

- 1 HB290
- 2 47MC333-1
- 3 By Representatives Oliver, Sorrells, Smith, Wadsworth, Hurst,
- 4 Lipscomb, Shaw, Paschal, DuBose
- 5 RFD: Education Policy
- 6 First Read: 05-Mar-24



#### SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law each student athlete and his or her parent must sign and return a form acknowledging the receipt and review of an information sheet about the warning signs of sudden cardiac arrest.

Also under existing law, each coach of an athletic activity must complete a training course about cardiac arrest, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), and the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED).

This bill would require each local board of education and governing body of a nonpublic school to develop and implement a cardiac emergency response plan.

This bill would require the plan to include appropriate AED placement within each school, staff training, and other recommendations of the American Heart Association or another similar group.

This bill would also authorize the State Board of Education to adopt rules relating to cardiac emergency response plans.



29	A BILL
30	TO BE ENTITLED
31	AN ACT
32	
33	Relating to sudden cardiac arrest; to require the
34	governing body of each public and nonpublic school to develop
35	and implement a cardiac emergency response plan; to provide
36	standards for a cardiac emergency response plan; and to
37	authorize the State Board of Education to adopt rules.
38	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
39	Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the following
40	terms have the following meanings:
41	(1) ATHLETIC ACTIVITY. The same meaning as Section
42	16-30D-2, Code of Alabama 1975.
43	(2) AUTOMATED EXTERNAL DEFIBRILLATOR or AED. A
44	lightweight, portable device that delivers an electric shock
45	through the chest to the heart which can potentially stop an
46	irregular heartbeat and allow a normal rhythm to resume
47	following sudden cardiac arrest.
48	(3) CARDIAC EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN. A written document
49	that establishes the specific steps to reduce death from
50	cardiac arrest in a particular setting.
51	(4) HIGH-NEEDS SCHOOL. A school that meets at least one
52	of the following criteria:
53	a. A school where at least 50 percent of the students
54	are eligible to receive free and reduced priced meals.
55	b. A school that provides meals to all students through

56 the Community Eligibility Provision.



- 57 c. A Title I school.
- 58 (5) SCHOOL. A public or nonpublic preK-12 school.
- 59 (6) SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST. A heart malfunction in which
- 60 the heart stops beating unexpectedly and, if left untreated,
- 61 may quickly result in death.
- Section 2. (a) Beginning with the 2025-2026 school
- 63 year, each local board of education and governing body of a
- 64 nonpublic school shall develop and implement both of the
- 65 following:
- (1) A cardiac emergency response plan that addresses
- the appropriate use of personnel to respond to incidents of
- 68 sudden cardiac arrest or other similar life-threatening
- 69 emergencies that occur on school property.
- 70 (2) If the local board of education or the governing
- 71 body of a nonpublic school oversees a school with an athletic
- department or organized athletic program, a cardiac emergency
- 73 response plan that addresses the appropriate use of personnel
- 74 to respond to incidents of sudden cardiac arrest or other
- 75 similar life-threatening emergencies that occur while an
- 76 individual attends or participates in any athletic activity on
- 77 school property.
- 78 (b) Each cardiac emergency response plan shall include,
- 79 but not be limited to, each of the following:
- 80 (1) Recommendations relating to the development of a
- 81 cardiac emergency response plan by the American Heart
- 82 Association or another entity that provides nationally
- 83 recognized and evidence-based guidelines based on emergency
- 84 cardiovascular care.



85 (2) The establishment of a cardiac emergency response team.

- (3) The implementation and maintenance of ongoing staff training related to cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of an AED, as provided in subsection (c).
- (4) Procedures related to the activation of the cardiac emergency response team in response to an incident of sudden cardiac arrest.
  - (5) Appropriate AED placement on school property in accordance with the guidelines set by the American Heart Association or another entity that provides nationally recognized and evidence-based guidelines based on emergency cardiovascular care, including routine maintenance.
  - (6) Procedures to disseminate the cardiac emergency response plan on school property.
- 100 (7) The creation of requirements relating to the 101 practice of an emergency response, including drills.
  - (8) Procedures and standards for the ongoing annual review and evaluation of the cardiac emergency response plan.
  - (c) Appropriate school staff shall be trained in first aid, CPR, and the use of an AED according to the guidelines set forth by the American Heart Association or another entity that provides nationally recognized and evidence-based guidelines based on emergency cardiovascular care. The term appropriate school staff shall be defined in each cardiac emergency response plan and shall include, but not be limited to, licensed coaches, school nurses, and athletic trainers.
    - (d) Each local board of education and governing body of



- a nonpublic school shall work directly with local emergency services providers to develop the cardiac emergency response plan and integrate it into the community's emergency medical services responder protocols.
- Section 3. The State Board of Education may adopt rules establishing a procedure to monitor adherence to this act by local boards of education and governing bodies of nonpublic schools.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective on October 122 1, 2024.