

- 1 HB214
- 2 PSBPJGE-2
- 3 By Representatives Gidley, Paschal, Robertson
- 4 RFD: Boards, Agencies and Commissions
- 5 First Read: 06-Feb-25



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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to the Alabama Board of Examiners in
10	Psychology; to enter into the School Psychologist Interstate
11	Licensure Compact by adopting Article 6 of Chapter 26 of Title
12	34, Code of Alabama 1975.
13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
14	Section 1. Article 6, commencing with Section
15	34-26-100, is added to Chapter 26 of Title 34, Code of
16	Alabama, to read as follows:
17	Article 6. SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST INTERSTATE LICENSURE
18	COMPACT.
19	§34-26-100. Purpose.
20	The purpose of this compact is to facilitate the
21	interstate practice of school psychology in educational or
22	school settings, and, in doing so, to improve the availability
23	of school psychological services to the public. This compact
24	is intended to establish a pathway to allow school
25	psychologists to obtain equivalent licenses to provide school
26	psychological services in any member state. In this way, this
27	compact shall enable the member states to ensure that safe and
28	effective school psychological services are available and



29 delivered by appropriately qualified professionals in their 30 educational settings.

31 To facilitate the objectives described above, this 32 compact shall do the following:

33 (1) Enable school psychologists who qualify for receipt 34 of an equivalent license to practice in other member states 35 without first satisfying burdensome and duplicative 36 requirements.

37 (2) Promote the mobility of school psychologists
38 between and among the member states in order to address
39 workforce shortages and to ensure that safe and reliable
40 school psychological services are available in each member
41 state.

42 (3) Enhance the public accessibility of school
43 psychological services by increasing the availability of
44 qualified, licensed school psychologists through the
45 establishment of an efficient and streamlined pathway for
46 licensees to practice in other member states.

47 (4) Preserve and respect the authority of each member
48 state to protect the health and safety of its residents by
49 ensuring that only qualified, licensed professionals are
50 authorized to provide school psychological services within
51 that state.

52 (5) Require school psychologists practicing within a 53 member state to comply with the scope of practice laws of the 54 state where the school psychological services are being 55 provided.

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(6) Promote cooperation between the member states in

regulating the practice of school psychology within those

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states. (7) Facilitate the relocation of military members and their spouses who are licensed to provide school psychological services. \$34-26-101. Definitions. As used in this compact, the following terms have the following meanings: (1) ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBER. Any person with full-time duty status in the Armed Forces of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve. (2) ADVERSE ACTION. Disciplinary action or encumbrance imposed on a license by a state licensing authority. (3) ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM. A nondisciplinary, prosecutorial diversion, monitoring, or practice remediation process entered into in lieu of an adverse action which is applicable to a school psychologist and approved by the state licensing authority of a member state where the participating school psychologist is licensed. The term includes, but is not limited to, programs to which licensees with substance abuse or addiction issues may be referred in lieu of an adverse action. (4) COMMISSIONER. The individual appointed by a member state to serve as the representative to the commission for that member state. (5) COMPACT. This School Psychologist Interstate Licensure Compact. 83 (6) CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION. A requirement, Page 3



imposed by a member state as a condition of license renewal, to provide evidence of successful participation in professional educational activities relevant to the provision of school psychological services.

(7) CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK. The submission of
fingerprints or other biometric information for a license
applicant for the purpose of obtaining that applicant's
criminal history record information, as defined in 28 C.F.R. §
20.3(d), and the state's criminal history record repository as
defined in 28 C.F.R. § 20.3(f).

95 (8) DOCTORAL LEVEL DEGREE. A graduate degree program
96 that consists of at least 90 graduate semester hours in the
97 field of school psychology, including a supervised internship.

98 (9) ENCUMBERED LICENSE. A license that a state
99 licensing authority has limited in any way other than through
100 an alternative program, including temporary or provisional
101 licenses.

102 (10) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. The commission's chair, vice
 103 chair, secretary, and treasurer and any other commissioners as
 104 may be determined by commission rule or bylaw.

105 (11) EQUIVALENT LICENSE. A license to practice school 106 psychology which a member state has identified as a license 107 that may be provided to school psychologists from other member 108 states pursuant to this compact.

109 (12) HOME STATE. The member state that issued the home 110 state license to the licensee and is the licensee's primary 111 state of practice.

112 (13) HOME STATE LICENSE. The license that is not an



113 encumbered license issued by the home state to provide school
114 psychological services.

(14) LICENSE. A current license, certification, or other authorization granted by a member state's licensing authority that permits an individual to provide school psychological services.

119 (15) LICENSEE. An individual who holds a license from a 120 member state to provide school psychological services.

121 (16) MEMBER STATE. A state that has enacted this 122 compact and has been admitted to the commission in accordance 123 with the provisions herein and commission rules.

124 (17) MODEL COMPACT. The model language for the School 125 Psychologist Interstate Licensure Compact on file with the 126 Council of State Governments or other entity as designated by 127 the commission.

128 (18) PRACTICE OF SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGY. The delivery of129 school psychological services.

(19) QUALIFYING NATIONAL EXAM. A national licensing
examination endorsed by the National Association of School
Psychologists and any other exam as approved by the rules of
the commission.

(20) QUALIFYING SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST EDUCATION PROGRAM.
An education program that awards a specialist-level or
doctoral-level degree or equivalent upon completion and is
approved by the rules of the commission as meeting the
necessary minimum educational standards to ensure that the
program's graduates are ready, qualified, and able to engage
in the practice of school psychology.



141 (21) REMOTE STATE. A member state other than the home142 state where a licensee holds a license through this compact.

143 (22) RULE. A regulation adopted by an entity, 144 including, but not limited to, the commission and the state 145 licensing authority of each member state, which has the force 146 of law.

147 (23) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGICAL SERVICES. Academic, mental,
148 and behavioral health services, including assessment,
149 prevention, consultation and collaboration, intervention, and
150 evaluation, provided by a school psychologist in a school, as
151 outlined in applicable professional standards as determined by
152 commission rule.

(24) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST. An individual who has met the requirements to obtain a home state license that legally conveys the professional title of school psychologist, or its equivalent as determined by the rules of the commission.

157 (25) SCHOOL PSYCHOLOGIST INTERSTATE LICENSURE COMPACT
158 COMMISSION or COMMISSION. The joint government agency
159 established by this compact whose membership consists of
160 representatives from each member state that has enacted this
161 compact, and as further described in Section 34-26-106.

(26) SCOPE OF PRACTICE. The procedures, actions, and processes a school psychologist licensed in a state is permitted to undertake in that state and the circumstances under which that licensee is permitted to undertake those procedures, actions, and processes. Such procedures, actions, and processes, and the circumstances under which they may be undertaken, may be established through means, including, but



not limited to, statute, rule, case law, and other processes available to the state licensing authority or other government agency.

172 (27) SPECIALIST-LEVEL DEGREE. A degree program that 173 requires at least 60 graduate semester hours or equivalent in 174 the field of school psychology, including a supervised 175 internship.

176 (28) STATE. Any state, commonwealth, district, or177 territory of the United States of America.

178 (29) STATE LICENSING AUTHORITY. A member state's
179 regulatory body responsible for issuing licenses or otherwise
180 overseeing the practice of school psychology.

181 (30) STATE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENT. A requirement for
182 licensure covered in coursework or examination that includes
183 content of unique interest to the state.

184 (31) UNENCUMBERED LICENSE. A license that authorizes a
185 licensee to engage in the full and unrestricted practice of
186 school psychology.

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§34-26-102. State participation in this compact.

188 (a) To be eligible to join this compact, and to189 maintain eligibility as a member state, a state must:

(1) Enact a compact statute that is not materially different from the model compact as defined in the commission's rules.

(2) Participate in the sharing of information with other member states as reasonably necessary to accomplish the objectives of this compact, and as further defined in Section 34-26-100.



197 (3) Identify and maintain with the commission a list of 198 equivalent licenses available to licensees who hold a home 199 state license under this compact. 200 (4) Have a mechanism in place for receiving and 201 investigating complaints about licensees. 202 (5) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms 203 of this compact and the commission's rules, of any adverse 204 action taken against a licensee, or of the availability of 205 investigative information which relates to a licensee or 206 applicant for licensure. 207 (6) Require that applicants for a home state license 208 have: 209 a. Taken and passed a qualifying national exam as 210 defined by the rules of the commission. 211 b. Completed a minimum of 1200 hours of supervised internship, of which at least 600 must have been completed in 212 213 a school, prior to being approved for licensure. 214 c. Graduated from a qualifying school psychologist 215 education program. 216 217 (7) Comply with the terms of this compact and the rules of the commission. 218 219 (b) Each member state shall grant an equivalent license 220 to practice school psychology in that state upon application 221 by a licensee who satisfies the criteria of Section 222 34-26-103(a). Each member state shall grant renewal of the equivalent license to a licensee who satisfies the criteria of 223 224 Section 34-26-103(b).



(c) Member states may set and collect a fee for granting an equivalent license.

227 §34-26-103. School psychologist participation in this 228 compact.

(a) To obtain and maintain an equivalent license from aremote state under this compact, a licensee must:

231 (1) Hold and maintain an active home state license.

(2) Satisfy any applicable state specific requirements
 established by the member state after an equivalent license is
 granted.

(3) Complete any administrative or application
requirements which the commission may establish by rule, and
pay any associated fees.

(4) Complete any requirements for renewal in the home state, including applicable continuing professional education requirements.

(5) Upon his or her application to receive a license under this compact, undergo a criminal background check in the member state in which the equivalent license is sought in accordance with the laws and rules of the member state.

(b) To renew an equivalent license in a member state other than the home state, a licensee must only apply for renewal, complete a background check, and pay renewal fees as determined by the licensing authority.

249 §34-26-104. Active duty military members or their 250 spouses.

A licensee who is an active military member or is the spouse of an active military member shall be deemed to hold a



253 home state license in any of the following locations:

254 (1) The licensee's permanent residence.

(2) A member state that is the licensee's primary stateof practice.

(3) A member state where the licensee has relocatedpursuant to a permanent change of station (PCS).

\$34-26-105. Discipline/Adverse actions.

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(a) Nothing in this compact shall be deemed or
construed to limit the authority of a member state to
investigate or impose disciplinary measures on licensees
according to its scope of practice laws.

264 (b) Member states shall be authorized to receive, and 265 shall provide, files and information regarding the 266 investigation and discipline, if any, of licensees in other 267 member states upon request. Any member state receiving such 268 information or files shall protect and maintain their security 269 and confidentiality, in at least the same manner that it 270 maintains its own investigatory or disciplinary files and 271 information. Prior to disclosing any disciplinary or 272 investigatory information received from another member state, 273 the disclosing state shall communicate its intention and 274 purpose for such disclosure to the member state which 275 originally provided that information.

276 §34-26-106. Establishment of the School Psychologist
277 Interstate Licensure Compact Commission.

(a) The member states hereby create and establish a
joint government agency whose membership consists of all
member states that have enacted this compact, and this agency



281 shall be known as the School Psychologist Interstate Licensure 282 Compact Commission. The commission is an instrumentality of 283 the member states acting jointly and not an instrumentality of 284 any one state. The commission shall come into existence on or 285 after the effective date of this compact as set forth in 286 Section 34-26-110.

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(b) Membership, Voting, and Meetings.

(1) Each member state shall have and be limited to one delegate selected by the state licensing authority of that member state.

(2) The delegate shall be the primary administrative officer of the member state licensing authority or their designee who is an employee of the member state licensing authority.

(3) The commission shall by rule or bylaw establish a
term of office for delegates and may by rule or bylaw
establish term limits.

(4) The commission may recommend removal or suspensionof any delegate from office.

300 (5) A member state's licensing authority shall fill any 301 vacancy of its delegate occurring on the commission within 60 302 days of the vacancy.

303 (6) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all 304 matters before the commission requiring a vote by commission 305 delegates.

306 (7) A delegate shall vote in person or by such other 307 means as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for 308 delegates to meet via telecommunication, videoconference, or



309 other means of communication.

(8) The commission shall meet at least once during each
calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as set forth in
the bylaws. The commission may meet via telecommunication,
video conference, or other similar electronic means.
(c) The commission shall have the following powers:
(1) To establish the fiscal year of the commission.
(2) To establish code of conduct and conflict of

317 interest policies.

318 (3) To establish and amend rules and bylaws.

319 (4) To establish the procedure through which a licensee

320 may change his or her home state.

321 (5) To maintain its financial records in accordance322 with the bylaws.

323 (6) To meet and take such actions as are consistent 324 with the provisions of this compact, the commission's rules, 325 and the bylaws.

326 (7) To initiate and conclude legal proceedings or 327 actions in the name of the commission, provided that the 328 standing of any member state licensing authority to sue or be 329 sued under applicable law shall not be affected.

330 (8) To maintain and certify records and information 331 provided to a member state as the authenticated business 332 records of the commission, and designate an agent to do so on 333 the commission's behalf.

(9) To purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
(10) To borrow, accept, or contract for services of
personnel, including, but not limited to, employees of a

Page 12



337 member state.

(11) To conduct an annual financial review.

(12) To hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix compensation, define duties, grant such individuals appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies and programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of personnel, and other related personnel matters.

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(13) To assess and collect fees.

(14) To accept any and all appropriate gifts,
donations, grants of money, other sources of revenue,
equipment, supplies, materials, and services, and receive,
utilize, and dispose of those items; provided, that at all
times the commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety
or conflict of interest.

352 (15) To lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or 353 use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided 354 interest therein.

355 (16) To sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease,
356 exchange, abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real,
357 personal, or mixed.

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(17) To establish a budget and make expenditures.

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(18) To borrow money.

(19) To appoint committees, including standing
 committees, composed of members, state regulators, state
 legislators or their representatives, consumer

363 representatives, and other interested persons as may be 364 designated in this compact and the bylaws.

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365 (20) To provide and receive information from, and 366 cooperate with, law enforcement agencies.

367 (21) To establish and elect an executive committee,368 including a chair and a vice chair.

369 (22) To determine whether a state's adopted language is 370 materially different from the model compact language such that 371 the state would not qualify for participation in this compact.

372 (23) To perform other functions as may be necessary or373 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.

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(d) The Executive Committee.

375 (1) The executive committee shall have the power to act 376 on behalf of the commission according to the terms of this 377 compact and shall have the following powers, duties, and 378 responsibilities:

a. To oversee the day-to-day activities of the
administration of this compact, including enforcement and
compliance with the provisions of this compact, its rules and
bylaws, and other such duties as deemed necessary.

b. To recommend to the commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees charged to member states, fees charged to licensees, and other fees.

386 c. To ensure compact administration services are 387 appropriately provided, including by contract.

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d. To prepare and recommend the budget.

389 e. To maintain financial records on behalf of the390 commission.

391 f. To monitor compact compliance of member states and 392 provide compliance reports to the commission.



393 g. To establish additional committees as necessary. 394 h. To exercise the powers and duties of the commission 395 during interim periods between commission meetings, except for 396 adopting or amending rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and 397 exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to 398 the commission by rule or bylaw. 399 i. To perform other duties as provided in the rules or 400 bylaws of the commission. 401 (2) The executive committee shall be composed of up to 402 seven members: 403 a. The chair and vice chair of the commission shall be voting members of the executive committee. 404 405 b. The commission shall elect five voting members from 406 the current membership of the commission. 407 (3) The commission may remove any member of the 408 executive committee as provided in the commission's bylaws. (4) The executive committee shall meet at least 409 410 annually. 411 a. Executive committee meetings shall be open to the 412 public, except that the executive committee may meet in a 413 closed, non-public meeting as provided in subdivision (f)(2). 414 b. The executive committee shall give 30 days' notice 415 of its meetings, posted on its website and as determined to 416 provide notice to persons with an interest in the business of 417 the commission. 418 c. The executive committee may hold a special meeting in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)b. 419 420 (e) The commission shall adopt and provide to the

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421 member states an annual report.

422 (f) Meetings of the commission.

423 (1) All meetings shall be open to the public, except
424 that the commission may meet in a closed, nonpublic meeting as
425 provided in subdivision (2).

a. Public notice for all meetings of the full
commission shall be given in the same manner as required under
the rulemaking provisions in Section 34-26-108, except that
the commission may hold a special meeting as provided in
paragraph b.

b. The commission may hold a special meeting when it must meet to conduct emergency business by giving 48 hours' notice to all commissioners, on the commission's website, and other means as provided in the commission's rules. The commission's legal counsel shall certify that the commission's need to meet qualifies as an emergency.

437 (2) The commission, the executive committee, or other
438 committees of the commission may convene in a closed,
439 nonpublic meeting for the commission, executive committee, or
440 other committees of the commission to receive legal advice or
441 to discuss the following:

a. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligationsunder this compact.

b. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other
matters, practices, or procedures related to specific
employees.

c. Current or threatened discipline of a licensee bythe commission or by a member state's licensing authority.



d. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipatedlitigation.

451 e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or452 sale of goods, services, or real estate.

453 f. Accusing any individual of a crime or formally454 censuring any individual.

455 g. Trade secrets or commercial or financial information 456 that is privileged or confidential.

h. Information of a personal nature where disclosure
would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal
privacy.

460 i. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement461 purposes.

j. Information related to any investigative reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for use of the commission or other committee charged with responsibility of investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant to this compact.

467 k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by468 federal or member state law.

1. Other matters as adopted by the commission by rule.
(3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed,
the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be
closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and
each reference shall be recorded in the minutes.

474 (4) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and 475 clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 476 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the



477 reasons therefore, including a description of the views 478 expressed. All documents considered in connection with an 479 action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and 480 documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject 481 to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order 482 of a court of competent jurisdiction.

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(g) Financing of the commission.

484 (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the
485 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment,
486 organization, and ongoing activities.

487 (2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate488 revenue sources as provided in subdivision (c) (14).

489 (3) The commission may levy on and collect an annual 490 assessment from each member state and impose fees on licensees 491 practicing in the member states under an equivalent license to 492 cover the cost of the operations and activities of the 493 commission and its staff, which must be in a total amount 494 sufficient to cover its annual budget as approved each year 495 for which revenue is not provided by other sources. The 496 aggregate annual assessment amount for member states shall be 497 allocated based upon a formula that the commission shall adopt 498 by rule.

(4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet those obligations nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.

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(5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all



505 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of 506 the commission shall be subject to the financial review and 507 accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, 508 all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the 509 commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a 510 certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the 511 financial review shall be included in and become part of the 512 annual report of the commission.

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(h) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.

(1) The members, officers, executive director, 514 515 employees, and representatives of the commission shall be immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their 516 official capacity, for any claim for damage to or loss of 517 518 property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by 519 or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or 520 omission that occurred, or that the individual against whom 521 the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing 522 occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that nothing in this subdivision 523 524 shall be construed to protect any such individual from suit or 525 liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by 526 the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that 527 individual. The procurement of insurance of any type by the 528 commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the 529 immunity granted hereunder.

530 (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer,
531 executive director, employee, and representative of the
532 commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability

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533 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 534 that occurred within the scope of commission employment, 535 duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the 536 commission that the individual against whom the claim is made 537 had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope 538 of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; 539 provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit 540 that individual from retaining their own counsel at their own 541 expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that individual's 542 543 intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct.

(3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless 544 545 any member, officer, executive director, employee, and 546 representative of the commission for the amount of any 547 settlement or judgment obtained against that individual 548 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 549 that occurred within the scope of commission employment, 550 duties, or responsibilities, or that such individual had a 551 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 552 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, 553 that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not 554 result from the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of 555 that individual.

(4) Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state laws.

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(5) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to



waive or otherwise abrogate a member state's state action immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or regulation.

(6) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a waiver of sovereign immunity by the member states or by the commission.

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\$34-26-107. Facilitating information exchange.

(a) The commission shall provide for facilitating the exchange of information to administer and implement the provisions of this compact in accordance with the rules of the commission, consistent with generally accepted data protection principles.

575 (b) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to 576 the contrary, a member state shall agree to provide for the 577 facilitation of the following licensee information as required 578 by the rules of the commission, to include the following:

- 579 (1) Identifying information.
- 580 (2) Licensure data.

581 (3) Adverse actions against a license and related582 information.

583 (4) Nonconfidential information related to alternative 584 program participation, the beginning and ending dates of such 585 participation, and other information related to such 586 participation not made confidential under member state law.

587 (5) Any denial of application for licensure, and the 588 reason for the denial.



589 (6) The presence of investigative information. 590 (7) Other information that may facilitate the 591 administration of this compact or the protection of the 592 public, as determined by the rules of the commission. 593 (c) Nothing in this compact shall be deemed or 594 construed to alter, limit, or inhibit the power of a member 595 state to control and maintain ownership of its licensee 596 information or alter, limit, or inhibit the laws or rules 597 governing licensee information in the member state.

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§34-26-108. Rulemaking.

(a) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers
pursuant to the criteria set forth in this compact and the
rules adopted thereunder. Rules and amendments shall become
binding as of the date specified in each rule or amendment.

603 (b) The commission shall adopt reasonable rules to 604 achieve the intent and purpose of this compact. In the event 605 the commission exercises its rulemaking authority in a manner 606 that is beyond purpose and intent of this compact, or the 607 powers granted hereunder, then such an action by the 608 commission shall be invalid and have no force and effect of 609 law in the member states.

(c) If a majority of the legislatures of the member states rejects a rule, by enactment of a statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this compact within four years of the date of adoption of the rule, then the rule shall have no further force and effect in any member state.

615 (d) Rules or amendments to the rules shall be adopted 616 or ratified at a regular or special meeting of the commission



617 in accordance with commission rules and bylaws.

(e) Prior to adoption of a final rule or rules by the commission, and at least 30 days in advance of the meeting at which the rule will be considered and voted upon, the commission shall file a notice of proposed rulemaking:

622 (1) On the website of the commission or other publicly623 accessible platform.

624 (2) On the website of each member state licensing
625 authority or other publicly accessible platform or the
626 publication in which each state would otherwise publish
627 proposed rules.

(f) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the 628 commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule with 48 629 630 hours' notice, with opportunity to comment; provided, that the 631 usual rulemaking procedures shall be retroactively applied to 632 the rule as soon as reasonably possible, and in no event later 633 than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the 634 purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that 635 must be adopted immediately in order to:

636 (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety,637 or welfare.

638 (2) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds.
639 (3) Meet a deadline for the adoption of an
640 administrative rule that is established by federal law or
641 rule.

642 (4) Protect public health and safety.

643 \$34-26-109. Oversight, dispute resolution, and644 enforcement.



645 (a) Oversight.

(1) The executive and judicial branches of the state
government in each member state shall enforce this compact and
take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement this
compact.

650 (2) Venue is proper and judicial proceedings by or 651 against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively 652 in a court of competent jurisdiction, including, but not 653 limited to, where the principal office of the commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional 654 655 defenses to the extent it adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein 656 657 shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in 658 any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, 659 misconduct, or any similar matter.

(3) The commission shall be entitled to receive service of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement or interpretation of this compact and shall have standing to intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to provide the commission service of process shall render a judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or adopted rules.

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(b) Default, technical assistance, and termination.

(1) If the commission determines that a member state
has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or
responsibilities under this compact or the adopted rules, the
commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting
state. The notice of default shall describe the default, the



673 proposed means of curing the default, and any other action 674 that the commission may take, and shall offer training and 675 specific technical assistance regarding the default.

676 (2) The commission shall provide a copy of the notice677 of default to the other member states.

678 (c) If a state in default fails to cure the default, 679 the defaulting state may be terminated from this compact upon 680 an affirmative vote of a supermajority of the delegates of the 681 member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred on that state by this compact may be terminated on 682 the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does 683 not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities 684 685 incurred during the period of default.

(d) Termination of membership in this compact shall be imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, the defaulting state's licensing authority, and each of the member states' licensing authorities.

(e) A state that has been terminated is responsible for
all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through
the effective date of termination, including obligations that
extend beyond the effective date of termination.

697 (f) Upon the termination of a state's membership from 698 this compact, that state shall immediately provide notice to 699 all licensees within that state of the termination. The 700 terminated state shall continue to recognize all licenses



701 granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of six months 702 after the date of the notice of termination.

(g) The commission shall not bear any costs related to a state that is found to be in default or that has been terminated from this compact, unless agreed upon in writing between the commission and the defaulting state.

(h) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.

713

(i) Dispute Resolution.

(1) Upon request by a member state, the commission shall attempt to resolve disputes related to this compact that arise among member states and between member and non-member states.

(2) The commission shall adopt a rule providing for
both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
appropriate.

721 (j) Enfo

(j) Enforcement.

(1) By majority vote as provided by rule, the commission may initiate legal action against a member state in default in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance with the provisions of this compact and its adopted rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the

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event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney fees. The remedies herein shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or the defaulting member state's law.

735 (2) A member state may initiate legal action against 736 the commission in the United States District Court for the 737 District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices to enforce compliance 738 739 with the provisions of this compact and its adopted rules. The 740 relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. 741 In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing 742 party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including 743 reasonable attorney fees.

744 (3) No person other than a member state shall enforce745 this compact against the commission.

534-26-110. Effective date, withdrawal, and amendment.
(a) This compact shall come into effect on the date on
which the compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh
member state.

(1) On or after the effective date of this compact indicated above, the commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of the charter member states to determine if the statute enacted by each such charter member state is materially different than the model compact statute.

a. A charter member state whose enactment is found tobe materially different from the model compact statute shall



757 be entitled to the default process set forth in Section 758 34-26-109(b).

b. If any member state is later found to be in default, is terminated, or withdraws from this compact, the commission shall remain in existence and this compact shall remain in effect even if the number of member states should be less than seven.

(2) Member states enacting this compact subsequent to the charter member states shall be subject to the process set forth in subdivision (1) to determine if their enactments are materially different from the model compact statute and whether they qualify for participation in this compact.

(3) All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of this compact prior to the effective date of this compact or the commission coming into existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission unless specifically repudiated by the commission.

a. Any state that joins this compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules and bylaws shall be subject to the rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on which this compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day this compact becomes law in that state.

b. Any member state may withdraw from this compact byenacting a statute repealing the same.

784 (b) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect



785 until 180 days after enactment of the repealing statute.

(c) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing requirement of the withdrawing state's licensing authority to comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting requirements of this compact prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

(d) Upon the enactment of a statute withdrawing from this compact, a state shall immediately provide notice of withdrawal to all licensees within that state. Notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, the withdrawing state shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of six months after the date of the notice of withdrawal.

(1) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any licensure agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-member state that does not conflict with the provisions of this compact.

803 (2) This compact may be amended by the member states.
804 No amendment to this compact shall become effective and
805 binding upon any member state until it is enacted into the
806 laws of all member states.

807

\$34-26-111. Construction and severability.

(a) This compact and the commission's rulemaking
authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the
purposes, implementation, and administration of this compact.
Provisions of this compact expressly authorizing or requiring
the adoption of rules shall not be construed to limit the



813 commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes. 814 (b) The provisions of this compact shall be severable 815 and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this 816 compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be 817 contrary to the constitution of any member state, a state 818 seeking participation in this compact, or of the United 819 States, or the applicability thereof to any government, 820 agency, individual, or circumstance is held to be 821 unconstitutional by a court of competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this compact and the 822 823 applicability thereof to any other government, agency, 824 individual, or circumstance shall not be affected thereby.

825 (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may 826 deny a state's participation in this compact or, in accordance 827 with the requirements of Section 34-26-109(f), terminate a 828 member state's participation in this compact, if it determines 829 that a constitutional requirement of a member state is a 830 material departure from this compact. Otherwise, if this 831 compact shall be held to be contrary to the constitution of 832 any member state, this compact shall remain in full force and 833 effect as to the remaining member states and in full force and 834 effect as to the member state affected as to all severable 835 matters.

836 §34-26-112. Consistent effect and conflict with other 837 states.

(a) Nothing herein shall prevent or inhibit the
enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not
inconsistent with this compact.



841 (b) Any laws, statutes, rules, or other legal 842 requirements in a member state in conflict with this compact 843 are superseded to the extent of the conflict. 844 (c) All permissible agreements between the commission 845 and the member states are binding in accordance with their 846 terms. 847 (d) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to 848 modify, amend, repeal, or supersede any state criminal or 849 civil liability laws. 850 (e) In the event the commission adopts rules to 851 coordinate the implementation or administration of this compact which conflict with Alabama law, Alabama law shall 852 853 supersede those rules, and Alabama state courts shall retain 854 sole jurisdiction to determine any conflicts. 855 (f) Alabama state courts shall retain sole jurisdiction to determine whether provisions of this compact are in 856 857 conflict with state laws or the Constitution of Alabama of 858 2022. 859 (g) Except as to judicial proceedings for the 860 enforcement of this compact among member states, individuals 861 may pursue judicial proceedings related to this compact in any 862 Alabama state or federal court that would otherwise have 863 competent jurisdiction.

864 Section 2. This act shall become effective on October865 1, 2025.

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866 867 868	House of Representatives
869 870 871 872 873	Read for the first time and referred06-Feb-25 to the House of Representatives committee on Boards, Agencies and Commissions
874 875 876 877	Read for the second time and placed20-Feb-25 on the calendar: 1 amendment
878 879 880 881 882 883 883	Read for the third time and passed27-Feb-25 as amended Yeas 102 Nays 0 Abstains 0
885 886 887	John Treadwell Clerk