 316 (3) Conspires to conceal, harbor, or shield from
  317 detection an illegal alien if he or she knows or reasonably
  318 should have known that the other individual is an illegal
  319 alien.
- 320 (4) Encourages or induces an illegal alien to come to 321 or reside in this state if he or she knows or reasonably 322 should have known that the other individual is an illegal 323 alien.
- 324 (5) Transports, attempts to transport, or conspires to 325 transport an illegal alien in this state in furtherance of the 326 illegal alien's unlawful presence in the United States if he 327 or she knows or reasonably should have known that the other 328 individual is an illegal alien.
- 329 (b) Concealing an illegal alien is a Class A 330 misdemeanor.
- 331 (c) Any violation of subsection (a) that involves five 332 or more illegal aliens is a Class C felony.
- 333 (d) It shall not be a violation of this section for a 334 religious denomination having a bona fide nonprofit religious 335 organization in the United States, or an agent or officer of 336 the denomination or organization, to encourage, invite, call,

# OF MANUAL DESCRIPTION OF STREET

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- 337 allow, or enable an alien who is present in the United States 338 to perform the vocation of a minister or missionary for the 339 denomination or organization in the United States as a 340 volunteer who is not compensated as an employee, notwithstanding the provision of room, board, travel, medical 341 342 assistance, or other basic living expenses, provided the 343 minister or missionary has been a member of the denomination 344 for at least one year.
- 345 (e) Notwithstanding any other law, a law enforcement agency may securely transport an individual whom the agency 346 347 has received verification from the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373 that the individual is an illegal alien and 348 349 who is in the agency's custody to a state approved facility, 350 to a federal facility in this state, or to any other point of 351 transfer into federal custody that is outside the jurisdiction 352 of the agency. A law enforcement agency shall obtain judicial 353 authorization or executive authorization from the Governor 354 before securely transporting an illegal alien to a point of 355 transfer that is outside the state.
  - (f) Notwithstanding any other law, any individual acting in his or her official capacity as a first responder or protective services provider may harbor, shelter, move, or transport an illegal alien pursuant to state law.

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(g) Any conveyance, including, but not limited to, any vessel, vehicle, or aircraft, that has been or is being used in the commission of a violation of this section, and the gross proceeds of any violation of this section, shall be subject to civil forfeiture under the procedures of Section



- 365 20-2-93.
- 366 (h) In the enforcement of this section, an alien's
- 367 immigration status shall be determined by verification with
- 368 the federal government pursuant to 8 U.S.C. § 1373. A law
- 369 enforcement officer shall not attempt to independently make a
- 370 final determination of whether an individual is an illegal
- 371 alien.
- 372 (i) Any record that relates to the immigration status
- of an individual is admissible in any court of this state
- 374 without further foundation or testimony from a custodian of
- 375 records if the record is certified as authentic by the federal
- 376 government agency that is responsible for maintaining the
- 377 record. A verification of an alien's immigration status
- 378 received from the federal government shall constitute proof of
- 379 that alien's status. A court of this state shall consider only
- 380 the federal government's verification in determining whether
- 381 an individual is an illegal alien.
- 382 (j) This section shall be interpreted to be consistent
- 383 with 8 U.S.C. § 1324.
- 384 \$31-13-13.2
- 385 (a) A person commits the crime of human smuggling if he
- 386 or she knowingly transports into this state another individual
- 387 if he or she knows or reasonably should have known that the
- 388 other individual is an illegal alien.
- 389 (b) Human smuggling is a Class C felony.
- 390 Section 3. Section 31-13-13, Code of Alabama 1975,
- 391 providing for the crime of concealing, harboring, or shielding
- 392 illegal aliens, is repealed.



393 Section 4. This act shall become effective on October 394 1, 2025.