By Representatives Wood (D), Wilcox, Mooney, Crawford, Shedd, Hulsey

RFD: Health

First Read: 09-Mar-23
SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, a health care facility must follow certain requirements related to visitation for patients, clients, or residents.

This bill would repeal existing law related to health care facility visitation and would require health care facilities to adopt visitation policies and procedures that meet certain standards.

This bill would provide that residents, clients, or patients of a health care facility have the right to visit with any individual of their choosing during the facility's visiting hours.

This bill would allow a resident, client, or patient to designate an essential caregiver, and would require health care facilities to allow essential caregivers at least two hours of daily visitation.

This bill would require that any safety-related policies or procedures may not be more stringent than those established for the health care facility's staff.

This bill would prohibit a health care facility from requiring visitors to submit proof of vaccination or from prohibiting consensual physical contact between a visitor and a resident, client, or patient.

This bill would allow a health care facility to suspend in-person visitation of a specific visitor if a
visitor violates the facility's policies and procedures.

This bill would require health care facilities to allow visitors for residents, clients, or patients in certain situations, including end-of-life scenarios; childbirth; pediatric care; and for those who are having adjustment issues, making a major medical decision, experiencing emotional distress or grief, or struggling to eat, drink, or speak in certain situations.

This bill would require each health care facility to provide its visitation policies and procedures to the Department of Public Health when applying for licensure, renewal, or change of ownership, and would require the Department of Public Health to dedicate a page on its website to explain visitation requirements and provide a mechanism for complaints.

This bill would also prohibit the modification or suspension of any requirement by emergency rule or order.
Relating to health care facilities; to add Section 22-21-437 to the Code of Alabama 1975; to require health care facilities to adopt certain visitation policies; to provide that patients have a right to certain visitation; to allow patients to designate an essential caregiver and to guarantee that caregiver certain visitation rights; to prohibit a health care facility from adopting a visitation policy that is more stringent than certain employee policies; to prohibit a health care facility from requiring visitors to show proof of vaccination or from prohibiting consensual physical contact between visitors and patients; to provide for the circumstances in which patients may not be denied visitors; to require health care facilities to provide visitation policies to the Department of Public Health; to require the Department of Public Health to develop a mechanism for complaints; to prohibit any suspension or modification by emergency rule or order; and to repeal Sections 22-21-430 through 22-21-436, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to hospital visitation during a public health emergency.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Section 22-21-437 is added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:

§22-21-437

(a) For the purposes of this section, the term "health care facility" means a general acute hospital, long-term care facility, skilled nursing facility, intermediate care facility, assisted living facility, or specialty care assisted living facility.
(b) A resident, client, or patient of a health care facility shall have the right to visit with any individual of his or her choosing during the facility's visiting hours.

(c) No later than 30 days after the effective date of this act, each health care facility shall establish visitation policies and procedures. The policies and procedures must, at a minimum, include each of the following:

(1) Infection control and education policies for visitors.

(2) Screening, personal protective equipment, and other infection control protocols for visitors.

(3) The permissible length of visits and numbers of visitors in accordance with this section.

(4) Designation of an individual responsible for ensuring that staff adhere to the policies and procedures.

(d) Safety-related policies and procedures may not be more stringent than those established for the provider's staff and may not require visitors to submit proof of any vaccination or immunization. The policies and procedures must allow consensual physical contact between a resident, client, or patient and the visitor.

(e) A resident, client, or patient may designate a visitor who is a family member, friend, guardian, or other individual as an essential caregiver. The provider must allow in-person visitation by the essential caregiver for at least two hours daily in addition to any other visitation authorized by the facility. This subsection does not require an essential caregiver to provide necessary care to a resident, client, or
patient of a provider, and providers may not require an
essential caregiver to provide such care.

(f) The visitation policies and procedures required by
this section must allow in-person visitation in all of the
following circumstances, unless the resident, client, or
patient objects:

(1) End-of-life situations.

(2) A resident, client, or patient who was living with
family before being admitted to the provider's care is
struggling with the change in environment and lack of
in-person family support.

(3) The resident, client, or patient is making one or
more major medical decisions.

(4) A resident, client, or patient is experiencing
emotional distress or grieving the loss of a friend or family
member who recently died.

(5) A resident, client, or patient needs cueing or
encouragement to eat or drink which was previously provided by
a family member or caregiver.

(6) A resident, client, or patient who used to talk and
interact with others is seldom speaking.

(7) For hospitals, childbirth, including labor and
delivery.

(8) Pediatric patients.

(g) The policies and procedures may require a visitor
to agree in writing to follow the health care facility's
policies and procedures. A health care facility may suspend
in-person visitation of a specific visitor if the visitor
violates the provider's policies and procedures.

(h)(1) Each health care facility shall provide its visitation policies and procedures to the Alabama Department of Health when applying for initial licensure, licensure renewal, or change of ownership. The health care facility must make the visitation policies and procedures available to the agency for review at any time, upon request.

(2) Within 24 hours after establishing the policies and procedures required under this section, providers must make the policies and procedures easily accessible from the homepage of their websites.

(3) The Alabama Department of Public Health shall dedicate a stand-alone page on its website to explain the visitation requirements of this section and provide a link to the agency's webpage to report complaints.

(i) The provisions of this section may not be suspended or modified by emergency rule or order.

Section 2. Sections 22-21-430 through 22-21-436, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to hospital visitation during a public health emergency, are repealed.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.