

- 1 HB412
- 2 PUVKEGE-1
- 3 By Representatives Stringer, Brown
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 06-Mar-25



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4 SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility is a Class A misdemeanor.

This bill would provide that unauthorized entry of a criminal infrastructure facility is a Class D felony.

Under existing law, if a person injures, removes, destroys, or breaks critical infrastructure property, or otherwise interrupts or interferes with the operations of a criminal infrastructure asset, during the commission of the crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility, the person is guilty of a Class C felony.

This bill would provide that a person who injures, removes, destroys, or breaks critical infrastructure property, or otherwise interrupts or interferes with the operations of a critical infrastructure asset, or attempts to interrupt or interfere with the operations of a critical infrastructure asset in any manner, during the commission of the crime of unauthorized entry of a criminal infrastructure facility, is guilty of a Class B felony.

Under existing law, a person commits the crime



of criminal tampering in the first degree if he or she intentionally causes substantial interruption or impairment of a service rendered to the public by a utility having no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe that he or she has such a right.

This bill would provide that a person commits the crime of criminal tampering in the first degree if he or she intentionally causes or attempts to cause substantial interruption or impairment of a service rendered to the public by a utility having no right to do so or any reasonable ground to believe that he or she has such a right.

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43 A BILL

44 TO BE ENTITLED

45 AN ACT

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Relating to crimes and offenses; to amend Section

13A-7-4.3, as last amended by Act 2024-395, 2024 Regular

Session, Code of Alabama 1975, to further provide for the

crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure

facility; and to amend Section 13A-7-25, Code of Alabama 1975,

to further provide for the crime of criminal tampering in the

first degree.

54 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 13A-7-4.3, as last amended by Act 2024-395, 2024 Regular Session, and Section 13A-7-25, Code of



- 57 Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
- 58 "\$13A-7-4.3
- (a) For the purposes of this section, the following
- 60 words have the following meanings:
- 61 (1) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE. A system or asset, whether
- 62 physical or virtual, so vital to the United States that the
- 63 incapacity or destruction of the system or asset would have a
- 64 debilitating impact on security, national economic security,
- 65 national public health, or national public safety.
- 66 (2) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITY. The term
- includes, but is not limited to, any of the following,
- 68 including any critical infrastructure located on or in any of
- 69 the following types of facilities:
- 70 a. A chemical, polymer, or rubber manufacturing
- 71 facility.
- 72 b. A pipeline.
- 73 c. A refinery.
- d. An electrical power generating facility.
- 75 e. The area surrounding an electrical power generating
- 76 facility.
- 77 f. An electrical transmission tower.
- 78 g. An electrical substation or distribution substation.
- 79 h. An electric utility control center.
- i. Electrical communication equipment.
- j. An electrical switching station.
- 82 k. Electric power lines, power storage equipment, or
- 83 other utility equipment.
- 1. Any portion of a public water system or public



- 85 wastewater treatment system.
- m. A natural gas transmission compressor station.
- 87 n. A liquefied natural gas (LNG) terminal or storage
- 88 facility.
- 89 o. A natural gas distribution facility, including, but
- 90 not limited to, a pipeline interconnection, a city gate or
- 91 town border station, a metering station, aboveground piping, a
- 92 regular station, or a natural gas or hydrocarbon storage or
- 93 production facility.
- 94 p. A mining operation.
- 95 q. Beneficiation infrastructure or mining
- 96 infrastructure.
- 97 r. A transportation facility such as a port, airport,
- 98 railroad operating facility, or trucking terminal.
- 99 s. Wireline or wireless communications infrastructure.
- 100 t. A gas processing plant, including a plant used in
- 101 the processing, treatment, or fractionation of natural gas or
- 102 natural gas liquids.
- 103 u. A steelmaking facility that uses an electric arc
- 104 furnace.
- 105 v. A dam that is regulated by the state or federal
- 106 government.
- w. A crude oil or refined products storage or
- 108 distribution facility, including, but not limited to, a valve
- 109 site, a pipeline interconnection, a pump station, a metering
- 110 station, below ground piping, above ground piping, or a truck
- 111 loading or offloading facility.
- 112 (3) CRITICAL INFRASTRUCTURE PROPERTY. Any real or



personal property necessary to the operation of a critical
infrastructure facility, including, but not limited to, any
equipment, commodity, hardware, software, or other digital or
electronic property.

- (3) (4) FRAUDULENT DOCUMENTS FOR IDENTIFICATION

 PURPOSES. A document that is presented as being a bona fide document that provides personal identification information but which, in fact, is false, forged, altered, or counterfeit.
- (4) (5) PERSON. An individual, trust, estate,

 corporation, partnership, limited partnership, limited

 liability partnership, limited liability company, or

 unincorporated nonprofit association having a separate legal

 existence under state law.
 - vehicle that does not carry a human operator, uses aerodynamic forces to provide vehicle lift, may fly autonomously through an onboard computer or be piloted remotely, and may be expendable or recoverable. The term does not include a satellite orbiting the Earth or a spacecraft beyond Earth's atmosphere and may not be construed to implicate the provider of a telecommunications link between an owner or operator of an unmanned aircraft system and the unmanned aircraft system.
- 135 (b) A person commits the crime of unauthorized entry of 136 a critical infrastructure facility if the person does any of 137 the following:
 - (1) Intentionally enters without authority into any structure or onto any premises belonging to another that constitutes in whole or in part a critical infrastructure



- 141 facility that is completely enclosed by any type of physical
- barrier or clearly marked with a sign or signs that are posted
- in a conspicuous manner and indicate that unauthorized entry
- 144 is forbidden.
- 145 (2) Uses or attempts to use a fraudulent document for
- identification for the purpose of entering a critical
- infrastructure facility.
- 148 (3) Remains on the premises of a critical
- infrastructure facility after having been forbidden to do so,
- 150 either orally or in writing, by any owner, lessee, or
- 151 custodian of the property or by any other authorized person.
- 152 (4) Intentionally enters into a restricted area of a
- 153 critical infrastructure facility which is marked as a
- 154 restricted or limited access area that is completely enclosed
- by any type of physical barrier when the person is not
- 156 authorized to enter the restricted or limited access area.
- 157 (c) A person who commits the crime of unauthorized
- 158 entry of a critical infrastructure facility is guilty of a
- 159 Class A misdemeanorClass D felony.
- (d) (1) If, during the commission of the crime of
- 161 unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility, the
- 162 person injures, removes, destroys, or breaks critical
- infrastructure property, or otherwise interrupts or interferes
- 164 with the operations of a critical infrastructure asset, the
- 165 person is guilty of a Class C felonyClass B felony.
- 166 (2) If, during the commission of the crime of
- 167 unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility, the
- 168 person attempts to injure, remove, destroy, or break critical



- 169 infrastructure property, or otherwise attempts to interrupt or 170 interfere with the operations of a critical infrastructure 171 asset, the person is quilty of a Class B felony.
 - (e) A person who commits the crime of unauthorized entry of a critical infrastructure facility while possessing or operating an unmanned aircraft system with an attached weapon, firearm, explosive, destructive device, or ammunition is quilty of a Class C felony.
 - (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent lawful assembly and peaceful and orderly petition for the redress of grievances, including, but not limited to, any labor dispute between any employer and its employee.
- (g) Nothing in this section shall be construed to 182 prohibit the state, a county, or a municipality from taking any lawful action on their respective rights-of-way."
- "\$13A-7-25 184

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- 185 (a) A person commits the crime of criminal tampering in 186 the first degree if the person he or she does any either of 187 the following:
- 188 (1) Having no right to do so or any reasonable ground 189 to believe that he or she has such a right, intentionally 190 causes or attempts to cause substantial interruption or 191 impairment of a service rendered to the public by a utility.
 - (2) Threatens an individual with a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument with the intent to obstruct the operation of a utility. This subdivision only applies if the individual is working under the procedures and within the scope of his or her duties as an employee of the utility and has properly



197	identified nimself or nerself when asked by stating his or her
198	name, employer, and purpose of work.
199	(b) Criminal tampering in the first degree is a Class C
200	felony."
201	Section 2. This act shall become effective on October
202	1 2025