

- 1 HB227
- 2 4DVP33I-1
- 3 By Representatives Bedsole, Pettus, Lovvorn, Moore (P),
- 4 Whorton
- 5 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 6 First Read: 06-Feb-25



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4 SYNOPSIS:

5 Under existing law, a firefighter paid by a 6 municipality or by the state who is disabled or who 7 dies as a result of hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease may be eligible for the same 8 9 benefits that would be available for a firefighter who is injured or killed in the line of duty. This 10 11 eligibility applies to an individual who has ceased to be employed as a firefighter. 12

This bill would limit an individual's eligibility for these benefits to 10 years after he or she leaves employment as a municipal or state firefighter, unless the individual can show that the qualifying disease resulted from the individual's work as a firefighter.

19This bill recognizes that if a fire district20makes the same benefits available to employee21firefighters, the fire district may impose the same22conditions on eligibility after the firefighter leaves23the employment of the fire district.

This bill would also delete duplicative language and make nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing code language to current style.

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29	A BILL
30	TO BE ENTITLED
31	AN ACT
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33	Relating to firefighters; to amend Sections 11-43-144,
34	36-30-40, and 36-30-41, Code of Alabama 1975, to limit the
35	number of years in which a former firefighter or a beneficiary
36	thereof may qualify for the disability and death benefit
37	provided for a firefighter's occupational disease, with an
38	exception; to recognize that if a fire district provides a
39	death and disability benefit to an employed firefighter for
40	occupational disease, the fire district may limit the number
41	of years in which the firefighter or a beneficiary thereof may
42	qualify for the benefit, with an exception; and to make
43	nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing
44	code language to current style.
45	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
46	Section 1. Sections 11-43-144, 36-30-40, and 36-30-41,
47	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
48	"\$11-43-144
49	(a) As used in this section, the following words and
50	terms shall have the <u>following</u> meanings ascribed to them
51	herein unless a contrary meaning is indicated by the context:
52	(1) BENEFIT. Any monetary allowance <mark>payable</mark> arranged or
53	provided by a city or from a pension system established for
54	the firemen of a for a firefighter employed by the city to a
55	firefighter on account of his or her disability or to his or
56	her dependents on account of his or her death, irrespective of



57	whether the same is payable under a pension law of the state
58	or under some other law of the state.
59	(2) CITY. Any municipality of the state , regardless of
60	its population.
61	(3) DISABILITY. DisabilityA condition that renders an
62	<u>individual unable</u> to perform <u>the required</u> duties <u>asof</u> a
63	firefighter.
64	(4) FIREFIGHTER. <u>A personAn individual</u> employed as a
65	firefighter by a city.
66	(5) FIREFIGHTER'S OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE. Any condition
67	or impairment of health caused by any of the following:
68	a. Hypertension.
69	b. Heart disease.
70	c. Respiratory disease.
71	d. Cancer that manifests itself in a firefighter during
72	the period in whichwhile the firefighter is in the service
73	<mark>of</mark> employed by the city, <mark>provided</mark> if the firefighter
74	demonstrates that he or she was exposed , while in the employ
75	of the city, to a known carcinogen that is reasonably linked
76	to the disabling cancer while in the scope of his or her
77	duties with the city, and in which case the cancer shall be
78	presumed to arise out of and in the course of the
79	firefighter's employment , unless the city demonstrates by a
80	preponderance of the evidence that the cancer was caused by
81	some other means.
82	e. $\frac{\text{AIDS}_{\text{HIV}}}{\text{MIDS}_{\text{HIV}}}$ that manifests itself in a firefighter
83	during the period in which while the firefighter is in the
84	service of employed by the city, provided if the firefighter

85 demonstrates that he or she was exposed to AIDSHIV while in 86 the line and scope of his or her employment duties with the city, in which case the HIV shall be presumed to arise out of 87 88 and in the course of the firefighter's employement. 89 f. Hepatitis that manifests itself in a firefighter 90 during the period in whichwhile the firefighter is in the 91 service of employed by the city, provided if the firefighter 92 demonstrates that he or she was exposed to hepatitis while in 93 the line and scopescope of his or her employment with the city, in which case the hepatitis shall be presumed to arise 94 95 out of and in the course of the firefighter's employment. (b) (1) This section shall apply to firefighters who, 96 97 upon entering the service of the city as firefighters, have 98 successfully passed a physical examination which that failed to 99 reveal any evidence of a firefighter's occupational disease and who have completed at least three years' service as 100 101 firefighters. 102 (2) If a physical examination was not required at the 103 time of entry into service, a firefighter who has completed at least three years' continuous service as a firefighter next 104 105 preceding September 8, 1967, shall be deemed eligible for 106 benefits under this section. 107 (c) (1) If a firefighter who qualifies for benefits 108 under this section is eligible under subsection (b) suffers 109 disability as a result of a firefighter's occupational 110 disease, his or her disability shall be compensable the same as any service-connected disability under any law that 111 provides benefits for firefighters compensated the same as any 112



113	firefighter of the city who is injured in the line of duty
114	under any available law, pension, or benefit that compensates
115	for any service-connected disability.
116	(2) If a firefighter , who qualifies for benefits under
117	this section, who is eligible under subsection (b) dies as the a
118	result of a firefighter's occupational disease, his or her
119	death shall be compensable to the same extent as the death of
120	acompensated under the provision for a firefighter killed in
121	the line of duty , and shall be considered to have been killed
122	in the line of duty for purposes of Sections 36-30-1 to
123	36-30-7, inclusive pursuant to Article 1, Chapter 30, Title
124	<u>36</u> .
125	(2) (3) Notwithstanding subdivision (1) (2), a
126	firefighter who dies of cancer, as provided in paragraph
127	(a)(5)d., within 10 years of the firefighter's last date of
128	employment shall be considered to have been killed in the line
129	of duty for purposes of Sections 36-30-1 to 36-30-7,
130	inclusiveArticle 1, Chapter 30, Title 36.
131	(4)a. Except as provided in paragraph b., a firefighter
132	who suffers a disability or dies as a result of hypertension,
133	heart disease, or respiratory disease after the 10-year
134	anniversary of the last date of his or her employment as a
135	firefighter shall not qualify for the benefit or compensation
136	provided under this section.
137	b. Paragraph a. does not apply if the firefighter's
138	hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease is
139	reasonably linked to an event or condition in the
140	firefighter's service to the city.



141	(d) In the case of cancer, heart disease, hypertension,
142	and respiratory disease, the city must prove by a
143	preponderance of the evidence that the condition was caused by
144	some means other than the occupation to disqualify the
145	firefighter from benefits."
146	" §36-30-40
147	As used in this article, the following terms shall have
148	the following meanings:
149	(1) BENEFIT. Any monetary allowance <mark>payable</mark> arranged or
150	provided by the state for a firefighter employed by the state
151	on account of his or her disability or to his or her
152	dependents on account of his or her death, irrespective of
153	whether the same is payable under a pension law of the state
154	or under some other law of the state.
155	(2) DISABILITY. DisabilityA condition that renders an
156	<u>individual unable</u> to perform <u>the required</u> duties <u>asof</u> a
157	firefighter.
158	(3) FIREFIGHTER. <u>A personAn individual</u> employed as a
159	firefighter by the state.
160	(4) FIREFIGHTER'S OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE. Any condition
161	or impairment of health caused by any of the following:
162	a. Hypertension.
163	b. Heart disease.
164	c. Respiratory disease.
165	d. Cancer which manifests itself in a firefighter
166	during the period in whichwhile the firefighter is in the
167	service of employed by the state, provided if the firefighter
168	demonstrates that he or she, while in the employ of the state,



169 was exposed to a known carcinogen which is reasonably linked 170 to the disabling cancer while in the scope of his or her 171 duties with the state, and in which case the cancer shall be 172 presumed to arise out of and in the course of the 173 firefighter's employment unless the state demonstrates by a preponderance of the evidence that the cancer was caused by 174 175 some other means. 176 e. HIV which that manifests itself in a firefighter 177 during the period in which while the firefighter is in the service of employed by the state, provided if the firefighter 178 demonstrates by sufficient evidence that he or she was exposed 179 to HIV while in the line and scope of his or her employment 180 181 with the state, in which case the HIV shall be presumed to arise out of and in the course of the firefighter's 182 183 employment. f. Hepatitis which that manifests itself in a 184 185 firefighter during the period in whichwhile the firefighter is 186 in the service of employed by the state, provided if the 187 firefighter demonstrates that he or she was exposed to 188 hepatitis while in the line and scope of his or her employment 189 with the state, in which case the hepatitis shall be presumed 190 to arise out of and in the course of the firefighter's 191 employment." "\$36-30-41 192 193 (a) (1) This article shall apply to firefighters who,

194 upon entering the service of the state as firefighters, have 195 successfully passed a physical examination which that failed to 196 reveal any evidence of a firefighter's occupational disease



197 and who have completed at least three years' service as 198 firefighters.

199 <u>(2)</u> If a physical examination was not required at the 200 time of entry into service, a firefighter who completes an 201 exam by January 1, 2013, shall be <u>deemed</u> eligible for benefits 202 under this section.

203 (b) (1) If a firefighter who qualifies for benefits 204 under Chapter 29A, or any other law, is eligible under 205 subsection (a) suffers disability as a result of a firefighter's occupational disease, his or her disability 206 207 shall be compensable the same as any service-connected disability under any law which provides benefits for 208 209 firefighters compensated the same as any firefighter of the 210 state who is injured in the line of duty under any law, 211 including Chapter 29A, or any pension or benefit that compensates for any service-connected disability. 212 213 (2) If a firefighter who qualifies for benefits under 214 this section who is eligible under subsection (a) dies as the 215 result of a firefighter's occupational disease, his or her 216 death shall be compensable to the same extent as the death 217 of compensated under the provision for a firefighter killed in 218 the line of duty, and the firefighter shall be considered to 219 have been killed in the line of duty for purposes of Sections 36-30-1 to 36-30-7, inclusive pursuant to Article 1, Chapter 220 221 30, Title 36. 222 (3) a. Except as provided in paragraph b., a firefighter who suffers a disability or dies as a result of hypertension, 223

224 heart disease, or respiratory disease after the 10-year



anniversary of the last date of his or her employment as a
firefighter shall not qualify for the benefit or compensation
provided under this section.
b. Paragraph a. does not apply if the firefighter's
hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease is
reasonably linked to an event or condition in the
firefighter's service to the state.
(c) In the case of an occupational disease as defined
in this article, the state must prove by a preponderance of
the evidence that the condition was caused by some means other
than the occupation to disqualify the firefighter from
benefits."
Section 2. (a) As used in this section, the following
words have the following meanings:
(1) BENEFIT. Any monetary allowance arranged or
provided by a fire district under a pension, contract, or law
for a firefighter employed by the fire district or to his or
her dependents.
(2) FIRE DISTRICT. The term includes any of the
following:
a. Any fire district established pursuant to a
constitutional amendment of local application or a local act.
b. Any fire district established pursuant to Chapter
89, Title 11, Code of Alabama 1975.
c. Any authority providing fire protection service
established pursuant to Chapter 88, Title 11, Code of Alabama
1975.
(3) DISABILITY. A condition that renders an individual
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253 unable to perform the required duties of a firefighter.

(4) FIREFIGHTER. An individual employed as afirefighter by a fire district.

256 (b) A fire district that administers or provides a 257 disability or death benefit for a firefighter's occupational disease as defined in Section 11-43-144, Code of Alabama 1975, 258 259 when the firefighter's disability or death is caused by 260 hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease, may limit 261 the period in which a firefighter may qualify for the benefit 262 to no later than the 10-year anniversary of the firefighter's 263 last day of employment by the fire district, unless the hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease is 264 265 reasonably linked to an event or condition in the 266 firefighter's service to the fire district.

267 Section 3. This act shall become effective on October 268 1, 2025.