

- 1 HB156
- 2 Z5BCWWR-1
- 3 By Representative Lee
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 04-Feb-25



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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	Under existing law, an individual may only be
6	arrested on an out-of-state warrant if the individual
7	has been charged with a crime punishable by death or
8	life imprisonment.
9	This bill would provide that an individual may
10	be arrested on an out-of-state warrant for any crime
11	that would constitute a felony in this state or if the
12	arresting officer has actual knowledge that an
13	out-of-state warrant has been issued for the individual
14	for a felony or misdemeanor in accordance with the laws
15	of that state.
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18	A BILL
19	TO BE ENTITLED
20	AN ACT
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22	Relating to criminal procedure; to amend Sections
23	15-9-41 and 15-10-3, Code of Alabama 1975, to further provide
24	for arrests in certain circumstances.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. Sections 15-9-41 and 15-10-3, Code of
27	Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
28	"\$15-9-41

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29	The arrest of <del>a person <u>an individual</u> may be lawfully</del>
30	made <del>also by</del> an officer or a private citizen without a warrant
31	upon reasonable information that the accused stands charged $\underline{in}$
32	<u>the courts of another state</u> with a crime <del>punishable by death</del>
33	or life imprisonment in the courts of another state that would
34	constitute a felony in this state. When so arrested, the
35	accused must be taken before a district or circuit court judge
36	with all practicable speed $\underline{\prime}$ and $\underline{the}$ complaint must be made
37	against him <u>or her</u> under oath setting forth the ground for the
38	arrest as in Section 15-9-40 $_{ au}$ and thereafter Thereafter, his
39	or her answer shall be heard as if he or she had been arrested
40	on a warrant."
41	"\$15-10-3
42	(a) An officer may arrest <del>a person <u>an individual</u></del>
43	without a warrant, on any day and at any time $\underline{\prime}$ in any of the
44	following instances:
45	(1) If a public offense has been committed or a breach
46	of the peace threatened in the presence of the officer.
47	(2) When a felony has been committed, though not in the
48	presence of the officer, by the person_individual_arrested.
49	(3) When a felony has been committed and the officer
50	has probable cause to believe that the person individual
51	arrested committed the felony.
52	(4) When the officer has probable cause to believe that
53	the <b>person_individual</b> arrested has committed a felony,
54	although it may afterwards appear that a felony had not in
55	fact been committed.
56	(5) When a charge has been made, upon probable cause,

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57 that the person individual arrested has committed a felony. 58 (6) When the officer has actual knowledge that a 59 warrant for the person's individual's arrest for the 60 commission of a felony or misdemeanor has been issued, 61 provided the warrant was issued in this state in accordance 62 with this chapter or by the courts of another state. However, 63 upon request, the officer shall show the warrant to the 64 arrested person-individual as soon as possible. If the officer does not have the warrant in his or her possession at the time 65 of arrest the officer shall inform the defendant individual of 66 67 the offense charged and of the fact that a warrant has been issued. 68

69 (7) When the officer has probable cause to believe that 70 a felony or misdemeanor has been committed by the person 71 <u>individual</u> arrested in violation of a protection order, 72 including a domestic violence protection order or an elder 73 abuse protection order, issued by a court of competent 74 jurisdiction.

75 (8) When an offense involves a crime of domestic 76 violence, including domestic violence in the first degree, 77 pursuant to Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second 78 degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in 79 the third degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference 80 with a domestic violence emergency call, in violation of 81 Section 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by strangulation or suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, or elder abuse as 82 defined in Section 38-9F-3, and the arrest is based on 83 84 probable cause.

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(b) When a law enforcement officer investigates an allegation of domestic violence or elder abuse, whether or not an arrest is made, the officer shall make a written report of the alleged incident, including a statement of the complaint, and the disposition of the case.

(c) If the defendant an individual is arrested under 90 91 this section for committing an act of domestic violence, 92 including domestic violence in the first degree, pursuant to 93 Section 13A-6-130, domestic violence in the second degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-131, domestic violence in the third 94 95 degree, pursuant to Section 13A-6-132, interference with a domestic violence emergency call, in violation of Section 96 97 13A-6-137, or domestic violence by strangulation or 98 suffocation, pursuant to Section 13A-6-138, in violation of a 99 domestic violence protection order, or an act of elder abuse in violation of an elder abuse protection order, the defendant 100 101 individual shall be held in custody until brought before the 102 court within 48 hours for the purpose of enforcing the 103 protection order and for consideration of bail in accordance 104 with Section 15-13-190 and the applicable rules of criminal 105 procedure, pending a hearing. If the defendant individual is 106 not brought before the court within 48 hours, the defendant 107 individual shall be subject to bail according to the Alabama 108 Rules of Criminal Procedure."

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Section 2. This act shall become effective immediately.