HB53 ENGROSSED



- 1 HB53
- 2 ZQQY5KR-2
- 3 By Representative Sellers
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 04-Feb-25
- 6 PFD: 01-Oct-24



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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to child custody; to amend Sections 30-3-150,
10	30-3-151, 30-3-152, and 30-3-153; to create a rebuttable
11	presumption of joint legal custody and substantial parenting
12	time for both parents, except in cases of domestic or family
13	violence; and to further provide for the final order of the
14	court in certain custody determinations.
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
16	Section 1. Sections 30-3-150, 30-3-151, 30-3-152, and
17	30-3-153, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
18	follows:
19	" §30-3-150
20	Joint Custody. It is the policy of this state to assure
21	that minor children have frequent and continuing contact and
22	substantial parenting time with parents who have shown the
23	ability to act in the best interest of their children and to
24	encourage parents to share in the rights and responsibilities
25	of parenting and rearing their children after the parents have
26	separated or dissolved their marriage. Joint custody does not
27	necessarily mean equal physical custody."
28	" §30-3-151



- For the purposes of this article the following words

 shall have the following meanings:
- 31 (1) JOINT CUSTODY. Joint legal custody and joint 32 physical custody.
- 33 (2) JOINT LEGAL CUSTODY. A custody arrangement where both Both parents have equal rights and responsibilities for 34 35 major decisions concerning the child, including, but not 36 limited to, the education of the child, health care, and 37 religious training of the child. The court may designate one parent to have sole power to make certain decisions while both 38 39 parents retain equal rights and responsibilities for other decisions. 40
- 41 (3) JOINT PHYSICAL CUSTODY. A custody arrangement where
 42 physical Physical—custody is shared by the parents in a way
 43 that assures the child frequent and substantial contact with
 44 each parent. Joint physical custody does not necessarily mean
 45 physical custody of equal durations of time.
 - One—parent has sole rights and responsibilities to make major decisions concerning the child, including, but not limited to, the education—of the child, health care, and religious training of the child.
- 51 (5) SOLE PHYSICAL CUSTODY or PRIMARY PHYSICAL CUSTODY.

 52 A status of custody where one One—parent has sole physical

 53 custody and the other parent has rights of visitation

 54 parenting time with the child, except as otherwise provided by

 55 the court."
- 56 **"**\$30-3-152

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57	(a) Except as provided in Section 30-3-131, in any
58	award of custody under the custodial designations in Section
59	30-3-151, there shall be a presumption, rebuttable by a
60	preponderance of the evidence, that: (i) joint legal custody
61	is in the best interest of the child; and (ii) the child shall
62	have frequent and continuing contact and substantial parenting
63	time with both parents. If the presumptions are not rebutted,
64	the court shall award joint legal custody, frequent and
65	continuing contact of the child with both parents, and
66	substantial parenting time with both parents. The court shall
67	in every case consider joint custody but may award any form of
68	custody which is determined to be in the best interest of the
69	child.

- (b) In determining deciding whether to award joint legal custody or joint custody, is in the best interest of the child, the court shall consider the same factors considered in awarding sole legal and physical custody any other custody arrangement and all of the following factors:
- 75 (1) The agreement or lack of agreement of the parents 76 on joint custody.
- 77 (2) The past and present ability of the parents to 78 cooperate with each other and make decisions jointly.

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- 79 (3) The ability of the parents to encourage the sharing 80 of love, affection, and contact between the child and the 81 other parent.
- 82 (4) Any history of or potential for child abuse, spouse 83 abuse, or kidnapping.
 - (5) The geographic proximity of the parents to each



- other as this relates to the practical considerations of joint physical custody.
- 87 (6) The emotional bond the child has with either or both of his or her parents.
- (c) (b) The court may order a form of joint custody
 without the consent of both parents, when it is in the best
 interest of the child.
- 92 (c) (d) In any joint physical custody order that does
 93 not designate a primary physical custodian, the court shall
 94 designate the parent's residence which contains the school
 95 zone of the child.
- (e) If both parents request joint custody, the 96 presumption is that joint custody is in the best interest of 97 98 the child. Joint legal custody, frequent and continuing 99 contact, or substantial parenting time is not shall be granted in the final order of the court court's final order, the court 100 shall make unless the court makes specific findings as to why 101 102 joint custody is not granted supporting its determination that 103 the presumption or presumptions of subsection (a) were 104 overcome."
- 105 "\$30-3-153
- 106 (a) In the final order of the court, the court shall
 107 address parenting time for each parent during the school year,
 108 the summer, holidays, birthdays of the child, birthdays of the
 109 parents, Father's Day, and Mother's Day.
- (b) In the final order of the court, the court shall address all of the following matters:
- 112 (1) Telephone communication between the parents and the



113	child.
114	(2) The access of both parents to medical records and
115	educational records of the child.
116	(3) The access of both parents to school activities and
117	extracurricular activities of the child.
118	(4) Communication between the parents about the child's
119	doctor appointments and other medical appointments.
120	(5) Child support and the maintenance of health
121	insurance for the child. In order to implement joint custody,
122	the court shall require the parents to submit, as part of
123	their agreement, provisions covering matters relevant to the
124	care and custody of the child, including, but not limited to,
125	all of the following:
126	(1) The care and education of the child.
127	(2) The medical and dental care of the child.
128	(3) Holidays and vacations.
129	(4) Child support.
130	(5) Other necessary factors that affect the physical or
131	emotional health and well-being of the child.
132	(6) Designating the parent possessing primary authority
133	and responsibility regarding involvement of the minor child in
134	academic, religious, civic, cultural, athletic, and other
135	activities, and in medical and dental care if the parents are
136	unable to agree on these decisions. The exercise of this
137	primary authority is not intended to negate the responsibility
138	of the parties to notify and communicate with each other as
139	provided in this article.

(b) If the parties are unable to reach an agreement as

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141	to the provisions in subsection (a), the court shall set the
142	plan. "
143	Section 2. This act shall become effective on October
144	1, 2025.





145 146 147	House of Representatives
148 149 150	Read for the first time and referred04-Feb-25 to the House of Representatives committee on Judiciary
151 152 153 154 155	Read for the second time and placed19-Mar-25 on the calendar: 0 amendments
156 157 158 159 160 161 162	Read for the third time and passed
163 164 165	John Treadwell Clerk