

HB230 ENROLLED



1 HB230
2 C459QQW-3
3 By Representatives Wilcox, Underwood
4 RFD: State Government
5 First Read: 27-Feb-24



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1 Enrolled, An Act,
2 Relating to corporations; to amend Section 10A-1-7.12, Section
3 10A-2A-1.40, as last amended by Act 2023-503, 2023 Regular
4 Session, and Sections 10A-2A-1.41 and 10A-2A-16.01, Code of
5 Alabama 1975, and repeal Section 10A-2A-16.11, Code of Alabama
6 1975, to remove the requirement that corporations file an
7 annual report with the Secretary of State and remove any
8 reference to an annual report.

9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

10 Section 1. Section 10A-1-7.12, Section 10A-2A-1.40, as
11 last amended by Act 2023-503, 2023 Regular Session, and
12 Sections 10A-2A-1.41 and 10A-2A-16.01, Code of Alabama 1975,
13 are amended to read as follows:

14 "§10A-1-7.12

15 The Secretary of State may commence a proceeding under
16 Section 10A-1-7.13 to revoke the registration of a foreign
17 entity authorized to transact business in this state if:

18 ~~(1) the foreign entity does not deliver its annual~~
19 ~~report, if required by law, to the Secretary of State within~~
20 ~~180 days after it is due;~~

21 ~~(2)~~(1) the foreign entity does not pay within 180 days
22 after they are due any applicable privilege or corporation
23 share tax, qualification fee or admission tax, or interest or
24 penalties imposed by this title or other law;

25 ~~(3)~~(2) the foreign entity is without a registered agent
26 or registered office in this state for 60 days or more;

27 ~~(4)~~(3) the foreign entity does not file a statement of
28 change of registered agent or registered office with the



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29 Secretary of State under Section 10A-1-5.32 within 60 days of
30 the change or its registered agent does not file a change of
31 name or change of address of the registered office with the
32 Secretary of State under Section 10A-1-5.33 within 60 days of
33 the change;

34 ~~(5)~~ (4) an organizer, governing person, or agent of the
35 foreign entity signed a document he or she knew was false in
36 any material respect with intent that the document be
37 delivered to the Secretary of State for filing; or

38 ~~(6)~~ (5) the Secretary of State receives a duly
39 authenticated certificate from the Secretary of State or other
40 official having custody of entity records in the state or
41 country under whose laws the foreign entity is formed or is
42 governed stating that the foreign entity has been terminated."

43 "§10A-2A-1.40

44 As used in this chapter, unless otherwise specified or
45 unless the context otherwise requires, the following terms
46 have the following meanings:

47 (1) AUTHORIZED STOCK means the stock of all classes and
48 series a corporation or foreign corporation is authorized to
49 issue.

50 (2) BENEFICIAL STOCKHOLDER means a person who owns the
51 beneficial interest in stock, which is either a record
52 stockholder or a person on whose behalf shares of stock are
53 registered in the name of an intermediary or nominee.

54 (3) CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION means the certificate
55 of incorporation described in Section 10A-2A-2.02, all
56 amendments to the certificate of incorporation, and any other



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57 documents permitted or required to be delivered for filing by
58 a corporation with the Secretary of State under this chapter
59 or Chapter 1 that modify, amend, supplement, restate, or
60 replace the certificate of incorporation. After an amendment
61 of the certificate of incorporation or any other document
62 filed under this chapter or Chapter 1 that restates the
63 certificate of incorporation in its entirety, the certificate
64 of incorporation shall not include any prior documents. When
65 used with respect to a corporation incorporated and existing
66 on December 31, 2019, under a predecessor law of this state,
67 the term "certificate of incorporation" means articles of
68 incorporation, charter, or similar incorporating document, and
69 all amendments and restatements to the certificate of
70 incorporation, charter, or similar incorporating document.
71 When used with respect to a foreign corporation, a nonprofit
72 corporation, or a foreign nonprofit corporation, the
73 "certificate of incorporation" of such an entity means the
74 document of such entity that is equivalent to the certificate
75 of incorporation of a corporation. The term "certificate of
76 incorporation" as used in this chapter is synonymous to the
77 term "certificate of formation" used in Chapter 1.

78 (4) CORPORATION, except in the phrase foreign
79 corporation, means an entity incorporated or existing under
80 this chapter.

81 (5) DELIVER or DELIVERY means any method of delivery
82 used in conventional commercial practice, including delivery
83 by hand, mail, commercial delivery, and, if authorized in
84 accordance with Section 10A-2A-1.41, by electronic



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85 transmission.

86 (6) DISTRIBUTION means a direct or indirect transfer of
87 cash or other property (except a corporation's own stock) or
88 incurrence of indebtedness by a corporation to or for the
89 benefit of its stockholders in respect of any of its stock. A
90 distribution may be in the form of a payment of a dividend; a
91 purchase, redemption, or other acquisition of stock; a
92 distribution of indebtedness; a distribution in liquidation;
93 or otherwise.

94 (7) DOCUMENT means a writing as defined in Chapter 1.

95 (8) EFFECTIVE DATE, when referring to a document
96 accepted for filing by the Secretary of State, means the time
97 and date determined in accordance with Article 4 of Chapter 1.

98 (9) ELECTRONIC MAIL means an electronic transmission
99 directed to a unique electronic mail address.

100 (10) ELECTRONIC MAIL ADDRESS means a destination,
101 commonly expressed as a string of characters, consisting of a
102 unique user name or mailbox (commonly referred to as the
103 "local part" of the address) and a reference to an internet
104 domain (commonly referred to as the "domain part" of the
105 address), whether or not displayed, to which electronic mail
106 can be sent or delivered.

107 (11) ELIGIBLE ENTITY means an unincorporated entity,
108 foreign unincorporated entity, nonprofit corporation, or
109 foreign nonprofit corporation.

110 (12) ELIGIBLE INTERESTS means interests or memberships.

111 (13) EMPLOYEE includes an officer, but not a director.

112 A director may accept duties that make the director also an



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113 employee.

114 (14) ENTITY includes corporation; foreign corporation;
115 nonprofit corporation; foreign nonprofit corporation; estate;
116 trust; unincorporated entity; foreign unincorporated entity;
117 and state, United States, and foreign government.

118 (15) EXPENSES means reasonable expenses of any kind
119 that are incurred in connection with a matter.

120 (16) FILING ENTITY means an unincorporated entity,
121 other than a limited liability partnership, that is of a type
122 that is created by filing a public organic record or is
123 required to file a public organic record that evidences its
124 creation.

125 (17) FOREIGN CORPORATION means a corporation
126 incorporated under a law other than the law of this state
127 which would be a corporation if incorporated under the law of
128 this state.

129 (18) FOREIGN NONPROFIT CORPORATION means a corporation
130 incorporated under a law other than the law of this state
131 which would be a nonprofit corporation if incorporated under
132 the law of this state.

133 (19) GOVERNING STATUTE means the statute governing the
134 internal affairs of a corporation, foreign corporation,
135 nonprofit corporation, foreign nonprofit corporation,
136 unincorporated entity, or foreign unincorporated entity.

137 (20) GOVERNMENTAL SUBDIVISION includes authority,
138 county, district, and municipality.

139 (21) INCLUDES and INCLUDING denote a partial definition
140 or a nonexclusive list.



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141 (22) INTEREST means either or both of the following
142 rights under the governing statute governing an unincorporated
143 entity:

144 (i) the right to receive distributions from the entity
145 either in the ordinary course or upon liquidation; or

146 (ii) the right to receive notice or vote on issues
147 involving its internal affairs, other than as an agent,
148 assignee, proxy, or person responsible for managing its
149 business and affairs.

150 (23) INTEREST HOLDER means a person who holds of record
151 an interest.

152 (24) KNOWLEDGE is determined as follows:

153 (a) A person knows a fact when the person:

154 (1) has actual knowledge of it; or

155 (2) is deemed to know it under law other than this
156 chapter.

157 (b) A person has notice of a fact when the person:

158 (1) knows of it;

159 (2) receives notification of it in accordance with
160 Section 10A-2A-1.41;

161 (3) has reason to know the fact from all of the facts
162 known to the person at the time in question; or

163 (4) is deemed to have notice of the fact under
164 subsection (d).

165 (c) A person notifies another of a fact by taking steps
166 reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary
167 course in accordance with Section 10A-2A-1.41, whether or not
168 the other person knows the fact.



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169 (d) A person is deemed to have notice of a
170 corporation's:

171 (1) matters included in the certificate of
172 incorporation upon filing;

173 (2) dissolution, 90 days after a certificate of
174 dissolution under Section 10A-2A-14.03 becomes effective;

175 (3) conversion, merger, or interest exchange under
176 Article 9 or Article 11, 90 days after a statement of
177 conversion, or statement of merger or interest exchange
178 becomes effective;

179 (4) conversion or merger under Article 8 of Chapter 1,
180 90 days after a statement of conversion or statement of merger
181 becomes effective; and

182 (5) revocation of dissolution and reinstatement, 90
183 days after certificate of revocation of dissolution and
184 reinstatement under Section 10A-2A-14.04 becomes effective.

185 (e) A stockholder's knowledge, notice, or receipt of a
186 notification of a fact relating to the corporation is not
187 knowledge, notice, or receipt of a notification of a fact by
188 the corporation solely by reason of the stockholder's capacity
189 as a stockholder.

190 (f) The date and time of the effectiveness of a notice
191 delivered in accordance with Section 10A-2A-1.41, is
192 determined by Section 10A-2A-1.41.

193 (25) MEANS denotes an exhaustive definition.

194 (26) MEMBERSHIP means the rights of a member in a
195 nonprofit corporation or foreign nonprofit corporation.

196 (27) ORGANIZATIONAL DOCUMENTS means the public organic



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197 record and private organizational documents of a corporation,
198 foreign corporation, or eligible entity.

199 (28) PRINCIPAL OFFICE means the office (in or out of
200 this state) ~~so designated in the annual report~~ where the
201 principal executive offices of ~~a~~ the corporation or foreign
202 corporation are located.

203 (29) PRIVATE ORGANIZATIONAL DOCUMENTS means (i) the
204 bylaws of a corporation, foreign corporation, nonprofit
205 corporation, or foreign nonprofit corporation, or (ii) the
206 rules, regardless of whether in writing, that govern the
207 internal affairs of an unincorporated entity or foreign
208 unincorporated entity, are binding on all its interest
209 holders, and are not part of its public organic record, if
210 any. Where private organizational documents have been amended
211 or restated, the term means the private organizational
212 documents as last amended or restated.

213 (30) PROCEEDING includes any civil suit and criminal,
214 administrative, and investigatory action.

215 (31) PUBLIC ORGANIC RECORD means (i) the certificate of
216 incorporation of a corporation, foreign corporation, nonprofit
217 corporation, or foreign nonprofit corporation, or (ii) the
218 document, if any, the filing of which is required to create an
219 unincorporated entity or foreign unincorporated entity, or
220 which creates the unincorporated entity or foreign
221 unincorporated entity and is required to be filed. Where a
222 public organic record has been amended or restated, the term
223 means the public organic record as last amended or restated.

224 (32) RECORD DATE means the date fixed for determining



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225 the identity of the corporation's stockholders and their
226 stockholdings for purposes of this chapter. Unless another
227 time is specified when the record date is fixed, the
228 determination shall be made as of the close of business at the
229 principal office of the corporation on the date so fixed.

230 (33) RECORD STOCKHOLDER means (i) the person in whose
231 name shares of stock are registered in the records of the
232 corporation, or (ii) the person identified as the beneficial
233 owner of stock in a beneficial ownership certificate pursuant
234 to Section 10A-2A-7.23 on file with the corporation to the
235 extent of the rights granted by such certificate.

236 (34) SECRETARY means the corporate officer to whom the
237 board of directors has delegated responsibility under Section
238 10A-2A-8.40(c) to maintain the minutes of the meetings of the
239 board of directors and of the stockholders and for
240 authenticating records of the corporation.

241 (35) STOCK EXCHANGE means a transaction pursuant to
242 Section 10A-2A-11.03.

243 (36) STOCKHOLDER means a record stockholder.

244 (37) STOCK means the units into which the proprietary
245 interests in a corporation or foreign corporation are divided.

246 (38) TYPE OF ENTITY means a generic form of entity: (i)
247 recognized at common law; or (ii) formed under a governing
248 statute, regardless of whether some entities formed under that
249 law are subject to provisions of that law that create
250 different categories of the form of entity.

251 (39) UNINCORPORATED ENTITY means an organization or
252 artificial legal person that either has a separate legal



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253 existence or has the power to acquire an estate in real
254 property in its own name and that is not any of the following:
255 a corporation, foreign corporation, nonprofit corporation,
256 foreign nonprofit corporation, a series of a limited liability
257 company or of another type of entity, an estate, a trust, a
258 state, United States, or foreign government. The term includes
259 a general partnership, limited liability company, limited
260 partnership, business trust, joint stock association, and
261 unincorporated nonprofit association.

262 (40) UNITED STATES includes any district, authority,
263 bureau, commission, department, and any other agency of the
264 United States.

265 (41) UNRESTRICTED VOTING TRUST BENEFICIAL OWNER means,
266 with respect to any stockholder rights, a voting trust
267 beneficial owner whose entitlement to exercise the stockholder
268 right in question is not inconsistent with the voting trust
269 agreement.

270 (42) VOTING GROUP means all stock of one or more
271 classes or series that under the certificate of incorporation
272 or this chapter are entitled to vote and be counted together
273 collectively on a matter at a meeting of stockholders. All
274 stock entitled by the certificate of incorporation or this
275 chapter to vote generally on the matter is for that purpose a
276 single voting group.

277 (43) VOTING POWER means the current power to vote in
278 the election of directors.

279 (44) VOTING TRUST BENEFICIAL OWNER means an owner of a
280 beneficial interest in stock of the corporation held in a



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281 voting trust established pursuant to Section 10A-2A-7.30(a)."

282 "§10A-2A-1.41

283 (a) A notice under this chapter must be in writing
284 unless oral notice is reasonable in the circumstances. Unless
285 otherwise agreed between the sender and the recipient, words
286 in a notice or other communication under this chapter must be
287 in English.

288 (b) A notice or other communication may be given by any
289 method of delivery, except that notice or other communication
290 by electronic transmission must be in accordance with this
291 section. If the methods of delivery are impracticable, a
292 notice or other communication from the corporation may be
293 given by means of a broad non-exclusionary distribution to the
294 public (which may include a newspaper of general circulation
295 in the area where published; radio, television, or other form
296 of public broadcast communication; or other methods of
297 distribution that the corporation has previously identified to
298 its stockholders).

299 (c) A notice or other communication to a corporation or
300 to a foreign corporation registered to transact business in
301 this state may be delivered to the corporation's registered
302 agent at its registered office or to the secretary at the
303 corporation's principal office ~~shown in its most recent annual~~
304 ~~report~~ or, in the case of a foreign corporation ~~that has not~~
305 ~~yet delivered an annual report~~, in its foreign registration
306 under Chapter 1.

307 (d) A notice or other communications from the
308 corporation to a stockholder may be delivered by electronic



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309 mail to the electronic mail address for that stockholder
310 required to be included in the record of stockholders
311 maintained pursuant to Section 10A-2A-16.01(d), unless that
312 stockholder has previously notified the corporation in writing
313 that the stockholder objects to receiving notices and other
314 communications by electronic mail. Any notice or communication
315 may be delivered by another form of electronic transmission if
316 consented to by the stockholder or if authorized by subsection
317 (j). Any notice or other communication from the corporation to
318 any other person may be delivered by electronic transmission
319 if consented to by the recipient or if authorized by
320 subsection (j). Any consent given under this subsection or
321 subsection (j) may be revoked with respect to future notices
322 or communications by the person who consented by written
323 notice to the person to whom the consent was delivered.

324 (e) A notice or other communication may no longer be
325 delivered to an electronic mail address or other electronic
326 transmission address pursuant to subsection (d) if (i) the
327 corporation receives notice from the information processing
328 system into which the notice or other communication was
329 entered that two consecutive notices or other communications
330 given by electronic transmissions have not been delivered to
331 the electronic mail address or other electronic transmission
332 address to which the notice or other communication was
333 directed, and (ii) the notice of non-delivery becomes known to
334 the secretary or an assistant secretary or to the transfer
335 agent, or another person responsible for the giving of notices
336 or other communications for the corporation; provided,



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337 however, the inadvertent failure to recognize the notice of
338 non-delivery as a cessation of authority to provide a
339 stockholder with notice by electronic mail or other electronic
340 transmission shall not invalidate any meeting or other action.

341 (f) Unless otherwise agreed between the sender and the
342 recipient, a notice or other communication by electronic
343 transmission is received when:

344 (1) it enters an information processing system directed
345 to (i) in the case of a stockholder, the electronic mail
346 address for the stockholder required to be included in the
347 record of stockholders maintained pursuant to Section
348 10A-2A-16.01(d) or other electronic transmission address at
349 which the stockholder has consented to receive notice or other
350 communications by electronic transmission, or (ii) in the case
351 of any other recipient, the electronic transmission address at
352 which the recipient has consented to receive notice or other
353 communications by electronic transmission; and

354 (2) it is in a form capable of being processed by that
355 system.

356 (g) Receipt of an electronic acknowledgement from an
357 information processing system described in subsection (f)(1)
358 establishes that an electronic transmission was received but,
359 by itself, does not establish that the content sent
360 corresponds to the content received.

361 (h) An electronic transmission is received under this
362 section even if no person is aware of its receipt.

363 (i) A notice or other communication, if in a
364 comprehensible form or manner, is effective at the earliest of



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365 the following:

366 (1) if in a physical form, the earliest of when it is
367 actually received, or when it is left at:

368 (i) a stockholder's address included in the record of
369 stockholders maintained pursuant to Section 10A-2A-16.01(d);

370 (ii) a director's residence or usual place of business;

371 or

372 (iii) the corporation's principal office;

373 (2) if mailed by United States mail postage prepaid and
374 addressed to a stockholder at the stockholder's address
375 included in the record of stockholders maintained pursuant to
376 Section 10A-2A-16.01(d), upon deposit in the mail;

377 (3) if mailed by United States mail postage prepaid and
378 addressed to a recipient other than a stockholder at the
379 address included in the corporation's records, the earliest of
380 when it is actually received, or:

381 (i) if sent by registered or certified mail, return
382 receipt requested, the date shown on the return receipt signed
383 by or on behalf of the addressee; or

384 (ii) five days after it is deposited in the United
385 States mail;

386 (4) if sent by a nationally recognized commercial
387 carrier that issues a receipt or other confirmation of
388 delivery, the earliest of when it is actually received or the
389 date shown on the receipt or other confirmation of delivery
390 issued by the commercial carrier;

391 (5) if an electronic transmission, when it is received
392 as provided in subsection (f); and



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393 (6) if oral, when communicated.

394 (j) A notice or other communication may be in the form
395 of an electronic transmission that cannot be directly
396 reproduced in paper form by the recipient through an automated
397 process used in conventional commercial practice only if (i)
398 the electronic transmission is otherwise retrievable in
399 perceivable form, and (ii) the sender and the recipient have
400 consented in writing to the use of such form of electronic
401 transmission.

402 (k) If this chapter prescribes requirements for notices
403 or other communications in particular circumstances, those
404 requirements govern. If the certificate of incorporation or
405 bylaws prescribe requirements for notices or other
406 communications, not inconsistent with this section or other
407 provisions of this chapter, those requirements govern. The
408 certificate of incorporation or bylaws may authorize or
409 require delivery of notices of meetings of directors by
410 electronic transmission.

411 (l) In the event that any provisions of this chapter
412 are deemed to modify, limit, or supersede the federal
413 Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act, 15
414 U.S.C. §§_7001 et seq., the provisions of this chapter shall
415 control to the maximum extent permitted by Section 102(a)(2)
416 of that federal act.

417 (m) Whenever a notice or communication would otherwise
418 be required to be given under this chapter to a stockholder,
419 the notice or communication need not be given if the
420 corporation is not permitted to deliver the notice or



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421 communication by electronic transmission pursuant to
422 subsections (d) and (e) and:

423 (1) notices and communications to stockholders of two
424 consecutive annual meetings, and all notices and
425 communications of meetings during the period between those two
426 consecutive annual meetings, have been sent to that
427 stockholder at that stockholder's address included in the
428 record of stockholders maintained pursuant to Section
429 10A-2A-16.01(d) and have been returned undeliverable or could
430 not be delivered; or

431 (2) all, but not less than two, distributions to
432 stockholders during a 12-month period, or two consecutive
433 distributions to stockholders during a period of more than 12
434 months, have been sent to that stockholder at that
435 stockholder's address included in the record of stockholders
436 maintained pursuant to Section 10A-2A-16.01(d) and have been
437 returned undeliverable or could not be delivered; or

438 (3) no address has been provided to the corporation by
439 or on behalf of a stockholder and the corporation has not
440 otherwise obtained an address for that stockholder it believes
441 to be reliable.

442 In addition, if any stockholder to which this
443 subsection (m) applies delivers to the corporation a written
444 notice or communication setting forth that stockholder's
445 then-current address, the requirement that notice and
446 communication be given to that stockholder shall be
447 reinstated.

448 (n) Whenever a notice or communication is required to



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449 be given, under this chapter or the certificate of
450 incorporation or bylaws of any corporation, to any person with
451 whom notice to or communication with is unlawful, the giving
452 of the notice or communication to that person shall not be
453 required and there shall be no duty to apply to any
454 governmental authority or agency for a license or permit to
455 give the notice or communication to that person. Any action or
456 meeting which shall be taken or held without notice or
457 communication to the person with whom notice to or
458 communication with is unlawful shall have the same force and
459 effect as if the notice or communication had been duly given.
460 In the event that the action taken by the corporation is such
461 as to require the filing of a certificate or other filing
462 instrument under any other sections of this chapter, the
463 certificate or other filing instrument shall state, if that is
464 the fact and if notice or communication is required, that
465 notice or communication was given to all persons entitled to
466 receive notice or communication except those persons with whom
467 notice to or communication with is unlawful."

468 "§10A-2A-16.01

469 (a) A corporation shall maintain the following records:

470 (1) its certificate of incorporation as currently in
471 effect;

472 (2) any notices to stockholders referred to in Section
473 10A-2A-1.20(c)(5) specifying facts on which a filed document
474 is dependent if those facts are not included in the
475 certificate of incorporation or otherwise available as
476 specified in Section 10A-2A-1.20(c)(5);



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477 (3) its bylaws as currently in effect;

478 (4) all written communications within the past three
479 years to stockholders generally;

480 (5) minutes of all meetings of, and records of all
481 actions taken without a meeting by, its stockholders, its
482 board of directors, and board committees established under
483 Section 10A-2A-8.25; and

484 (6) a list of the names and business addresses of its
485 current directors and officers; ~~and~~

486 ~~(7) its most recent annual report delivered to the~~
487 ~~Secretary of State under Section 10A-2A-16.11.~~

488 (b) A corporation shall maintain all annual financial
489 statements prepared for the corporation for its last three
490 fiscal years (or any shorter period of existence) and any
491 audit or other reports with respect to those financial
492 statements.

493 (c) A corporation shall maintain accounting records in
494 a form that permits preparation of its financial statements.

495 (d) A corporation shall maintain a record of its
496 current stockholders in alphabetical order by class or series
497 of stock showing the address of each stockholder to which
498 notices and other communications from the corporation are to
499 be sent, and which shall include the number and class or
500 series of stock held by each stockholder. In addition, if a
501 stockholder has provided an electronic mail address to the
502 corporation or has consented to receive notices or other
503 communications by electronic mail or other electronic
504 transmission, the record of stockholders shall include the



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505 electronic mail or other electronic transmission address of
506 the stockholder if notices or other communications are being
507 delivered by the corporation to the stockholder at that
508 electronic mail or other electronic transmission address
509 pursuant to Section 10A-2A-1.41(d). An electronic mail address
510 of a stockholder shall be deemed to be provided by a
511 stockholder if it is contained in a communication to the
512 corporation by or on behalf of the stockholder, unless the
513 communication expressly indicates that the electronic mail
514 address may not be used to deliver notices or other
515 communications.

516 (e) A corporation shall maintain the records specified
517 in this section in a manner so that they may be made available
518 for inspection within a reasonable time."

519 Section 2. Section 10A-2A-16.11 of the Code of Alabama
520 1975, requiring each corporation, including foreign
521 corporations authorized to transact business in this state, to
522 file an annual report with the Secretary of State, is
523 repealed.

524 Section 3. This act shall become effective on October
525 1, 2024.



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Speaker of the House of Representatives

President and Presiding Officer of the Senate

House of Representatives

I hereby certify that the within Act originated in and was passed by the House 19-Mar-24, as amended.

John Treadwell
Clerk

Senate

25-Apr-24

Passed