

- 1 HB318
- 2 ZN3JRRW-1
- 3 By Representatives Hassell, Oliver, Paschal
- 4 RFD: Boards, Agencies and Commissions
- 5 First Read: 19-Mar-24



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4	SYNOPSIS:
5	This bill would allow the Alabama Board of
6	Social Work Examiners to enter into the Social Work
7	Licensure Compact by adopting Article 4 of Chapter 30
8	of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, as a means of
9	providing uniformity in licensing requirements and
10	interstate practice throughout party states.
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13	A BILL
14	TO BE ENTITLED
15	AN ACT
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17	Relating to the Alabama Board of Social Work Examiners;
18	to enter into the Social Work Licensure Compact by adopting
19	Article 4 of Chapter 30 of Title 34, Code of Alabama 1975, to
20	read as follows:
21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
22	Section 1. Article 4, commencing with Section
23	34-30-100, is added to Chapter 30 of Title 34, Code of Alabama
24	1975, to read as follows:
25	ARTICLE 4. SOCIAL WORK LICENSURE COMPACT
26	§34-30-100. Purpose.
27	(a) The purpose of this compact is to facilitate
28	interstate practice of regulated social workers by improving



- 29 public access to competent social work services. This compact
- 30 preserves the regulatory authority of states to protect public
- 31 health and safety through the current system of state
- 32 licensing.
- 33 (b) This compact is designed to achieve all of the
- 34 following objectives:
- 35 (1) Increase public access to social work services.
- 36 (2) Reduce overly burdensome and duplicative
- 37 requirements associated with holding multiple licenses.
- 38 (3) Enhance the member states' ability to protect the
- 39 public's health and safety.
- 40 (4) Encourage the cooperation of member states in
- 41 regulating multistate practice.
- 42 (5) Promote mobility and address workforce shortages by
- eliminating the necessity for licenses in multiple states by
- 44 providing for the mutual recognition of other member states'
- 45 licenses.
- 46 (6) Support military families.
- 47 (7) Facilitate the exchange of licensing and
- 48 disciplinary information among member states.
- 49 (8) Authorize all member states to hold a regulated
- social worker accountable for abiding by a member state's
- 1 laws, rules, and applicable professional standards in the
- 52 member state in which the client is located at the time care
- is rendered.
- 54 (9) Allow for the use of telehealth to facilitate
- 55 increased access to regulated social work services.
- \$34-30-101. Definitions.



As used in this compact, the following terms have the following meanings:

- 60 (1) ACTIVE MILITARY MEMBER. Any individual with
 61 full-time duty status in the active Armed Forces of the United
 62 States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve.
 - (2) ADVERSE ACTION. Any administrative, civil, equitable, or criminal action permitted by a state's laws which is imposed by a licensing authority or other authority against a regulated social worker, including actions against an individual's license or multistate authorization to practice, such as revocation, suspension, probation, monitoring of the licensee, limitation on the licensee's practice, or any other encumbrance on licensing affecting a regulated social worker's authorization to practice, including issuance of a cease and desist action.
- 73 (3) ALTERNATIVE PROGRAM. A nondisciplinary monitoring
 74 or practice remediation process approved by a licensing
 75 authority to address practitioners with an impairment.
 - (4) CHARTER MEMBER STATE. Member states which have enacted legislation to adopt this compact where such legislation predates the effective date of this compact as described in Section 34-30-113.
 - (5) COMPACT COMMISSION or COMMISSION. The governmental agency whose membership consists of all states that have enacted this compact, which is known as the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission, as described in Section 34-30-109, and which shall operate as an instrumentality of



- 85 the member states.
- 86 (6) CURRENT SIGNIFICANT INVESTIGATIVE INFORMATION.
- a. Investigative information that a licensing
- 88 authority, after a preliminary inquiry that includes
- 89 notification and an opportunity for the regulated social
- 90 worker to respond, has reason to believe is not groundless
- 91 and, if proved true, would indicate more than a minor
- 92 infraction as may be defined by the commission.
- b. Investigative information that indicates that the
- 94 regulated social worker represents an immediate threat to
- 95 public health and safety, as may be defined by the commission,
- 96 regardless of whether he or she has been notified and has had
- 97 an opportunity to respond.
- 98 (7) DATA SYSTEM. A repository of information about
- 99 licensees, including continuing education, examination,
- 100 licensing, current significant investigative information,
- disqualifying events, multistate licenses, and adverse action
- information or other information as required by the
- 103 commission.
- 104 (8) DISQUALIFYING EVENT. Any adverse action or incident
- 105 which results in an encumbrance that disqualifies or makes the
- 106 licensee ineligible to either obtain, retain, or renew a
- 107 multistate license.
- 108 (9) DOMICILE. The jurisdiction in which the licensee
- 109 resides and intends to remain indefinitely.
- 110 (10) ENCUMBRANCE. A revocation or suspension of, or any
- 111 limitation on, the full and unrestricted practice of social
- work licensed and regulated by a licensing authority.





- 113 (11) EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE. A group of delegates elected 114 or appointed to act on behalf of, and within the powers 115 granted to them by, this compact and the commission.
- 116 (12) HOME STATE. The member state that is the licensee's primary domicile.
- impair a practitioner's ability to engage in full and
 unrestricted practice as a regulated social worker without
 some type of intervention and may include alcohol and drug
 dependence, mental health impairment, and neurological or
 physical impairments.
- 124 (14) LICENSEE. An individual who currently holds a
 125 license from a state to practice as a regulated social worker.
- 126 (15) LICENSING AUTHORITY. The board or agency of a
 127 member state, or equivalent, that is responsible for the
 128 licensing and regulation of regulated social workers.
- 129 (16) MEMBER STATE. A state, commonwealth, district, or 130 territory of the United States of America that has enacted 131 this compact.
- 132 (17) MULTISTATE AUTHORIZATION TO PRACTICE. A legally
 133 authorized privilege to practice, which is equivalent to a
 134 license, associated with a multistate license permitting the
 135 practice of social work in a remote state.
- 136 (18) MULTISTATE LICENSE. A license to practice as a
 137 regulated social worker issued by a home state licensing
 138 authority that authorizes the regulated social worker to
 139 practice in all member states under a multistate authorization
 140 to practice.



- 141 (19) QUALIFYING NATIONAL EXAM. A national licensing 142 examination approved by the commission.
- 143 (20) REGULATED SOCIAL WORKER. Any clinical, master's,

 144 or bachelor's social worker licensed by a member state

 145 regardless of the title used by that member state.
- 146 (21) REMOTE STATE. A member state other than the licensee's home state.
- 148 (22) RULE or RULE OF THE COMMISSION. A rule or rules 149 adopted by this commission, as authorized by this compact, 150 that has the force of law.
- 151 (23) SINGLE-STATE LICENSE. A social work license issued 152 by any state that authorizes practice only within the issuing 153 state and does not include multistate authorization to 154 practice in any member state.
- 155 (24) SOCIAL WORK or SOCIAL WORK SERVICES. The application of social work theory, knowledge, methods, ethics, 156 157 and the professional use of self to restore or enhance social, 158 psychosocial, or biopsychosocial functioning of individuals, 159 couples, families, groups, organizations, and communities 160 through the care and services provided by a regulated social 161 worker as set forth in the member state's statutes and rules 162 in the state where the services are being provided.
- 163 (25) STATE. Any state, commonwealth, district, or
 164 territory of the United States of America that regulates the
 165 practice of social work.
- 166 (26) UNENCUMBERED LICENSE. A license that authorizes a regulated social worker to engage in the full and unrestricted practice of social work.



- 169 §34-30-102. State Participation in this Compact.
- 170 (a) To be eligible to participate in this compact, a
- 171 potential member state must currently meet all of the
- 172 following criteria:
- 173 (1) License and regulate the practice of social work at
- either the clinical, master's, or bachelor's category.
- 175 (2) Require applicants for licensing to graduate from a
- 176 program that is:
- a. Operated by a college or university recognized by
- 178 the licensing authority.
- b. Accredited, or in candidacy by an institution that
- subsequently becomes accredited, by an accrediting agency
- 181 recognized by either the Council for Higher Education
- 182 Accreditation, or its successor, or the United States
- 183 Department of Education, and corresponds to the licensing
- 184 sought as outlined in Section 34-30-103.
- 185 (3) Require applicants for clinical licensing to
- 186 complete a period of supervised practice.
- 187 (4) Have a mechanism in place for receiving,
- 188 investigating, and adjudicating complaints about licensees.
- 189 (b) To maintain membership in this compact, a member
- 190 state shall do all of the following:
- 191 (1) Require that applicants for a multistate license
- 192 pass a qualifying national exam for the corresponding category
- of multistate license sought as outlined in Section 34-30-103.
- 194 (2) Participate fully in this compact commission's data
- 195 system, including using the commission's unique identifier as
- 196 defined in rules.



- 197 (3) Notify the commission, in compliance with the terms
 198 of this compact and rules, of any adverse action or the
 199 availability of current significant investigative information
 200 regarding a licensee.
 - (4) Implement procedures for considering the criminal history records of applicants for a mulistate license. These procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal records.
- 209 (5) Comply with the rules of the commission.

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- 210 (6) Require an applicant to obtain or retain a license 211 in the home state and meet the home state's qualifications for 212 licensing or renewal of licensing, as well as all other 213 applicable home state laws.
- 214 (7) Authorize a licensee holding a multistate license
 215 in any member state to practice in accordance with the terms
 216 of this compact and rules of the commission.
- 217 (8) Designate a delegate to participate in commission 218 meetings.
- 219 (c) A member state meeting the requirements of
 220 subsections (a) and (b) shall designate the categories of
 221 social work licensing that are eligible for issuance of a
 222 multistate license for applicants in member states. To the
 223 extent that any member state does not meet the requirements
 224 for participation in this compact in any particular category



- of social work licensing, the member state may choose, but is
- 226 not obligated, to issue a multistate license to applicants who
- 227 otherwise meet the requirements of Section 34-30-103 for
- 228 issuance of a multistate license in those categories of
- 229 licensing.
- 230 (d) Member states may charge a fee for granting a
- 231 multistate license.
- \$34-30-103. Social Worker Participation in this
- 233 compact.
- 234 (a) To be eligible for a multistate license under the
- 235 terms and provisions of this compact, an applicant, regardless
- 236 of category must do all of the following:
- 237 (1) Hold or be eligible for an active, unencumbered
- 238 license in the home state.
- 239 (2) Pay any applicable fees, including any state fee,
- 240 for the multistate license.
- 241 (3) Submit, in connection with an application for a
- 242 multistate license, fingerprints or other biometric data for
- the purpose of obtaining criminal history record information
- from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency
- 245 responsible for retaining that state's criminal records.
- 246 (4) Notify the home state of any adverse action,
- encumbrance, or restriction on any professional license taken
- 248 by any member state or non-member state within 30 days from
- 249 the date the action is taken.
- 250 (5) Meet any continuing competence requirements
- 251 established by the home state.
- 252 (6) Abide by the laws, rules, and applicable standards



- 253 in the member state where the client is located at the time
- 254 care is rendered.
- 255 (b) An applicant for a clinical-category multistate
- 256 license must meet all of the following requirements:
- 257 (1) Fulfill a competency requirement, which shall be
- 258 satisfied by one of the following:
- 259 a. Passage of a clinical-category qualifying national
- 260 exam.
- b. Licensing of the applicant in his or her home state
- 262 in the clinical category, beginning prior to the time a
- 263 qualifying national exam was required by the home state and
- 264 accompanied by a period of continuous social work licensing
- thereafter, all of which may be further governed by the rules
- of the commission.
- c. The substantial equivalency of the foregoing
- 268 competency requirements which the commission may determine by
- 269 rule.
- 270 (2) Attain at least a master's degree in social work
- 271 from a program that is both of the following:
- a. Operated by a college or university recognized by
- 273 the licensing authority.
- 274 b. Accredited, or in candidacy that subsequently
- 275 becomes accredited, by an accrediting agency recognized by
- 276 either:
- 277 (i) the Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or
- 278 its successor; or
- 279 (ii) the United States Department of Education.
- 280 (3) Fulfill a practice requirement, which shall be



- 281 satisfied by demonstrating completion of one of the following:
- a. A period of postgraduate supervised clinical
- practice equal to a minimum of 3,000 hours.
- b. A minimum of two years of full-time postgraduate
- 285 supervised clinical practice.
- c. The substantial equivalency of the foregoing
- 287 practice requirements which the commission may determine by
- 288 rule.
- 289 (c) An applicant for a master's-category multistate
- 290 license must meet all of the following requirements:
- 291 (1) Fulfill a competency requirement, which shall be
- 292 satisfied by one of the following:
- 293 a. Passage of a master's-category qualifying national
- 294 exam.
- b. licensing of the applicant in his or her home state
- in the master's category, beginning prior to the time a
- 297 qualifying national exam was required by the home state in the
- 298 master's category and accompanied by a continuous period of
- 299 social work licensing, all of which may be further governed by
- 300 the rules of the commission.
- 301 c. The substantial equivalency of the foregoing
- 302 competency requirements which the commission may determine by
- 303 rule.
- 304 (2) Attain at least a master's degree in social work
- 305 from a program that is both of the following:
- 306 a. Operated by a college or university recognized by
- 307 the licensing authority.
- b. Accredited, or in candidacy that subsequently



- 309 becomes accredited, by an accrediting agency recognized by
- 310 either:
- 311 (i) the Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or
- 312 its successor, or
- 313 (ii) the United States Department of Education.
- 314 (d) An applicant for a bachelor's-category multistate
- 315 license must meet all of the following requirements:
- 316 (1) Fulfill a competency requirement, which shall be
- 317 satisfied by one of the following:
- a. Passage of a bachelor's-category qualifying national
- 319 exam.
- 320 b. Licensing of the applicant in his or her home state
- in the bachelor's category, beginning prior to the time a
- 322 qualifying national exam was required by the home state and
- 323 accompanied by a period of continuous social work licensing,
- 324 all of which may be further governed by the rules of the
- 325 commission.
- 326 c. The substantial equivalency of the foregoing
- 327 competency requirements which the commission may determine by
- 328 rule.
- 329 (2) Attain at least a bachelor's degree in social work
- 330 from a program that is both of the following:
- a. Operated by a college or university recognized by
- 332 the licensing authority.
- b. Accredited, or in candidacy that subsequently
- 334 becomes accredited, by an accrediting agency recognized by
- 335 either:
- 336 (i) the Council for Higher Education Accreditation, or



- 337 its successor; or
- 338 (ii) the United States Department of Education.
- 339 (e) The multistate license for a regulated social
 340 worker is subject to the renewal requirements of the home
 341 state. The regulated social worker must maintain compliance
- 342 with the requirements of subsection (a) to be eligible to
- 343 renew a multistate license.
- 344 (f) The regulated social worker's services in a remote
- 345 state are subject to that member state's regulatory authority.
- 346 A remote state, in accordance with due process and that member
- 347 state's laws, may remove a regulated social worker's
- 348 multistate authorization to practice in the remote state for a
- 349 specific period of time, impose fines, and take any other
- 350 necessary actions to protect the health and safety of its
- 351 residents.
- 352 (g) If a multistate license is encumbered, the
- 353 regulated social worker's multistate authorization to practice
- 354 shall be deactivated in all remote states until the multistate
- 355 license is no longer encumbered.
- 356 (h) If a multistate authorization to practice is
- 357 encumbered in a remote state, the regulated social worker's
- 358 multistate authorization to practice may be deactivated in
- 359 that state until the multistate authorization to practice is
- 360 no longer encumbered.
- 361 \$34-30-104. Issuance of a Multistate License.
- 362 (a) Upon receipt of an application for a multistate
- 363 license, the home state licensing authority shall determine
- 364 the applicant's eligibility for a multistate license in



365 accordance with Section 34-30-103.

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- 366 (b) If the applicant is eligible pursuant to Section
 367 34-30-103, the home state licensing authority shall issue a
 368 multistate license that authorizes the applicant or regulated
 369 social worker to practice in all member states under a
 370 multistate authorization to practice.
 - (c) Upon issuance of a multistate license, the home state licensing authority shall designate whether the regulated social worker holds a multistate license in the bachelor's, master's, or clinical category of social work.
 - (d) A multistate license issued by a home state to a resident in that state shall be recognized by all compact member states as authorizing social work practice under a multistate authorization to practice corresponding to each category of licensing regulated in each member state.
- 380 \$34-30-105. Authority of the Commission and Member 381 State Licensing Authorities.
- 382 (a) Nothing in this compact, nor any rule of the
 383 commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any
 384 way reduce the ability of a member state to enact and enforce
 385 laws or rules related to the practice of social work in that
 386 state, where those laws or rules are not inconsistent with
 387 this compact.
- 388 (b) Nothing in this compact shall affect the
 389 requirements established by a member state for the issuance of
 390 a single state license.
- 391 (c) Nothing in this compact, nor any rule of the commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any



way reduce the ability of a member state to take adverse action against a licensee's single state license to practice social work in that state.

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- (d) Nothing in this compact, nor any rule of the commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any way reduce the ability of a remote state to take adverse action against a licensee's multistate authorization to practice in that state.
- 401 (e) Nothing in this compact, nor any rule of the
 402 commission, shall be construed to limit, restrict, or in any
 403 way reduce the ability of a licensee's home state to take
 404 adverse action against a licensee's multistate license based
 405 upon information provided by a remote state.
- \$34-30-106. Reissuance of a Multistate License By a New 407 Home State.
- 408 (a) A licensee may hold a home state license, issued by
 409 his or her home state, in only one member state at a time.
- 410 (b) If a licensee changes his or her home state by
 411 moving between two member states:
- 412 (1) The licensee shall immediately apply for the
 413 reissuance of his or her multistate license in his or her new
 414 home state. The licensee shall pay all applicable fees and
 415 notify the prior home state in accordance with the rules of
 416 the commission.
- 417 (2) Upon receipt of an application to reissue a
 418 multistate license, the new home state shall verify that the
 419 multistate license is active, unencumbered, and eligible for
 420 reissuance under the terms of this compact and the rules of



the commission. The multistate license issued by the prior
home state shall be deactivated and all member states notified
in accordance with the applicable rules adopted by the

commission.

- (3) Prior to the reissuance of the multistate license, the new home state shall conduct procedures for considering the criminal history records of the licensee. The procedures shall include the submission of fingerprints or other biometric-based information by applicants for the purpose of obtaining an applicant's criminal history record information from the Federal Bureau of Investigation and the agency responsible for retaining that state's criminal records.
- (4) If required for initial licensing, the new home state may require completion of jurisprudence requirements in the new home state.
 - (5) Notwithstanding any other provision of this compact, if a licensee does not meet the requirements set forth in this compact for the reissuance of a multistate license by the new home state, then the licensee shall be subject to the new home state requirements for the issuance of a single-state license in that state.
 - (c) If a licensee changes his or her primary state of residence by moving from a member state to a non-member state, or from a non-member state to a member state, then the licensee shall be subject to the state requirements for the issuance of a single-state license in the new home state.
- 447 (d) Nothing in this compact shall interfere with a 448 licensee's ability to hold a single-state license in multiple



- 449 states; however, for the purposes of this compact, a licensee
- 450 shall have only one home state and only one multistate
- 451 license.
- (e) Nothing in this compact shall interfere with the
- 453 requirements established by a member state for the issuance of
- 454 a single-state license.
- 455 §34-30-107. Military Families.
- An active military member or his or her spouse shall
- designate a home state where the individual has a multistate
- 458 license. The individual may retain his or her home state
- 459 designation during the period the service member is on active
- 460 duty.
- 461 §34-30-108. Adverse Actions.
- 462 (a) In addition to the other powers conferred by state
- law, a remote state, in accordance with existing state due
- 464 process law, may:
- 465 (1) Take adverse action against a regulated social
- 466 worker's multistate authorization to practice only within that
- 467 member state, and issue subpoenas for both hearings and
- 468 investigations that require the attendance and testimony of
- 469 witnesses as well as the production of evidence. Subpoenas
- 470 issued by a licensing authority in a member state for the
- 471 attendance and testimony of witnesses or the production of
- 472 evidence from another member state shall be enforced in the
- 473 latter state by any court of competent jurisdiction, according
- 474 to the practice and procedure applicable to subpoenas issued
- 475 in proceedings pending before that court. The issuing
- 476 licensing authority shall pay any witness fees, travel



- expenses, mileage, and other fees required by the service
 statutes of the state in which the witnesses or evidence are
 located.
 - (2) Only the home state shall have the power to take adverse action against a regulated social worker's multistate license.
- 483 (b) For the purposes of taking adverse action, the home
 484 state shall give the same priority and effect to reported
 485 conduct received from a member state as it would if the
 486 conduct had occurred within the home state. In so doing, the
 487 home state shall apply its own state laws to determine
 488 appropriate action.
 - (c) The home state shall complete any pending investigations of a regulated social worker who changes home states during the course of the investigations. The home state may also take appropriate action and shall promptly report the conclusions of the investigations to the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the data system shall promptly notify the new home state of any adverse actions.
 - (d) A member state, if otherwise permitted by state law, may recover from the affected regulated social worker the cost of investigations and dispositions of cases resulting from any adverse action taken against him or her.
- 500 (e) A member state may take adverse action based on the 501 factual findings of another member state, provided that the 502 member state follows its own procedures for taking the adverse 503 action.
- 504 (f) Joint investigations:

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505 (1) In addition to the authority granted to a member 506 state by its respective social worker practice act or other 507 applicable state law, any member state may participate with 508 other member states in joint investigations of licensees.

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- (2) Member states shall share any investigative, litigation, or compliance materials in furtherance of any joint investigation initiated under this compact.
- 512 (g) If adverse action is taken by the home state 513 against the multistate license of a regulated social worker, the regulated social worker's multistate authorization to 514 515 practice in all other member states shall be deactivated until all encumbrances have been removed from the multistate 516 517 license. All home state disciplinary orders that impose 518 adverse action against the license of a regulated social 519 worker shall include a statement that the regulated social worker's multistate authorization to practice is deactivated 520 521 in all member states until all conditions of the decison, 522 order, or agreement are satisfied.
 - (h) If a member state takes adverse action, it shall promptly notify the administrator of the data system. The administrator of the data system shall promptly notify the home state and all other member states of any adverse actions by remote states.
- 528 (i) Nothing in this compact shall override a member 529 state's decision to impose participation in an alternative 530 program in lieu of adverse action.
- 531 (j) Nothing in this compact shall authorize a member 532 state to demand the issuance of subpoenas for attendance and



- testimony of witnesses or the production of evidence from another member state for lawful actions within that member state.
- 536 (k) Nothing in this compact shall authorize a member 537 state to impose discipline against a regulated social worker 538 who holds a multistate authorization to practice for lawful 539 actions within another member state.
- 540 \$34-30-109. Establishment of Social Work Licensure 541 Compact Commission.
- 542 (a) The compact member states hereby create and 543 establish a joint governmental agency whose membership consists of all member states that have enacted this compact 544 545 known as the Social Work Licensure Compact Commission. The 546 commission is an instrumentality of this compact states acting 547 jointly and not an instrumentality of any one state. The 548 compact commission shall come into existence on or after the 549 effective date of this compact as set forth in Section 550 34-30-113.
- (b) Membership, voting, and meetings.
- 552 (1) Each member state shall have and be limited to one 553 delegate selected by that member state's licensing authority.
- (2) The delegate shall be a current member of the licensing authority at the time of appointment, who is a regulated social worker, public member of the licensing authority, or an administrator of the licensing authority, or his or her designee.
- 559 (3) The commission shall by rule or bylaw establish a term of office for delegates and may by rule or bylaw



- 561 establish term limits.
- 562 (4) The commission may recommend removal or suspension 563 of any delegate from office.
- 564 (5) A member state's licensing authority shall fill any vacancy of its delegate occurring on the commission within 60 days of the vacancy.
- 567 (6) Each delegate shall be entitled to one vote on all 568 matters before the commission requiring a vote by commission 569 delegates.
- 570 (7) A delegate shall vote in person or by other means
 571 as provided in the bylaws. The bylaws may provide for
 572 delegates to meet and vote by telecommunication, video
 573 conference, or other means of communication.
- 574 (8) The compact commission shall meet at least once
 575 during each calendar year. Additional meetings may be held as
 576 set forth in the bylaws. The compact commission may meet by
 577 telecommunication, video conference, or other similar
 578 electronic means.
- 579 (c) The commission shall have the following powers to:
- 580 (1) Establish the fiscal year of the commission.
- 581 (2) Establish code of conduct and conflict of interest policies.
- 583 (3) Establish and amend rules and bylaws.
- 584 (4) Maintain its financial records in accordance with the bylaws.
- 586 (5) Meet and take action consistent with this compact, 587 the commission's rules, and the bylaws.
- 588 (6) Initiate and conclude legal proceedings or actions



- in the name of the commission, provided that the standing of any licensing authority to sue or be sued under applicable law shall not be affected.
- 592 (7) Maintain and certify records and information 593 provided to a member state as the authenticated business 594 records of the commission, and designate an agent to do so on 595 behalf of the commission.
 - (8) Purchase and maintain insurance and bonds.
- 597 (9) Borrow, accept, or contract for services of 598 personnel including, but not limited to, employees of a member 599 state.
- 600 (10) Conduct an annual financial review.

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- (11) Hire employees, elect or appoint officers, fix
 compensation, define duties, grant those individuals
 appropriate authority to carry out the purposes of this
 compact, and establish the commission's personnel policies and
 programs relating to conflicts of interest, qualifications of
 personnel, and other related personnel matters.
 - (12) Assess and collect fees.
- of money, other sources of revenue, equipment, supplies,
 materials, services, and gifts, and receive, utilize, and
 dispose of the same; provided, that at all times the
 commission shall avoid any appearance of impropriety or
 conflict of interest.
- (14) Lease, purchase, retain, own, hold, improve, or use any property, real, personal, or mixed, or any undivided interest in property.



- 617 (15) Sell, convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, exchange, 618 abandon, or otherwise dispose of any property real, personal, 619 or mixed.
- 620 (16) Establish a budget and make expenditures.
- 621 (17) Borrow money.
- (18) Appoint committees, including standing committees, composed of members, state regulators, state legislators or their designees, consumer representatives, and other interested individuals as may be designated in this compact and the rules.
- 627 (19) Provide and receive information from, and 628 cooperate with, law enforcement agencies.
- 629 (20) Establish and elect an executive committee, 630 including a chair and a vice chair.
- 631 (21) Determine whether a state's adopted language is 632 materially different from the model compact language such that 633 the state does not qualify for participation in this compact.
- 634 (22) Perform other functions as may be necessary or 635 appropriate to achieve the purposes of this compact.
- (d) The executive committee.
- 637 (1) The executive committee shall have the power to act
 638 on behalf of the commission according to the terms of this
 639 compact. The powers, duties, and responsibilities of the
 640 executive committee shall include all of the following:
- a. Oversee the day-to-day activities of the
 administration of this compact, including enforcement and
 compliance with this compact, its rules and bylaws, and other
 duties as deemed necessary.



- b. Recommend to the commission changes to the rules or bylaws, changes to this compact legislation, fees charged to compact member states, fees charged to licensees, and other fees.
- 649 c. Ensure compact administration services are 650 appropriately provided, including by contract.
- d. Prepare and recommend the budget.
- e. Maintain financial records on behalf of the commission.
- f. Monitor compact compliance of member states and provide compliance reports to the commission.
- g. Establish additional committees as necessary.
- h. Exercise the powers and duties of the commission during the interim between commission meetings, except for adopting or amending rules, adopting or amending bylaws, and exercising any other powers and duties expressly reserved to the commission by rule or bylaw.
- i. Other duties as provided in the rules or bylaws of the commission.
- 664 (2) The executive committee shall be composed of up to 665 11 members:
- a. The chair and vice chair of the commission shall be voting members of the executive committee.
- b. The commission shall elect five voting members from the then current membership of the commission.
- c. Up to four ex officio, nonvoting members from four recognized national social work organizations as selected by their respective organizations.



- 673 (3) The commission may remove any member of the 674 executive committee as provided in the commission's bylaws.
- 675 (4) The executive committee shall meet at least 676 annually.
- a. Executive committee meetings shall be open to the public, except that the executive committee may meet in a closed, nonpublic meeting pursuant to subdivision (f)(2).
- b. The executive committee shall give seven days'

 notice of its meetings, posted on its website and as

 determined to provide notice to individuals with an interest

 in the business of the commission.
- 684 c. The executive committee may hold a special meeting 685 in accordance with paragraph (f)(1)b.
- 686 (e) The commission shall adopt and provide to the 687 member states an annual report.
- (f) Meetings of the compact commission.

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- (1) All meetings of the commission shall be open to the public, except that the commission may meet in a closed, nonpublic meeting as provided in subdivision (2).
- a. Public notice for all meetings of the full
 commission shall be given in the same manner as required for a
 public hearing under the rulemaking provisions in Section
 34-30-111, except that the commission may hold a special
 meeting as provided in paragraph b.
 - b. The commission or executive committee may hold a special meeting when the commission or executive committee must meet to conduct emergency business by giving 48 hours' notice to all commissioners, on the commission's website, and



- 701 by other means as provided in the commission's rules. The
- 702 commission's legal counsel shall certify that the commission's
- 703 need to meet qualifies as an emergency.
- 704 (2) The commission, the executive committee, or other
- 705 committees of the commission may convene in a closed,
- 706 nonpublic meeting for the commission, executive committee, or
- 707 other committees of the commission to receive legal advice or
- 708 to discuss any of the following:
- 709 a. Noncompliance of a member state with its obligations
- 710 under this compact.
- 711 b. The employment, compensation, discipline, or other
- 712 matters, practices, or procedures related to specific
- 713 employees.
- 714 c. Current or threatened discipline of a licensee by
- 715 the commission or by a member state's licensing authority.
- 716 d. Current, threatened, or reasonably anticipated
- 717 litigation.
- e. Negotiation of contracts for the purchase, lease, or
- 719 sale of goods, services, or real estate.
- f. Accusing any individual of a crime or formally
- 721 censuring any individual.
- 722 g. Trade secrets or commercial or financial information
- 723 that is privileged or confidential.
- 724 h. Information of a personal nature where disclosure
- 725 would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal
- 726 privacy.
- i. Investigative records compiled for law enforcement
- 728 purposes.



- j. Information related to any investigative reports
 prepared by or on behalf of or for the use of the commission
 or other committee charged with the responsibility of
 investigation or determination of compliance issues pursuant
 to this compact.
- 734 k. Matters specifically exempted from disclosure by
 735 federal or member state law.
- 1. Other matters as adopted by rule by the commission.
- 737 (3) If a meeting, or portion of a meeting, is closed,
 738 the presiding officer shall state that the meeting will be
 739 closed and reference each relevant exempting provision, and
 740 those references shall be recorded in the minutes.
- 741 (4) The commission shall keep minutes that fully and 742 clearly describe all matters discussed in a meeting and shall 743 provide a full and accurate summary of actions taken, and the reasons therefore, including a description of the views 744 745 expressed. All documents considered in connection with an 746 action shall be identified in the minutes. All minutes and 747 documents of a closed meeting shall remain under seal, subject 748 to release only by a majority vote of the commission or order 749 of a court of competent jurisdiction.
 - (g) Financing of the commission.

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- 751 (1) The commission shall pay, or provide for the 752 payment of, the reasonable expenses of its establishment, 753 organization, and ongoing activities.
- 754 (2) The commission may accept any and all appropriate 755 revenue sources as provided in subdivision (c)(13).
 - (3) The commission may levy and collect an annual



757 assessment from each member state and impose fees on licensees 758 of member states to whom the commission grants a multistate 759 license to cover the cost of the operations and activities of 760 the commission and commission staff, which must be in a total 761 amount sufficient to cover the annual budget of the 762 commission as approved each year for which revenue is not 763 provided by other sources. The aggregate annual assessment 764 amount for member states shall be allocated based upon a 765 formula that the commission shall adopt by rule.

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- (4) The commission shall not incur obligations of any kind prior to securing the funds adequate to meet those obligations; nor shall the commission pledge the credit of any of the member states, except by and with the authority of the member state.
- 771 (5) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of all 772 receipts and disbursements. The receipts and disbursements of 773 the commission shall be subject to the financial review and 774 accounting procedures established under its bylaws. However, 775 all receipts and disbursements of funds handled by the 776 commission shall be subject to an annual financial review by a 777 certified or licensed public accountant, and the report of the 778 financial review shall be included in and become part of the 779 annual report of the commission.
 - (h) Qualified immunity, defense, and indemnification.
- 781 (1) The members, officers, executive director,
 782 employees, and representatives of the commission shall be
 783 immune from suit and liability, both personally and in their
 784 official capacities, for any claim for damage to or loss of



property or personal injury or other civil liability caused by or arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred, or that the individual against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that nothing in this subdivision shall be construed to protect any individual from suit or liability for any damage, loss, injury, or liability caused by the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that individual. The procurement of insurance of any type by the commission shall not in any way compromise or limit the immunity granted hereunder.

- (2) The commission shall defend any member, officer, executive director, employee, and representative of the commission in any civil action seeking to impose liability arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission that occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities, or as determined by the commission that the individual against whom the claim is made had a reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, that nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit that individual from retaining his or her own counsel at his or her own expense; and provided further, that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not result from that individual's intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct.
- (3) The commission shall indemnify and hold harmless any member, officer, executive director, employee, and



813 representative of the commission for the amount of any 814 settlement or judgment obtained against that individual 815 arising out of any actual or alleged act, error, or omission 816 that occurred within the scope of commission employment, 817 duties, or responsibilities, or that the individual had a 818 reasonable basis for believing occurred within the scope of 819 commission employment, duties, or responsibilities; provided, 820 that the actual or alleged act, error, or omission did not 821 result from the intentional, willful, or wanton misconduct of that individual. 822

- (4) Nothing herein shall be construed as a limitation on the liability of any licensee for professional malpractice or misconduct, which shall be governed solely by any other applicable state law.
- (5) Nothing in this compact shall be interpreted to
 waive or otherwise abrogate a member state's state action
 immunity or state action affirmative defense with respect to
 antitrust claims under the Sherman Act, Clayton Act, or any
 other state or federal antitrust or anticompetitive law or
 rule.
- 833 (6) Nothing in this compact shall be construed to be a 834 waiver of sovereign immunity by the member states or by the 835 commission.
- \$34-30-110. Data System.

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- 837 (a) The commission shall provide for the development,
 838 maintenance, operation, and utilization of a coordinated data
 839 system.
- 840 (b) The commission shall assign each applicant for a



multistate license a unique identifier, as determined by the rules of the commission.

- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of state law to the contrary, a member state shall submit a uniform data set to the data system on all individuals to whom this compact is applicable as required by the rules of the commission, including all of the following:
- 848 (1) Identifying information.
- 849 (2) Licensure data.

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- 850 (3) Adverse actions against a license and information 851 related to that adverse action.
- 852 (4) Nonconfidential information related to alternative 853 program participation, the beginning and ending dates of 854 participation, and other information related to participation 855 not made confidential under the member state's law.
- 856 (5) Any denial of an application for licensing, and the reason or reasons for the denial.
- 858 (6) The presence of current significant investigative information.
 - (7) Other information that may facilitate the administration of this compact or the protection of the public, as determined by the rules of the commission.
 - (d) The records and information provided to a member state pursuant to this compact or through the data system, when certified by the commission or its agent, shall constitute the authenticated business records of the commission, and shall be entitled to any associated hearsay exception in any relevant judicial, quasi-judicial, or



869 administrative proceeding in a member state.

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- (e) Current significant investigative information pertaining to a licensee in any member state shall only be available to other member states.
- (f) It is the responsibility of the member states to report any adverse action against a licensee and to monitor the data system to determine whether any adverse action has been taken against a licensee. Adverse action information pertaining to a licensee in any member state shall be available to any other member state.
- (g) Member states contributing information to the data system may designate information that may not be shared with the public without the express permission of the contributing member state.
- (h) Any information submitted to the data system that is subsequently expunged pursuant to federal law or the laws of the member state contributing the information shall be removed from the data system.
- \$34-30-111. Rulemaking.
- 888 (a) The commission shall adopt reasonable rules in 889 order to effectively and efficiently implement and administer 890 the purposes and provisions of this compact. A rule shall be invalid and have no force or effect only if a court of 891 892 competent jurisdiction holds that the rule is invalid because 893 the commission exercised its rulemaking authority in a manner 894 that was beyond the scope and purposes of this compact, or the powers granted under this compact, or based upon another 895 896 applicable standard of review.



- 897 (b) The rules of the commission shall have the force of 898 law in each member state; provided, however, that where the rules of the commission conflict with the laws or rules of a 899 900 member state that establish the member state's laws, rules, 901 and applicable standards that govern the practice of social 902 work, as held by a court of competent jurisdiction, the rules 903 of the commission shall be ineffective in that state to the 904 extent of the conflict.
- 905 (c) The commission shall exercise its rulemaking powers 906 pursuant to the criteria set forth in this section and the 907 rules adopted under this section. Rules shall become binding 908 on the day following adoption or as of the date specified in 909 the rule or amendment, whichever is later.
- 910 (d) If a majority of the legislatures of the member 911 states rejects a rule or portion of a rule, by enactment of a 912 statute or resolution in the same manner used to adopt this 913 compact within four years after the date of adoption of the 914 rule, then the rule shall have no further force and effect in 915 any member state.
- 916 (e) Rules shall be adopted at a regular or special 917 meeting of the commission.
- 918 (f) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule, the 919 commission shall hold a public hearing and allow individuals 920 to provide oral and written comments, data, facts, opinions, 921 and arguments.
- 922 (g) Prior to adoption of a proposed rule by the 923 commission, and at least 30 days in advance of the meeting at 924 which the commission shall hold a public hearing on the



- proposed rule, the commission shall provide a notice of proposed rulemaking:
- 927 (1) On the website of the commission or other publicly 928 accessible platform.
- 929 (2) To individuals who have requested notice of the 930 commission's notices of proposed rulemaking.
- 931 (3) In such other ways as the compact commission may 932 specify by rule.
- 933 (h) The notice of proposed rulemaking shall include all 934 of the following:
- 935 (1) The time, date, and location of the public hearing 936 at which the commission will hear public comments on the 937 proposed rule and, if different, the time, date, and location 938 of the meeting where the compact commission will consider and 939 vote on the proposed rule.
- 940 (2) If the hearing is held via telecommunication, video 941 conference, or other means of communication, the commission 942 shall include the mechanism for access to the hearing in the 943 notice of proposed rulemaking.
- 944 (3) The text of the proposed rule and the reason 945 supporting the rule.
- 946 (4) A request for comments on the proposed rule from 947 any interested individual.
- 948 (5) The manner in which interested individuals may 949 submit written comments.
- 950 (i) All hearings shall be recorded. A copy of the 951 recording and all written comments and documents received by 952 the commission in response to the proposed rule shall be



953 available to the public.

- (j) Nothing in this section shall be construed as requiring a separate hearing on each proposed rule. Rules may be grouped for the convenience of the commission at hearings required by this section.
- 958 (k) The commission, by majority vote of all members, 959 shall take final action on the proposed rule based on the 960 rulemaking record and the full text of the rule.
 - (1) The commission may adopt changes to the proposed rule provided the changes do not enlarge the original purpose of the proposed rule.
 - (2) The commission shall provide an explanation of the reasons for substantive changes made to the proposed rule, as well as reasons for substantive changes not made that were recommended by commenters.
 - effective date for the rule. Except for an emergency as provided in subsection (1), the effective date of the rule shall be no sooner than 30 days after issuing the notice that the commission adopted or amended the rule.
 - (1) Upon determination that an emergency exists, the compact commission may consider and adopt an emergency rule with 24-hours' notice, with opportunity to comment; provided, that the usual rulemaking procedures provided in this compact and in this section shall be retroactively applied to the rule as soon as reasonably possible, and in no event later than 90 days after the effective date of the rule. For the purposes of this subsection, an emergency rule is one that must be adopted



- 981 immediately in order to:
- 982 (1) Meet an imminent threat to public health, safety, 983 or welfare.
- 984 (2) Prevent a loss of commission or member state funds.
- 985 (3) Meet a deadline for the adoption of a rule that is 986 established by federal law or rule.
- 987 (4) Protect public health and safety.
- 988 (m) The commission or an authorized committee of the 989 commission may direct revision to a previously adopted rule for purposes of correcting typographical errors, errors in 990 991 format, errors in consistency, or grammatical errors. Public 992 notice of any revision shall be posted on the website of the 993 commission. The revision shall be subject to challenge by any 994 individual for a period of 30 days after posting. The revision 995 shall be challenged only on grounds that the revision results 996 in a material change to a rule. A challenge shall be made in 997 writing and delivered to the commission prior to the end of 998 the notice period. If no challenge is made, the revision shall 999 take effect without further action. If the revision is 1000 challenged, the revision may not take effect without the 1001 approval of the commission.
- 1002 (n) No member state's rulemaking requirements shall apply under this compact.
- 1004 §34-30-112. Oversight, Dispute Resolution, and 1005 Enforcement.
- 1006 (a) Oversight.
- 1007 (1) The executive and judicial branches of state
 1008 government in each member state shall enforce this compact and



1009 take all actions necessary and appropriate to implement this
1010 compact.

- is proper and judicial proceedings by or against the commission shall be brought solely and exclusively in a court of competent jurisdiction where the principal office of the compact commission is located. The commission may waive venue and jurisdictional defenses to the extent the commission adopts or consents to participate in alternative dispute resolution proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect or limit the selection or propriety of venue in any action against a licensee for professional malpractice, misconduct, or any similar matter.
- 1022 (3) The compact commission shall be entitled to receive
 1023 service of process in any proceeding regarding the enforcement
 1024 or interpretation of this compact and shall have standing to
 1025 intervene in such a proceeding for all purposes. Failure to
 1026 provide the commission service of process shall render a
 1027 judgment or order void as to the commission, this compact, or
 1028 adopted rules.
 - (b) Default, technical assistance, and termination.
- 1030 (1) If the commission determines that a member state

 1031 has defaulted in the performance of its obligations or

 1032 responsibilities under this compact or the adopted rules, the

 1033 commission shall provide written notice to the defaulting

 1034 member state. The notice of default shall describe the

 1035 default, the proposed means of curing the default, any other

 1036 action that the commission may take, and shall offer training





1037 and specific technical assistance regarding the default.

- (2) The commission shall provide a copy of the notice of default to the other member states.
- (c) If a state in default fails to cure the default, the defaulting state may be terminated from this compact upon an affirmative vote of a majority of the delegates of the member states, and all rights, privileges, and benefits conferred on that state by this compact may be terminated on the effective date of termination. A cure of the default does not relieve the offending state of obligations or liabilities incurred during the period of default.
- imposed only after all other means of securing compliance have been exhausted. Notice of intent to suspend or terminate shall be given by the commission to the governor, the majority and minority leaders of the defaulting state's legislature, the defaulting state's licensing authority, and the licensing authority of each member state.
 - (e) A state that has been terminated is responsible for all assessments, obligations, and liabilities incurred through the effective date of termination, including obligations that extend beyond the effective date of termination.
- (f) Upon the termination of a state's membership from this compact, that state shall immediately provide notice to all licensees within that state of the termination. The terminated state shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of six months after the date of the notice of termination.



- 1065 (g) The commission shall not bear any costs related to
 1066 a state that is found to be in default or that has been
 1067 terminated from this compact, unless agreed upon in writing
 1068 between the commission and the defaulting state.
 - (h) The defaulting state may appeal the action of the commission by petitioning the United States District Court for the District of Columbia or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices. The prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
 - (i) Dispute resolution.
- 1076 (1) Upon request by a member state, the commission
 1077 shall attempt to resolve disputes related to this compact that
 1078 arise among member states and between member and non-member
 1079 states.
- 1080 (2) The commission shall adopt a rule providing for
 1081 both mediation and binding dispute resolution for disputes as
 1082 appropriate.
- 1083 (j) Enforcement.

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1084 (1) By majority vote as provided by rule, the 1085 commission may initiate legal action against a member state in 1086 default in the United States District Court for the District 1087 of Columbia, or the federal district where the commission has 1088 its principal offices, to enforce compliance with this compact 1089 and its adopted rules. The relief sought may include both 1090 injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be 1091 1092 awarded all costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney



fees. The remedies shall not be the exclusive remedies of the commission. The commission may pursue any other remedies available under federal or the defaulting member state's law.

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- (2) A member state may initiate legal action against the commission in the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, or the federal district where the commission has its principal offices, to enforce compliance with this compact and its adopted rules. The relief sought may include both injunctive relief and damages. In the event judicial enforcement is necessary, the prevailing party shall be awarded all costs of the litigation, including reasonable attorney fees.
- 1105 (3) No party other than a member state shall enforce 1106 this compact against the commission.
- 1107 §34-30-113. Effective date, withdrawal, and amendment.
- 1108 (a) The compact shall come into effect on the date on
 1109 which this compact statute is enacted into law in the seventh
 1110 member state.
- (1) On or after the effective date of this compact, the commission shall convene and review the enactment of each of the first seven member states referred to as "charter member states," to determine if the statute enacted by each charter member state is materially different than the model compact statute.
- a. A charter member state whose enactment is found to
 be materially different from this model compact statute shall
 be entitled to the default process set forth in Section
 34-30-112.



- b. If any member state is later found to be in default, or is terminated or withdraws from this compact, the commission shall remain in existence and this compact shall remain in effect even if the number of member states should be less than seven.
- 1126 (2) Member states enacting this compact subsequent to
 1127 the seven initial charter member states shall be subject to
 1128 the process set forth in Section 34-30-109(c)(21) to determine
 1129 if their enactments are materially different from the model
 1130 compact statute and whether they qualify for participation in
 1131 this compact.
- (3) All actions taken for the benefit of the commission or in furtherance of the purposes of the administration of this compact prior to the effective date of this compact or the commission coming into existence shall be considered to be actions of the commission unless specifically repudiated by the commission.
- (4) Any state that joins this compact subsequent to the commission's initial adoption of the rules and bylaws shall be subject to the rules and bylaws as they exist on the date on which this compact becomes law in that state. Any rule that has been previously adopted by the commission shall have the full force and effect of law on the day this compact becomes law in that state.
- 1145 (b) Any member state may withdraw from this compact by
 1146 enacting a statute to repeal this compact.
- 1147 (1) A member state's withdrawal shall not take effect 1148 until 180 days after enactment of the repealing statute.



1149 (2) Withdrawal shall not affect the continuing
1150 requirement of the withdrawing state's licensing authority to
1151 comply with the investigative and adverse action reporting
1152 requirements of this compact prior to the effective date of
1153 withdrawal.

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- (3) Upon the enactment of a state withdrawing from this compact, a state shall immediately provide notice of the withdrawal to all licensees within that state. Notwithstanding any subsequent statutory enactment to the contrary, the withdrawing state shall continue to recognize all licenses granted pursuant to this compact for a minimum of 180 days after the date of the notice of withdrawal.
- (c) Nothing contained in this compact shall be construed to invalidate or prevent any licensing agreement or other cooperative arrangement between a member state and a non-member state that does not conflict with this compact.
- 1165 (d) This compact may be amended by the member states.

 1166 No amendment to this compact shall become effective and

 1167 binding upon any member state until the amendment is enacted

 1168 into the laws of all member states.
- 1169 §34-30-114. Construction and severability.
- 1170 (a) This compact and the commission's rulemaking

 1171 authority shall be liberally construed so as to effectuate the

 1172 purposes, implementation, and administration of this compact.

 1173 Provisions of this compact expressly authorizing or requiring

 1174 the adoption of rules shall not be construed to limit the

 1175 commission's rulemaking authority solely for those purposes.
 - (b) The provisions of this compact shall be severable



1177 and if any phrase, clause, sentence, or provision of this 1178 compact is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be 1179 contrary to the constitution of any member state, a state 1180 seeking participation in this compact, the United States, or 1181 the applicability to any government, agency, individual, or 1182 circumstance is held to be unconstitutional by a court of 1183 competent jurisdiction, the validity of the remainder of this 1184 compact and the applicability to any other government, agency, 1185 individual, or circumstance shall not be affected.

- (c) Notwithstanding subsection (b), the commission may 1186 1187 deny a state's participation in this compact or, in accordance with the requirements of Section 34-30-112(b), terminate a 1188 1189 member state's participation in this compact, if the 1190 commission determines that a constitutional requirement of a 1191 member state is a material departure from this compact. 1192 Otherwise, if this compact shall be held to be contrary to the 1193 constitution of any member state, this compact shall remain in 1194 full force and effect as to the remaining member states and in 1195 full force and effect as to the member state affected as to 1196 all severable matters.
- 1197 §34-30-115. Consistent effect and conflict with other 1198 state laws.
- 1199 (a) A licensee providing services in a remote state

 1200 under a multistate authorization to practice shall adhere to

 1201 the laws and rules, including laws, rules, and applicable

 1202 standards of the remote state where the client is located at

 1203 the time care is rendered.

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(b) Nothing in this compact shall prevent or inhibit



- the enforcement of any other law of a member state that is not inconsistent with this compact.
- 1207 (c) Any laws, statutes, rules, or other legal
 1208 requirements in a member state in conflict with this compact
 1209 are superseded to the extent of the conflict.
- 1210 (d) All permissible agreements between the commission
 1211 and the member states are binding in accordance with their
 1212 terms.
- 1213 §34-30-116. Judicial Proceedings by Individuals.
- Except as to judicial proceedings for the enforcement of this compact among member states, individuals may pursue judicial proceedings related to this compact in any Alabama state or federal court that would otherwise have competent jurisdiction.
- 1219 Section 2. This act shall become effective on October 1220 1, 2024.