- 1 SB87
- 2 215949-1
- 3 By Senator Stutts
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 13-JAN-22

1	215949-1:n:12/21/2021:HB/ma LSA2021-2401
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would create the Sergeant Nick
9	Risner Act.
10	Under existing law, certain prisoners in the
11	physical custody of the Department of Corrections
12	are eligible for correctional incentive time.
13	This bill would provide that any person who
14	enters into a plea agreement would not be eligible
15	for correctional incentive time.
16	This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
17	technical revisions to update the existing code
18	language to current style.
19	
20	A BILL
21	TO BE ENTITLED
22	AN ACT
23	
24	Relating to crimes and offenses; to create the
25	Sergeant Nick Risner Act; to amend Section 14-9-41, Code of
26	Alabama 1975; to provide that certain plea agreements would
27	render a prisoner ineligible for good time: and to make

- nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing
- 2 code language to current style.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
- Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Sergeant Nick Risner Act.
- Section 2. Section 14-9-41, Code of Alabama 1975, is amended to read as follows:
- 8 "\$14-9-41.

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- "(a) Each Except as provided in subsection (e), each prisoner who shall hereafter be is convicted of any offense against the laws of the State of Alabama and is confined, in execution of the judgment or sentence upon any conviction, in the penitentiary, or at hard labor for the county jail, or in any municipal jail for a definite or indeterminate term, other than for life, whose record of conduct shows that he or she has faithfully observed the rules for a period of time to be specified by this article, may be entitled to earn a deduction from the term of his or her sentence as follows:
  - "(1) Seventy-five days for each 30 days actually served while the prisoner is classified as a Class I prisoner.
  - "(2) Forty days for each 30 days actually served while the prisoner is a Class II prisoner.
- "(3) Twenty days for each 30 days actually served while the prisoner is a Class III prisoner.
- 25 "(4) No good time shall accrue during the period the 26 prisoner is classified as a Class IV prisoner.

"(b) Within 90 days after May 19, 1980, the

Commissioner of the Department of Corrections shall establish

and publish in appropriate directives certain criteria not in

conflict with this article for Class I, II, III, and IV

prisoner classifications. Such The classifications shall

encompass consideration of the prisoner's behavior,

discipline, and work practices and job responsibilities.

- "(c)(1) Class I is set aside for those includes prisoners who are considered to be trustworthy in every respect and who, by virtue of their work habits, conduct, and attitude of cooperation have proven their trustworthiness. An example of a Class I inmate would be one who could work without constant supervision by a security officer.
- "(2) Class II is that category of includes prisoners whose jobs will be under the supervision of a correctional employee at all times. Any inmate shall remain in this classification for a minimum period of six months before being eliqible for Class I.
- "(3) Class III is for includes prisoners with special assignments. They may not receive any of the privileges of Class I and Class II inmates prisoners. Any inmate A prisoner shall remain in this classification for a minimum period of three months before being eligible for Class II.
- "(4) Class IV is for includes prisoners not yet classified and for those who are able to work and refuse, or prisoners who commit disciplinary infractions of such a nature

which that do not warrant a higher classification, or inmates

prisoners who do not abide by the rules of the institution.

Inmates Prisoners who are classified in this earning class
receive no correctional incentive time. This class is

generally referred to as "flat time" or "day-for-day." Any

inmate A prisoner shall remain in this classification for a

minimum period of 30 days before being eligible for Class III.

- "(5) No <u>inmate prisoner</u> may reach any class without first having gone through and meeting the requirements of all lower classifications.
- "(d) As a prisoner gains a higher classification status he or she shall not be granted retroactive correctional incentive credit time based on the higher classification he or she has reached, but shall only be granted correctional incentive credit time based solely on the classification in which he or she was serving at the time the correctional incentive credit time was earned. Nothing in this article shall be interpreted as authorizing an inmate authorizes a prisoner to receive correctional incentive credits time based on the highest classification he or she attains for any period of time in which he or she was serving in a lower classification or from the date of his or her sentence.
- "(e) (1) Provided, however, no person No prisoner may receive the benefits of correctional incentive time if under any of the following circumstances:
- "a.  $\underline{\text{He}}$  or she has been convicted of a Class A felony.

1	"b. He or she has been sentenced pursuant to a plea
2	agreement for a lessor or related offense. or has been
3	"c. He or she has been sentenced to life, or
4	sentenced to death, or who has received a sentence for more
5	than 15 years. in the state penitentiary or in the county jail
6	at hard labor or in any municipal jail. No person may receive
7	the benefits of correctional incentive time if
8	"d. he He or she has been convicted of a sex offense
9	involving a child as defined in Section 15-20A-4 $\frac{(26)}{}$ .
10	"(2)a. No <del>person</del> <u>prisoner</u> may be placed in Class I
11	if under either of the following circumstances:
12	"1. he He or she has been convicted of an assault
13	where the victims of $\frac{\text{the}}{\text{such}}$ assault suffered the permanent
14	loss or use or permanent partial loss or use of any bodily
15	organ or appendage.
16	"2. No person may be placed in Class I if he He or
17	she has been convicted of a crime involving the perpetration
18	of sexual abuse upon the person of a child under the age of 17
19	years.
20	" <u>b.</u> The court sentencing a person shall note <del>upon</del> <u>on</u>
21	the transcript to accompany such accompanying the prisoner the
22	fact that he or she has been sentenced as a result of to a
23	crime that forbids his or her being classified as a Class I
24	prisoner.
25	"(f)(1) If $_{\boldsymbol{L}}$ during the term of imprisonment $_{\boldsymbol{L}}$ a
26	prisoner commits an offense or violates a rule of the
27	Department of Corrections, all or any part of his or her

correctional incentive time accrued pursuant to this section shall be forfeited.

- "(2) The Commissioner of the Department of
  Corrections shall have the power to restore to any prisoner
  who has heretofore, or who may hereafter, forfeit the
  deductions allowed him or her for good behavior, work habits
  and cooperation, or good conduct, by violating any existing
  law or prison rule or regulation such portion of his or her
  deduction for good conduct or good behavior as may be proper
  in his or her judgment, upon recommendation and evidence
  submitted to him or her by the warden in charge. may restore
  any portion of the correctional incentive time that has been
  forfeited by a prisoner, for violating any existing law or
  prison rule or regulation, as the commissioner deems proper,
  upon recommendation and evidence provided by the warden in
  charge.
- "(g) (1) When a prisoner is serving two or more terms of imprisonment and the sentences run consecutively, then all such sentences shall be combined for the purpose of computing deductions for correctional incentive time and release date; however, the The actual deduction from sentence for correctional incentive time provided by this section shall apply only to sentences to be served.
- "(2) When a prisoner is serving two or more sentences which that run concurrently, the sentence which that results in the longer period of incarceration yet remaining shall be considered the term to which such prisoner is

sentenced <u>used</u> for the purpose of computing his or her release date and <u>deductions</u> for correctional incentive time <del>under the</del> provisions of this article and release date. When computing the deductions allowed in this section on indeterminate sentences, the maximum sentence shall be the basis for the computation. The provisions of this

"(h) This section shall be administered by the chief administrative officer of the penal institution as it applies to prisoners in any state penal institution, by the sheriff of the county as it applies to prisoners in any county jail, and by the chief of police as it applies to prisoners in any municipal jail.

"(h)(i) Deductions for good behavior, work habits and cooperation, or good conduct shall be interpreted to give authorized good time retroactively; to those offenders convicted of crimes committed after May 19, 1980, except those convicted of crimes of the unlawful sale or distribution of controlled substances as enumerated in Title 13A and in former Chapter 2 of Title 20; and for any sexual sex offenses as enumerated in Chapter 6; of Title 13A; provided however that the Commissioner of the Department of Corrections The commissioner shall have the prison records of all inmates; prisoners who become eligible under this article; reviewed and shall disqualify any such inmate prisoner from being awarded good correctional incentive time under this article at his or her discretion."

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.