RUKJMM-1 01/16/2023 RA (L) RA 2023-99

House Ways and Means Education Reported Substitute for HB293



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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to port credits; to amend Sections 40-18-401
10	and 40-18-403, Code of Alabama 1975, to expand the cap of the
11	port credit and to expand tax incentives for businesses and
12	enterprises who increase their cargo volume through Alabama
13	public ports.
14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
15	Section 1. Sections 40-18-401 and 40-18-403, Code of
16	Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
17	" §40-18-401
18	(a) The port credit provided for in Section 40-18-403
19	is created by this article and is allowed upon strict
20	compliance with the provisions herein.
21	(b) Prior to the allowance of the port credit, an
22	application shall be filed with the commission, on a form
23	promulgated by the commission.
24	(1) The application shall be filed by the port facility
25	user desiring to claim the credit.
26	(2) The commission shall establish deadlines for
27	applications. Such applications shall solicit whatever
28	information the commission deems important to its



determination of whether granting a port credit will create
new, high paying jobs in the state, bring substantial capital
to the state, increase the usage of a port facility, promote
the development of clusters of businesses in the state, or
promote the economic development efforts of the state.

- (3) Upon review of the applications, the commission may approve such applications as shall result in port credits being awarded so as not to exceed twelve million dollars (\$12,000,000) twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) for the life of the program, and shall not exceed five million dollars (\$5,000,000) in a fiscal year.
- 40 (4) The commission shall charge application fees to 41 offset the costs of administration of this article.
 - (c) Prior to claiming a port credit, the company shall submit to the Department of Commerce a certification containing information adequate to prove that the company is entitled to the credit. Following such examination as it deems necessary, the Department of Commerce may certify the information and deliver the same to the Department of Revenue. Thereafter, the Department of Revenue shall allow the tax credit.
 - (d) (1) Nothing in this article shall be construed to constitute a guarantee or assumption by the state of any debt of any company nor to authorize the credit of the state to be given, pledged, or loaned to any company.
 - (2) Nothing in this article shall be construed to make available to any company any right to the benefits conferred by this article absent strict compliance with this article.



- (3) Nothing in this article shall be construed to change or lessen the requirements for claiming jobs act incentives under the Alabama Jobs Act, Section 40-18-370, et seq. Companies claiming the jobs act incentives must strictly comply with the Alabama Jobs Act.
- (4) All filings made by a private party with the commission or any department of state government shall be made using forms adopted by the commission or department. Any such filing shall be treated as a tax return, subject to penalties imposed by the Department of Revenue.
- (5) Nothing in this article shall be construed to limit the powers otherwise existing for the Department of Revenue to audit and assess any company claiming a port credit."

70 "\$40-18-403

- (a) If approved by the commission, a port credit is allowed, in an amount equal to fifty dollars (\$50) per TEU, three dollars (\$3) per net ton, four cents (\$0.04) per kilogram for air freight, or two dollars and ninety-one cents (\$2.91) per VEU, multiplied by the following the cargo volume calculated from subdivisions (1) and (2) as follows multiplied by the appropriate amount shown in the table in subsection (b):
- 79 (1) The port user's cargo volume in the 12-month period 80 for which the commission has granted approval for the port 81 user to claim the port credit, minus
 - (2) The port user's base cargo volume.
 - (b) Port credit amount.

84	<u>Increase in</u>	TEU	Net Ton	Kilogram	<u>VEU</u>



<pre>cargo volume</pre>			<u>for Air</u>	
over base			<u>Freight</u>	
under 4.99 percent	<u>\$50</u>	<u>\$3</u>	\$0.04	\$2.91
5 to 14.99 percent	<u>\$75</u>	<u>\$4.5</u>	\$0.06	\$4.37
15 to 24.99 percent	<u>\$100</u>	<u>\$6</u>	\$0.08	<u>\$5.82</u>
25 percent or greater	<u>\$125</u>	<u>\$7.5</u>	\$0.1	\$7.28

(c) The commission shall decrease the amount of the port credit to ensure that the anticipated revenues for the port facility and state will exceed the amount of the port credit sought. The port credit may be conditioned on whatever requirements the commission shall impose. The port credits shall only be available to the extent that a port facility user ships more than 105 percent of its cargo volume from the 12-month period immediately preceding the port facility user's application. Moreover, the port credit shall only be available to the extent a port facility user ships more than 10 TEUs, for cargo measured by TEU, more than 75 net tons, for cargo measured by net ton, more than fifteen thousand (15,000) kilograms for air cargo measured by VEU.

(c) (d) The following methods may be used to realize the port credit:

(1) The port credit may offset the tax levied by this chapter, but not below zero. The port credit may also offset



117 the estimated payments of the tax levied by this chapter, but 118 not below zero. In no event shall the port credits be allowed 119 to reduce any estimated payment of the tax levied by this 120 chapter before October 1, 2016. In any one year, if the port 121 credit exceeds the amount of tax liability, the port user may 122 carry forward the unused port credit. No carryforward shall be 123 allowed for more than five years. Rules similar to those used 124 for Section 40-18-15.2 shall be applied.

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- (2) A company may assign and convey a port credit to another company if substantially all of the assets of the company are assigned and conveyed in the same transaction. Proof of such transfer shall be submitted to the Department of Revenue.
- (e) To the extent that the port credit is utilized by
 the port user or by a transferee company, no deduction for the
 related expenses shall be allowed.
 - (f) For any company which enters into an economic development project agreement with the state, the project agreement may provide for an allocation to the company of any port credits which have not been allocated pursuant to this article. Allocations made pursuant to this subsection shall meet all of the following requirements:
- 139 (1) Allocations shall be made by the Governor and approved by the commission.
- 141 (2) Allocations for a project shall not exceed three 142 million dollars (\$3,000,000).
- 143 (3) Allocations shall be granted only to a new
 144 warehouse or distribution facility which commits to investing



at least twenty million dollars (\$20,000,000) at a single site and to creating 75 net new jobs in Alabama.

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- (4) Port credits may not be used until the Department of Commerce has received satisfactory proof that the capital investment and job creation requirements have been satisfied.
- (5) Any port credit granted by this procedure shall not be granted for more than a 3-year period.
- (6) Allocations shall not exceed the per unit amounts

 stated in subsection (b) one hundred dollars (\$100) per TEU,

 three dollars (\$3) per net ton, four cents (\$0.04) per

 kilogram for air freight, or two dollars and ninety-one cents

 (\$2.91) per VEU.
 - (7) Anticipated revenues for the state shall exceed the port credit granted, and the project agreement shall provide for recapture of all or part of the port credit should the company default on its obligations in the project agreement."

Section 2. The provisions of this act shall be effective for all tax years beginning after December 31, 2023.

Section 3. This act shall become effective January 1, 2024, following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.