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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to the Alabama Board of Examiners in
10	Psychology; to enter into the School Psychologist Interstate
11	Licensure Compact by adopting Article 6 of Chapter 26 of Title
12	34, Code of Alabama 1975.
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
14	Section 1. Article 6, commencing with Section
15	34-26-100, is added to Chapter 26 of Title 34, Code of
16	Alabama, to read as follows:
17	Article 6. SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST INTERSTATE LICENSURE
18	COMPACT.
19	§34-26-100. Purpose.
20	The purpose of this compact is to facilitate the
21	interstate practice of school psychology in educational or
22	school settings, and, in doing so, to improve the availability
23	of school psychological services to the public. This compact
24	is intended to establish a pathway to allow school
25	psychologists to obtain equivalent licenses to provide school
26	psychological services in any member state. In this way, this
27	compact shall enable the member states to ensure that safe and
28	effective school psychological services are available and



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delivered by appropriately qualified professionals in their educational settings.

To facilitate the objectives described above, this compact shall do the following:

- (1) Enable school psychologists who qualify for receipt of an equivalent license to practice in other member states without first satisfying burdensome and duplicative requirements.
- (2) Promote the mobility of school psychologists between and among the member states in order to address workforce shortages and to ensure that safe and reliable school psychological services are available in each member state.
- 42 (3) Enhance the public accessibility of school
  43 psychological services by increasing the availability of
  44 qualified, licensed school psychologists through the
  45 establishment of an efficient and streamlined pathway for
  46 licensees to practice in other member states.
  - (4) Preserve and respect the authority of each member state to protect the health and safety of its residents by ensuring that only qualified, licensed professionals are authorized to provide school psychological services within that state.
  - (5) Require school psychologists practicing within a member state to comply with the scope of practice laws of the state where the school psychological services are being provided.
    - (6) Promote cooperation between the member states in



- regulating the practice of school psychology within those states.
- (7) Facilitate the relocation of military members and their spouses who are licensed to provide school psychological services.
- 62 §34-26-101. Definitions.

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- As used in this compact, the following terms have the following meanings:
- (1) ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBER. Any person with full-time
   duty status in the Armed Forces of the United States,
   including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
- 68 (2) ADVERSE ACTION. Disciplinary action or encumbrance 69 imposed on a license by a state licensing authority.
  - (3) ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM. A nondisciplinary, prosecutorial diversion, monitoring, or practice remediation process entered into in lieu of an adverse action which is applicable to a school psychologist and approved by the state licensing authority of a member state where the participating school psychologist is licensed. The term includes, but is not limited to, programs to which licensees with substance abuse or addiction issues may be referred in lieu of an adverse action.
- 79 (4) COMMISSIONER. The individual appointed by a member 80 state to serve as the representative to the commission for 81 that member state.
- 82 (5) COMPACT. This School Psychologist Interstate 83 Licensure Compact.
- 84 (6) CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION. A requirement,



- imposed by a member state as a condition of license renewal,
- 86 to provide evidence of successful participation in
- 87 professional educational activities relevant to the provision
- 88 of school psychological services.
- 89 (7) CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK. The submission of
- 90 fingerprints or other biometric information for a license
- 91 applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's
- 92 criminal history record information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. §
- 93 20.3(d), and the state's criminal history record repository as
- 94 defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).
- 95 (8) DOCTORAL LEVEL DEGREE. A graduate degree program
- 96 that consists of at least 90 graduate semester hours in the
- 97 field of school psychology, including a supervised internship.
- 98 (9) ENCUMBERED LICENSE. A license that a state
- 99 licensing authority has limited in any way other than through
- 100 an alternative program, including temporary or provisional
- 101 licenses.
- 102 (10) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. The commission's chair, vice
- 103 chair, secretary, and treasurer and any other commissioners as
- may be determined by commission rule or bylaw.
- 105 (11) EQUIVALENT LICENSE. A license to practice school
- 106 psychology which a member state has identified as a license
- that may be provided to school psychologists from other member
- 108 states pursuant to this compact.
- 109 (12) HOME STATE. The member state that issued the home
- 110 state license to the licensee and is the licensee's primary
- 111 state of practice.
- 112 (13) HOME STATE LICENSE. The license that is not an



- encumbered license issued by the home state to provide school psychological services.
- other authorization granted by a member state's licensing authority that permits an individual to provide school psychological services.
- 119 (15) LICENSEE. An individual who holds a license from a
  120 member state to provide school psychological services.
- 121 (16) MEMBER STATE. A state that has enacted this

  122 compact and has been admitted to the commission in accordance

  123 with the provisions herein and commission rules.
- 124 (17) MODEL COMPACT. The model language for the School
  125 Psychologist Interstate Licensure Compact on file with the
  126 Council of State Governments or other entity as designated by
  127 the commission.
- 128 (18) PRACTICE OF SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGY. The delivery of school psychological services.
- 130 (19) QUALIFYING NATIONAL EXAM. A national licensing
  131 examination endorsed by the National Association of School
  132 Psychologists and any other exam as approved by the rules of
  133 the commission.
- 134 (20) QUALIFYING SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST EDUCATION PROGRAM.

  135 An education program that awards a specialist-level or

doctoral-level degree or equivalent upon completion and is

137 approved by the rules of the commission as meeting the

138 necessary minimum educational standards to ensure that the

program's graduates are ready, qualified, and able to engage

in the practice of school psychology.



licensing authority of each member state, which has the force

- 141 (21) REMOTE STATE. A member state other than the home 142 state where a licensee holds a license through this compact.
- 143 (22) RULE. A regulation adopted by an entity,

  144 including, but not limited to, the commission and the state

146 of law.

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- (23) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICES. Academic, mental,
  and behavioral health services, including assessment,
  prevention, consultation and collaboration, intervention, and
  evaluation, provided by a school psychologist in a school, as
  outlined in applicable professional standards as determined by
  commission rule.
- 153 (24) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST. An individual who has met the 154 requirements to obtain a home state license that legally 155 conveys the professional title of school psychologist, or its 156 equivalent as determined by the rules of the commission.
  - (25) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST INTERSTATE LICENSURE COMPACT COMMISSION or COMMISSION. The joint government agency established by this compact whose membership consists of representatives from each member state that has enacted this compact, and as further described in Section 34-26-106.
  - (26) SCOPE OF PRACTICE. The procedures, actions, and processes a school psychologist licensed in a state is permitted to undertake in that state and the circumstances under which that licensee is permitted to undertake those procedures, actions, and processes. Such procedures, actions, and processes, and the circumstances under which they may be undertaken, may be established through means, including, but



- not limited to, statute, rule, case law, and other processes
  available to the state licensing authority or other government
  agency.
- 172 (27) SPECIALIST-LEVEL DEGREE. A degree program that
  173 requires at least 60 graduate semester hours or equivalent in
  174 the field of school psychology, including a supervised
  175 internship.
- 176 (28) STATE. Any state, commonwealth, district, or 177 territory of the United States of America.
- 178 (29) STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. A member state's

  179 regulatory body responsible for issuing licenses or otherwise

  180 overseeing the practice of school psychology.
- 181 (30) STATE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT. A requirement for
  182 licensure covered in coursework or examination that includes
  183 content of unique interest to the state.
- 184 (31) UNENCUMBERED LICENSE. A license that authorizes a licensee to engage in the full and unrestricted practice of school psychology.
- 187 §34-26-102. State participation in this compact.
- 188 (a) To be eligible to join this compact, and to
  189 maintain eligibility as a member state, a state must:
- 190 (1) Enact a compact statute that is not materially
  191 different from the model compact as defined in the
  192 commission's rules.
- 193 (2) Participate in the sharing of information with 194 other member states as reasonably necessary to accomplish the 195 objectives of this compact, and as further defined in Section 196 34-26-100.



- 197 (3) Identify and maintain with the commission a list of
  198 equivalent licenses available to licensees who hold a home
  199 state license under this compact.
- 200 (4) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and 201 investigating complaints about licensees.
- 202 (5) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms
  203 of this compact and the commission's rules, of any adverse
  204 action taken against a licensee, or of the availability of
  205 investigative information which relates to a licensee or
  206 applicant for licensure.
- 207 (6) Require that applicants for a home state license 208 have:
- 209 a. Taken and passed a qualifying national exam as 210 defined by the rules of the commission.
- 211 b. Completed a minimum of 1200 hours of supervised
  212 internship, of which at least 600 must have been completed in
  213 a school, prior to being approved for licensure.
- 214 c. Graduated from a qualifying school psychologist 215 education program.

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217 (7) Comply with the terms of this compact and the rules of the commission.

219 (b) Each member state shall grant an equivalent license 220 to practice school psychology in that state upon application 221 by a licensee who satisfies the criteria of Section 222 34-26-103(a). Each member state shall grant renewal of the 223 equivalent license to a licensee who satisfies the criteria of 224 Section 34-26-103(b).



- (c) Member states may set and collect a fee for granting an equivalent license.
- \$34-26-103. School psychologist participation in this compact.
- 229 (a) To obtain and maintain an equivalent license from a 230 remote state under this compact, a licensee must:
  - (1) Hold and maintain an active home state license.
- 232 (2) Satisfy any applicable state specific requirements 233 established by the member state after an equivalent license is 234 granted.
- 235 (3) Complete any administrative or application
  236 requirements which the commission may establish by rule, and
  237 pay any associated fees.
- 238 (4) Complete any requirements for renewal in the home 239 state, including applicable continuing professional education 240 requirements.
- 241 (5) Upon his or her application to receive a license
  242 under this compact, undergo a criminal background check in the
  243 member state in which the equivalent license is sought in
  244 accordance with the laws and rules of the member state.
- 245 (b) To renew an equivalent license in a member state
  246 other than the home state, a licensee must only apply for
  247 renewal, complete a background check, and pay renewal fees as
  248 determined by the licensing authority.
- \$34-26-104. Active duty military members or their spouses.
- 251 A licensee who is an active military member or is the 252 spouse of an active military member shall be deemed to hold a



- 253 home state license in any of the following locations:
- 254 (1) The licensee's permanent residence.
- 255 (2) A member state that is the licensee's primary state 256 of practice.
- 257 (3) A member state where the licensee has relocated 258 pursuant to a permanent change of station (PCS).
- §34-26-105. Discipline/Adverse actions.
- 260 (a) Nothing in this compact shall be deemed or
  261 construed to limit the authority of a member state to
  262 investigate or impose disciplinary measures on licensees
  263 according to its scope of practice laws.
- 264 (b) Member states shall be authorized to receive, and 265 shall provide, files and information regarding the 266 investigation and discipline, if any, of licensees in other 267 member states upon request. Any member state receiving such 268 information or files shall protect and maintain their security 269 and confidentiality, in at least the same manner that it 270 maintains its own investigatory or disciplinary files and 271 information. Prior to disclosing any disciplinary or 272 investigatory information received from another member state, 273 the disclosing state shall communicate its intention and 274 purpose for such disclosure to the member state which 275 originally provided that information.
- \$34-26-106. Establishment of the School Psychologist
  Interstate Licensure Compact Commission.
- 278 (a) The member states hereby create and establish a
  279 joint government agency whose membership consists of all
  280 member states that have enacted this compact, and this agency



- shall be known as the School Psychologist Interstate Licensure
  Compact Commission. The commission is an instrumentality of
  the member states acting jointly and not an instrumentality of
  any one state. The commission shall come into existence on or
  after the effective date of this compact as set forth in
- 287 (b) Membership, Voting, and Meetings.

Section 34-26-110.

- 288 (1) Each member state shall have and be limited to one 289 delegate selected by the state licensing authority of that 290 member state.
- 291 (2) The delegate shall be the primary administrative 292 officer of the member state licensing authority or their 293 designee who is an employee of the member state licensing 294 authority.
- 295 (3) The commission shall by rule or bylaw establish a 296 term of office for delegates and may by rule or bylaw 297 establish term limits.
- 298 (4) The commission may recommend removal or suspension 299 of any delegate from office.
- 300 (5) A member state's licensing authority shall fill any vacancy of its delegate occurring on the commission within 60 days of the vacancy.
- 303 (6) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all matters before the commission requiring a vote by commission delegates.
- 306 (7) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other 307 means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for 308 delegates to meet via telecommunication, videoconference, or



309 other means of communication.

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- 310 (8) The commission shall meet at least once during each calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as set forth in the bylaws. The commission may meet via telecommunication, video conference, or other similar electronic means.
  - (c) The commission shall have the following powers:
- 315 (1) To establish the fiscal year of the commission.
- 316 (2) To establish code of conduct and conflict of 317 interest policies.
- 318 (3) To establish and amend rules and bylaws.
- 319 (4) To establish the procedure through which a licensee 320 may change his or her home state.
- 321 (5) To maintain its financial records in accordance 322 with the bylaws.
- 323 (6) To meet and take such actions as are consistent
  324 with the provisions of this compact, the commission's rules,
  325 and the bylaws.
  - (7) To initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any member state licensing authority to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected.
- 330 (8) To maintain and certify records and information 331 provided to a member state as the authenticated business 332 records of the commission, and designate an agent to do so on 333 the commission's behalf.
- 334 (9) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- 335 (10) To borrow, accept, or contract for services of 336 personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a



- 337 member state.
- 338 (11) To conduct an annual financial review.
- 339 (12) To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
- 340 compensation, define duties, grant such individuals
- 341 appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this
- 342 compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies and
- 343 programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of
- 344 personnel, and other related personnel matters.
- 345 (13) To assess and collect fees.
- 346 (14) To accept any and all appropriate gifts,
- donations, grants of money, other sources of revenue,
- 348 equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and receive,
- 349 utilize, and dispose of those items; provided, that at all
- 350 times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety
- 351 or conflict of interest.
- 352 (15) To lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or
- 353 use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided
- 354 interest therein.
- 355 (16) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease,
- 356 exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,
- 357 personal, or mixed.
- 358 (17) To establish a budget and make expenditures.
- 359 (18) To borrow money.
- 360 (19) To appoint committees, including standing
- 361 committees, composed of members, state regulators, state
- legislators or their representatives, consumer
- 363 representatives, and other interested persons as may be
- designated in this compact and the bylaws.



- 365 (20) To provide and receive information from, and cooperate with, law enforcement agencies.
- 367 (21) To establish and elect an executive committee, 368 including a chair and a vice chair.
- 369 (22) To determine whether a state's adopted language is 370 materially different from the model compact language such that 371 the state would not qualify for participation in this compact.
- 372 (23) To perform other functions as may be necessary or appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
- 374 (d) The Executive Committee.
- 375 (1) The executive committee shall have the power to act
  376 on behalf of the commission according to the terms of this
  377 compact and shall have the following powers, duties, and
  378 responsibilities:
- a. To oversee the day-to-day activities of the
  administration of this compact, including enforcement and
  compliance with the provisions of this compact, its rules and
  bylaws, and other such duties as deemed necessary.
- 383 b. To recommend to the commission changes to the rules 384 or bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees charged 385 to member states, fees charged to licensees, and other fees.
- 386 c. To ensure compact administration services are appropriately provided, including by contract.
- d. To prepare and recommend the budget.
- e. To maintain financial records on behalf of the commission.
- f. To monitor compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports to the commission.



- g. To establish additional committees as necessary.
- h. To exercise the powers and duties of the commission during interim periods between commission meetings, except for adopting or amending rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to
- 398 the commission by rule or bylaw.
- 399 i. To perform other duties as provided in the rules or 400 bylaws of the commission.
- 401 (2) The executive committee shall be composed of up to 402 seven members:
- 403 a. The chair and vice chair of the commission shall be voting members of the executive committee.
- b. The commission shall elect five voting members from the current membership of the commission.
- 407 (3) The commission may remove any member of the executive committee as provided in the commission's bylaws.
- 409 (4) The executive committee shall meet at least 410 annually.
- a. Executive committee meetings shall be open to the public, except that the executive committee may meet in a closed, non-public meeting as provided in subdivision (f)(2).
- b. The executive committee shall give 30 days' notice of its meetings, posted on its website and as determined to provide notice to persons with an interest in the business of the commission.
- c. The executive committee may hold a special meeting in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)b.
- 420 (e) The commission shall adopt and provide to the



- 421 member states an annual report.
- 422 (f) Meetings of the commission.
- 423 (1) All meetings shall be open to the public, except 424 that the commission may meet in a closed, nonpublic meeting as
- 425 provided in subdivision (2).

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- a. Public notice for all meetings of the full
  commission shall be given in the same manner as required under
  the rulemaking provisions in Section 34-26-108, except that
  the commission may hold a special meeting as provided in
- b. The commission may hold a special meeting when it
  must meet to conduct emergency business by giving 48 hours'
  notice to all commissioners, on the commission's website, and
  other means as provided in the commission's rules. The
  commission's legal counsel shall certify that the commission's
  need to meet qualifies as an emergency.
  - (2) The commission, the executive committee, or other committees of the commission may convene in a closed, nonpublic meeting for the commission, executive committee, or other committees of the commission to receive legal advice or to discuss the following:
- a. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations under this compact.
- b. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other matters, practices, or procedures related to specific employees.
- c. Current or threatened discipline of a licensee by the commission or by a member state's licensing authority.



- d. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated litigation.
- e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or sale of goods, services, or real estate.
- f. Accusing any individual of a crime or formally censuring any individual.
- g. Trade secrets or commercial or financial information that is privileged or confidential.
- h. Information of a personal nature where disclosure would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.
- i. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement purposes.
- j. Information related to any investigative reports
  prepared by, on behalf of, or for use of the commission or
  other committee charged with responsibility of investigation
  or determination of compliance issues pursuant to this
  compact.
- 467 k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
  468 federal or member state law.
- 1. Other matters as adopted by the commission by rule.
- 470 (3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed, 471 the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be 472 closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and 473 each reference shall be recorded in the minutes.
- 474 (4) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and
  475 clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall
  476 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the



- reasons therefore, including a description of the views
  expressed. All documents considered in connection with an
  action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and
  documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject
  to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order
  of a court of competent jurisdiction.
  - (g) Financing of the commission.

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- (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, organization, and ongoing activities.
- (2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate revenue sources as provided in subdivision (c)(14).
- 489 (3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual 490 assessment from each member state and impose fees on licensees 491 practicing in the member states under an equivalent license to 492 cover the cost of the operations and activities of the 493 commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount 494 sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year 495 for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The 496 aggregate annual assessment amount for member states shall be 497 allocated based upon a formula that the commission shall adopt 498 by rule.
  - (4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet those obligations nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
    - (5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all

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receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of the commission shall be subject to the financial review and accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the financial review shall be included in and become part of the annual report of the commission.

- (h) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.
- (1) The members, officers, executive director, 514 515 employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their 516 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of 517 518 property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by 519 or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or 520 omission that occurred, or that the individual against whom 521 the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 522 occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or 523 responsibilities; provided, that nothing in this subdivision 524 shall be construed to protect any such individual from suit or 525 liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by 526 the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that 527 individual. The procurement of insurance of any type by the commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the 528 529 immunity granted hereunder.
  - (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability



- arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the individual against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that individual from retaining their own counsel at their own expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that individual's intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct.
  - (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the commission for the amount of any settlement or judgment obtained against that individual arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or that such individual had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that individual.
  - (4) Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws.
    - (5) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to



- waive or otherwise abrogate a member state's state action
  immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to
  antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any
  other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or
  regulation.
- 566 (6) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the member states or by the commission.
- \$34-26-107. Facilitating information exchange.
  - (a) The commission shall provide for facilitating the exchange of information to administer and implement the provisions of this compact in accordance with the rules of the commission, consistent with generally accepted data protection principles.
- 575 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to
  576 the contrary, a member state shall agree to provide for the
  577 facilitation of the following licensee information as required
  578 by the rules of the commission, to include the following:
- 579 (1) Identifying information.
- 580 (2) Licensure data.

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- 581 (3) Adverse actions against a license and related information.
- 583 (4) Nonconfidential information related to alternative 584 program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such 585 participation, and other information related to such 586 participation not made confidential under member state law.
- 587 (5) Any denial of application for licensure, and the reason for the denial.



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- (6) The presence of investigative information.
- (7) Other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact or the protection of the public, as determined by the rules of the commission.
  - (c) Nothing in this compact shall be deemed or construed to alter, limit, or inhibit the power of a member state to control and maintain ownership of its licensee information or alter, limit, or inhibit the laws or rules governing licensee information in the member state.

§34-26-108. Rulemaking.

- (a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers pursuant to the criteria set forth in this compact and the rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.
- (b) The commission shall adopt reasonable rules to achieve the intent and purpose of this compact. In the event the commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner that is beyond purpose and intent of this compact, or the powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the commission shall be invalid and have no force and effect of law in the member states.
- (c) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this compact within four years of the date of adoption of the rule, then the rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.
- 615 (d) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted 616 or ratified at a regular or special meeting of the commission



in accordance with commission rules and bylaws.

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- (e) Prior to adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 30 days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:
- 622 (1) On the website of the commission or other publicly 623 accessible platform.
  - (2) On the website of each member state licensing authority or other publicly accessible platform or the publication in which each state would otherwise publish proposed rules.
- (f) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the 628 629 commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule with 48 630 hours' notice, with opportunity to comment; provided, that the 631 usual rulemaking procedures shall be retroactively applied to 632 the rule as soon as reasonably possible, and in no event later 633 than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the 634 purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that 635 must be adopted immediately in order to:
- 636 (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,
  637 or welfare.
  - (2) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds.
- (3) Meet a deadline for the adoption of an
  640 administrative rule that is established by federal law or
  641 rule.
- 642 (4) Protect public health and safety.
- \$34-26-109. Oversight, dispute resolution, and enforcement.



(a) Oversight.

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- (1) The executive and judicial branches of the state government in each member state shall enforce this compact and take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement this compact.
- 650 (2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or 651 against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively 652 in a court of competent jurisdiction, including, but not 653 limited to, where the principal office of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional 654 655 defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein 656 657 shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in 658 any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, 659 misconduct, or any similar matter.
  - of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or interpretation of this compact and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission service of process shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or adopted rules.
    - (b) Default, technical assistance, and termination.
- (1) If the commission determines that a member state
  has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
  responsibilities under this compact or the adopted rules, the
  commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting
  state. The notice of default shall describe the default, the



- proposed means of curing the default, and any other action that the commission may take, and shall offer training and specific technical assistance regarding the default.
  - (2) The commission shall provide a copy of the notice of default to the other member states.
  - (c) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from this compact upon an affirmative vote of a supermajority of the delegates of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred on that state by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
  - (d) Termination of membership in this compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, the defaulting state's licensing authority, and each of the member states' licensing authorities.
  - (e) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
  - (f) Upon the termination of a state's membership from this compact, that state shall immediately provide notice to all licensees within that state of the termination. The terminated state shall continue to recognize all licenses



granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of six months
after the date of the notice of termination.

- (g) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from this compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.
- (h) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
- 713 (i) Dispute Resolution.

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- 714 (1) Upon request by a member state, the commission
  715 shall attempt to resolve disputes related to this compact that
  716 arise among member states and between member and non-member
  717 states.
- 718 (2) The commission shall adopt a rule providing for
  719 both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
  720 appropriate.
- 721 (j) Enforcement.
- (1) By majority vote as provided by rule, the

  commission may initiate legal action against a member state in

  default in the United States District Court for the District

  of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has

  its principal offices to enforce compliance with the

  provisions of this compact and its adopted rules. The relief

  sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the

defaulting member state's law.

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- event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party
  shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including
  reasonable attorney fees. The remedies herein shall not be the
  exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may
  pursue any other remedies available under federal or the
- 735 (2) A member state may initiate legal action against 736 the commission in the United States District Court for the 737 District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance 738 739 with the provisions of this compact and its adopted rules. The 740 relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. 741 In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing 742 party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including 743 reasonable attorney fees.
- 744 (3) No person other than a member state shall enforce 745 this compact against the commission.
- 746 §34-26-110. Effective date, withdrawal, and amendment.
- 747 (a) This compact shall come into effect on the date on 748 which the compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh 749 member state.
- 750 (1) On or after the effective date of this compact
  751 indicated above, the commission shall convene and review the
  752 enactment of each of the charter member states to determine if
  753 the statute enacted by each such charter member state is
  754 materially different than the model compact statute.
- a. A charter member state whose enactment is found to
  be materially different from the model compact statute shall



- 757 be entitled to the default process set forth in Section
- 758 34-26-109 (b).
- 759 b. If any member state is later found to be in default,
- 760 is terminated, or withdraws from this compact, the commission
- 761 shall remain in existence and this compact shall remain in
- 762 effect even if the number of member states should be less than
- 763 seven.
- 764 (2) Member states enacting this compact subsequent to
- 765 the charter member states shall be subject to the process set
- 766 forth in subdivision (1) to determine if their enactments are
- 767 materially different from the model compact statute and
- 768 whether they qualify for participation in this compact.
- 769 (3) All actions taken for the benefit of the commission
- or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of
- 771 this compact prior to the effective date of this compact or
- 772 the commission coming into existence shall be considered to be
- 773 actions of the commission unless specifically repudiated by
- 774 the commission.
- a. Any state that joins this compact subsequent to the
- 776 commission's initial adoption of the rules and bylaws shall be
- 377 subject to the rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on
- 778 which this compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that
- has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the
- 780 full force and effect of law on the day this compact becomes
- 781 law in that state.
- b. Any member state may withdraw from this compact by
- 783 enacting a statute repealing the same.
- 784 (b) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect



785 until 180 days after enactment of the repealing statute.

- 786 (c) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing
  787 requirement of the withdrawing state's licensing authority to
  788 comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting
  789 requirements of this compact prior to the effective date of
  790 withdrawal.
- (d) Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from
  this compact, a state shall immediately provide notice of
  withdrawal to all licensees within that state. Notwithstanding
  any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, the
  withdrawing state shall continue to recognize all licenses
  granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of six months
  after the date of the notice of withdrawal.
  - (1) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-member state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.
- 803 (2) This compact may be amended by the member states.
  804 No amendment to this compact shall become effective and
  805 binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the
  806 laws of all member states.
- \$34-26-111. Construction and severability.

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(a) This compact and the commission's rulemaking
authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the
purposes, implementation, and administration of this compact.
Provisions of this compact expressly authorizing or requiring
the adoption of rules shall not be construed to limit the



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813 commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes.

- (b) The provisions of this compact shall be severable and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be contrary to the constitution of any member state, a state seeking participation in this compact, or of the United States, or the applicability thereof to any government, agency, individual, or circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the applicability thereof to any other government, agency, individual, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.
- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may deny a state's participation in this compact or, in accordance with the requirements of Section 34-26-109(f), terminate a member state's participation in this compact, if it determines that a constitutional requirement of a member state is a material departure from this compact. Otherwise, if this compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution of any member state, this compact shall remain in full force and effect as to the remaining member states and in full force and effect as to the member state affected as to all severable matters.
- \$34-26-112. Consistent effect and conflict with other states.
- 838 (a) Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the 839 enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not 840 inconsistent with this compact.



- (b) Any laws, statutes, rules, or other legal 841 842 requirements in a member state in conflict with this compact 843 are superseded to the extent of the conflict. 844 (c) All permissible agreements between the commission 845 and the member states are binding in accordance with their 846 terms. (d) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to 847 848 modify, amend, repeal, or supersede any state criminal or 849 civil liability laws. (e) In the event the commission adopts rules to 850 851 coordinate the implementation or administration of this 852 compact which conflict with Alabama law, Alabama law shall 853 supersede those rules, and Alabama state courts shall retain sole jurisdiction to determine any conflicts. 854 855 (f) Alabama state courts shall retain sole jurisdiction to determine whether provisions of this compact are in 856 conflict with state laws or the Constitution of Alabama of 857 858 2022. 859 (g) Except as to judicial proceedings for the 860 enforcement of this compact among member states, individuals
- (g) Except as to judicial proceedings for the
  enforcement of this compact among member states, individuals
  may pursue judicial proceedings related to this compact in any
  Alabama state or federal court that would otherwise have
  competent jurisdiction.
- Section 2. This act shall become effective on October 1, 2025.