

- 1 SB164
- 2 Y9JANN6-1
- 3 By Senators Orr, Butler
- 4 RFD: State Governmental Affairs
- 5 First Read: 12-Feb-25



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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, a person commits the crime
6	of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure
7	facility if he or she intentionally enters a critical
8	infrastructure facility without authority.
9	This bill would provide that the operation of an
10	unmanned aircraft system within a vertical distance of
11	200 feet of a critical infrastructure facility
12	constitutes an unauthorized entry of a critical
13	infrastructure facility.
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16	A BILL
17	TO BE ENTITLED
18	AN ACT
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20	Relating to crimes and offenses; to amend Section
21	13A-7-4.3, Code of Alabama 1975, as last amended by Act
22	2024-395, 2024 Regular Session, to further provide for the
23	crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure
24	facility.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. Section 13A-7-4.3, Code of Alabama 1975, as
27	last amended by Act 2024-395, 2024 Regular Session, is amended
28	to read as follows:



29 "§13A-7-4.3 30 (a) For the purposes of this section, the following 31 words have the following meanings: 32 (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE. A system or asset, whether physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the 33 34 incapacity or destruction of the system or asset would have a 35 debilitating impact on security, national economic security, 36 national public health, or national public safety. 37 (2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITY. The term includes, but is not limited to, any of the following, 38 39 including any critical infrastructure located on or in any of the following types of facilities: 40 41 a. A chemical, polymer, or rubber manufacturing 42 facility. 43 b. A pipeline. 44 c. A refinery. 45 d. An electrical power generating facility. 46 e. The area surrounding an electrical power generating 47 facility. f. An electrical transmission tower. 48 49 g. An electrical substation or distribution substation. 50 h. An electric utility control center. 51 i. Electrical communication equipment. 52 j. An electrical switching station. k. Electric power lines, power storage equipment, or 53 54 other utility equipment. 55 1. Any portion of a public water system or public 56 wastewater treatment system.



57 m. A natural gas transmission compressor station. 58 n. A liquefied natural gas (LNG) terminal or storage 59 facility. 60 o. A natural gas distribution facility, including, but not limited to, a pipeline interconnection, a city gate or 61 town border station, a metering station, aboveground piping, a 62 63 regular station, or a natural gas or hydrocarbon storage or 64 production facility. 65 p. A mining operation. g. Beneficiation infrastructure or mining 66 67 infrastructure. r. A transportation facility such as a port, airport, 68 railroad operating facility, or trucking terminal. 69 s. Wireline or wireless communications infrastructure. 70 71 t. A gas processing plant, including a plant used in the processing, treatment, or fractionation of natural gas or 72 73 natural gas liquids. 74 u. A steelmaking facility that uses an electric arc 75 furnace. 76 v. A dam that is regulated by the state or federal 77 government. 78 w. A crude oil or refined products storage or 79 distribution facility, including, but not limited to, a valve 80 site, a pipeline interconnection, a pump station, a metering station, below ground piping, above ground piping, or a truck 81 loading or offloading facility. 82 x. A defense contractor facility. 83

(3) FRAUDULENT DOCUMENTS FOR IDENTIFICATION PURPOSES. A

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document that is presented as being a bona fide document that provides personal identification information but which, in fact, is false, forged, altered, or counterfeit.

(4) PERSON. An individual, trust, estate, corporation,
partnership, limited partnership, limited liability
partnership, limited liability company, or unincorporated
nonprofit association having a separate legal existence under
state law.

93 (5) UNMANNED AIRCRAFT SYSTEM. A powered, aerial vehicle that does not carry a human operator, uses aerodynamic forces 94 95 to provide vehicle lift, may fly autonomously through an onboard computer or be piloted remotely, and may be expendable 96 97 or recoverable. The term does not include a satellite orbiting 98 the Earth or a spacecraft beyond Earth's atmosphere and may 99 not be construed to implicate the provider of a 100 telecommunications link between an owner or operator of an 101 unmanned aircraft system and the unmanned aircraft system.

102 (b) A person commits the crime of unauthorized entry of 103 a critical infrastructure facility if the person does any of 104 the following:

(1) Intentionally enters without authority into any structure or onto any premises belonging to another that constitutes in whole or in part a critical infrastructure facility that is completely enclosed by any type of physical barrier or clearly marked with a sign or signs that are posted in a conspicuous manner and indicate that unauthorized entry is forbidden.

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(2) Uses or attempts to use a fraudulent document for



113 identification for the purpose of entering a critical 114 infrastructure facility. 115 (3) Remains on the premises of a critical

116 infrastructure facility after having been forbidden to do so, 117 either orally or in writing, by any owner, lessee, or 118 custodian of the property or by any other authorized person.

(4) Intentionally enters into a restricted area of a critical infrastructure facility which is marked as a restricted or limited access area that is completely enclosed by any type of physical barrier when the person is not authorized to enter the restricted or limited access area.

124 (5) Intentionally operates without authority an 125 unmanned aircraft system within a vertical distance of 200 126 feet of a critical infrastructure facility.

127 (c) A person who commits the crime of unauthorized
128 entry of a critical infrastructure facility is guilty of a
129 Class A misdemeanor.

(d) If, during the commission of the crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility, the person injures, removes, destroys, or breaks critical infrastructure property, or otherwise interrupts or interferes with the operations of a critical infrastructure asset, the person is guilty of a Class C felony.

(e) A person who commits the crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility while possessing or operating an unmanned aircraft system with an attached weapon, firearm, explosive, destructive device, or ammunition is guilty of a Class C felony.



(f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent lawful assembly and peaceful and orderly petition for the redress of grievances, including, but not limited to, any labor dispute between any employer and its employee. (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit the state, a county, or a municipality from taking

147 any lawful action on their respective rights-of-way."

148 Section 2. This act shall become effective on October 149 1, 2025.