

- 1 HB469
- 2 2JX7FII-1
- 3 By Representative Oliver
- 4 RFD: Insurance
- 5 First Read: 20-Mar-25



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4 SYNOPSIS:

Currently, a provider that is not in a health care insurer's network may bill an insured individual for the balance of its retail charge for ground ambulance service after it has received payment from the insurer. This practice is called "balance" or "surprise billing."

This bill would prohibit surprise billing by setting a minimum rate for health insurers to pay out-of-network ground ambulance providers, which would be considered payment in full. This rate would be a multiplier of the current Medicare reimbursement amount. Under this bill, a ground ambulance provider could directly charge an individual for no more than the in-network cost-sharing amount under the insurance contract.

This bill would further require health insurers to directly pay the ambulance service and not the covered individual.

25 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

27 AN ACT



29	Relating to health insurance; to establish a minimum
30	reimbursement rate for out-of-network ground ambulance
31	services covered by health insurance plans; to provide that
32	the minimum reimbursement amount is payment in full for ground
33	ambulance services; to prohibit balance billing of insureds
34	who receive emergency transportation from out-of-network
35	ground ambulance services; and to provide for reimbursement
36	guidelines for health insurers and out-of-network ground
37	ambulance services.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 38

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- 39 Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the following words have the following meanings: 40
  - (1) CLEAN CLAIM. A reimbursement claim for covered services which is submitted to a health care insurer and which contains substantially all of the data and information necessary for accurate adjudication, without the need for additional information from the emergency medical provider service or a third party.
    - (2) COLLECTION. Any written or oral communication made to an enrollee for the purpose of obtaining payment for the services rendered by an emergency medical service provider, including invoicing and legal debt collection efforts.
  - (3) COST-SHARING AMOUNT. The enrollee's deductible, coinsurance, copayment, or other amount due under a health care benefit plan for covered services.
    - (4) COVERED SERVICES or COVERED SERVICE. Those services provided by an emergency medical service provider which are covered by an enrollee's health care benefit plan, including



57 the following:

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- a. EMERGENCY GROUND TRANSPORT. An emergency event in which an enrollee is transported by an emergency medical service provider to a hospital or definitive care facility as defined in Section 22-18-1, Code of Alabama 1975, and which
- 62 may include basic life support or advanced life support.

emergency ground transport.

- b. TREAT IN PLACE. An emergency response event in which an emergency medical provider service assesses an enrollee or renders treatment, including basic life support or advanced life support, to an enrollee, at his or her location without
- (5) EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER or PROVIDER. Any public or private organization that is licensed to provide emergency medical services as defined in Section 22-18-1, Code of Alabama 1975, including emergency ground transport and treat in place.
- 73 (6) ENROLLEE. An individual who resides in the State of Alabama who is covered by a health care benefit plan.
- 75 (7) HEALTH CARE BENEFIT PLAN. Any individual or group 76 plan, policy, or contract issued, delivered, or renewed in 77 this state by a health care insurer to provide, deliver, 78 arrange for, pay for, or reimburse health care services, 79 including those provided by an emergency medical service 80 provider, except for payments for health care made under 81 automobile or homeowners insurance plans, accident-only plans, specified disease plans, long-term care plans, supplemental 82 hospital or fixed indemnity plans, dental and vision plans, or 83 84 Medicaid.



85 (8) HEALTH CARE INSURER. Any entity that issues or
86 administers a health care benefit plan, including a health
87 care insurer, a health care services plan incorporated under
88 Chapter 20 of Title 10A, Code of Alabama 1975, or a health
89 maintenance organization established under Chapter 21A of
90 Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975.

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- (9) IN-NETWORK. When an emergency medical service provider is in a contract with the health care insurer to provide covered services in the health care insurer's provider network.
- (10) OUT-OF-NETWORK. When an emergency medical service provider does not have a contract with a health care insurer to provide covered services in the health care insurer's provider network.
- 99 Section 2. (a) The minimum reimbursement amount a 100 health care insurer shall pay to an emergency medical service provider that is out-of-network for covered services is the 101 102 lesser of the emergency medical service provider's billed 103 charge or 325 percent of the Medicare rate that is in effect 104 for the geographic area in which the covered service, 105 including emergency ground transport or treat in place, is 106 provided as published by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid 107 Services.
- (b) If the Medicare benchmark provided in subsection

  (a) is the applicable reimbursement and the covered service is

  a treat in place, the rate shall be no less than the published

  code in effect for providing emergency basic life support.
- 112 Section 3. (a) (1) Payment in accordance with Section 2



shall be payment in full for covered services.

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- 114 (2) An emergency medical service provider that is

  115 out-of-network, including the provider's agent, contractor, or

  116 assignee, may not bill or seek collection of any amount from

  117 an enrollee which is in excess of the minimum reimbursement

  118 amount as provided in Section 2, except for the enrollee's

  119 in-network cost-sharing amount.
- 120 (3) The health care insurer shall certify an enrollee's
  121 in-network cost sharing amount to the provider upon request.
  - (b) (1) Within 30 days after receipt of a clean claim for reimbursement, a health care insurer shall remit payment to an out-of-network emergency medical service provider and shall not send payment to an enrollee.
- (2) If a claim for reimbursement submitted by an
  emergency medical service provider to a health care insurer is
  not a clean claim, within 30 days the health care insurer
  shall send the provider a written receipt acknowledging the
  claim, accompanied with one of the following applicable
  statements:
- a. The insurer is declining to pay all or a part of the claim and the specific reason for the denial.
- b. Additional information is necessary to determine if the claim is payable and the specific additional information that is required.
- 137 (3) Any dispute between a health care insurer and an
  138 emergency medical service provider over the amount to be paid
  139 to the provider may be settled by one of the following means:
  - a. Affording the provider access to the insurer's



- internal forum for resolving provider disputes concerning coverage and reimbursement amounts.
- b. Selecting an internal dispute resolution contractor mutually agreeable to the insurer and the provider.
- (c) The enrollee shall not be included in any communication between the health care insurer and the out-of-network emergency medical service provider pursuant to the insurer's payment of the provider, nor shall the enrollee be a party in the resolution of any payment dispute between the insurer and the provider.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective on October 152 1, 2025.