- 1 HB391
- 2 217897-2
- 3 By Representatives Clouse and Garrett
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means General Fund
- 5 First Read: 22-FEB-22

1	217897-2:n:02/18/2022:KF/cmg LSA2022-099F		
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, the minimum business		
9	privilege tax due for certain corporations,		
10	business trusts, limited liability entities, and		
11	disregarded entities is not less than \$100.		
12	This bill reduces the minimum business		
13	privilege tax of \$100 to \$50 for the taxable year		
14	beginning after December 31, 2022.		
15	This bill also provides for a full exemption		
16	from the minimum business privilege tax due for		
17	taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023.		
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19	A BILL		
20	TO BE ENTITLED		
21	AN ACT		
22			
23	Relating to the levy and amount of business		
24	privilege tax; to amend Section 40-14A-22, Code of Alabama		
25	1975, to provide for a reduced minimum business privilege tax		
26	of \$50 for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2022; to		
27	provide a full exemption from the business privilege tax on		

amounts due of \$100 or less for taxable years beginning after

2 December 31, 2023.

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3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

4 Section 1. Section 40-14A-22, Code of Alabama 1975,

is amended to read as follows:

determined in subsection (b).

"\$40-14A-22.

"(a) Levy of tax. There is hereby levied an annual privilege tax on every corporation, limited liability entity, and disregarded entity doing business in Alabama, or organized, incorporated, qualified, or registered under the laws of Alabama. The tax shall accrue as of January 1 of every taxable year, or in the case of a taxpayer organized, incorporated, qualified, or registered during the year, or doing business in Alabama for the first time, as of the date the taxpayer is organized, incorporated, registered, or qualifies to do business, or begins to do business in Alabama, as the case may be. The taxpayer shall be liable for the tax levied by this article for each year beginning before the taxpayer has been dissolved or otherwise ceased to exist or has withdrawn or forfeited its qualification to do business in Alabama. The amount of the tax due shall be determined by multiplying the taxpayer's net worth in Alabama by the rate

"(b) Rate of tax. For all taxable years of taxpayers that begin after December 31, 1999, the rate of tax shall be as set forth below.

1	If taxable		
2	income of the		
3	taxpayer is:		
4	at least	but less	The tax rate
		than	shall be
5		\$1	\$0.25 per
			\$1,000
6	\$1	\$200,000	\$1.00 per
			\$1,000
7	\$200,000	\$500,000	\$1.25 per
			\$1,000
8	\$500,000	\$2,500,000	\$1.50 per
			\$1,000
9	\$2,500,000		\$1.75 per
			\$1,000

"(c) Minimum tax. (1) Except as provided in subsection (f), and subdivisions (c)(2) and (c)(3), the privilege tax levied by this article on certain corporations, business trusts, limited liability entities, and disregarded entities shall not be less than \$100.

"(2) For the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2022, taxpayers who would otherwise be subject to the minimum tax due of \$100 provided for in subdivision (c)(1) shall pay \$50 in lieu thereof. This subdivision shall not

- "(3) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2023, taxpayers who would otherwise be subject to the minimum tax due provided for in subdivisions (c)(1) or (c)(2) shall be exempt from the privilege tax levied by this article and the associated filing requirement. This subdivision shall not apply to those subject to the tax levy provided under Section 2 of Act 2021-450 of the 2021 Regular Session now appearing as Section 20-2A-80.
  - "(d) Maximum tax.

- "(1) Except as provided in subdivision (2), the privilege tax levied by this article shall not exceed \$15,250 for any taxpayer for the taxable year beginning January 1, 2000. For each taxable year thereafter, the maximum tax shall not exceed \$15,000 for any taxpayer, except as provided in subdivision (2).
- "(2) With respect to any (i) financial institution groups as defined in subsection (f)(1); (ii) insurance company that is subject to the premium taxes levied by Chapter 4A of Title 27; and (iii) corporation, company, limited liability entity, or association whose property is assessed for taxation pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 21 and is obligated to serve the general public, but is not subject to the Alabama Corporate Income tax, the privilege tax levied by this article shall not exceed \$3,000,000, for any taxpayer or, for a

financial institution group, for the financial institution group as a whole each year except as provided in subsection (e). The privilege tax levied by this article on any electing family limited liability entity shall not exceed \$500.

"The privilege tax levied by this article on any corporation organized as a not-for-profit corporation that does not engage in any business other than holding title to property and paying the expenses thereof, including, without limitation, a property owners' association or a corporation organized solely to hold title to property on a temporary basis, shall not exceed \$100.

- "(e) Short taxable years. If any taxpayer's taxable year is less than 12 months because the taxpayer is incorporated or organized within the taxable year, or if any foreign corporation or foreign limited liability entity qualifies, registers, or begins to do business in this state within the taxable year or converts to a taxable year other than the calendar year, the amount of the tax levied by this article shall be determined in the manner specified in this article but apportioned to the short taxable year in same proportion as the number of days in the short taxable year bears to 365, but in no event less than \$100 the amounts as specified in subsection (c) as applicable nor more than the applicable amount specified in subsection (d).
  - "(f) Minimum taxes for financial institution groups.
- "(1) For purposes of this subsection, the following terms shall mean:

"a. Affiliated Group. (i) One or more chains of 1 2 corporations or limited liability entities connected through the ownership of stock or ownership interests with a common 3 parent which is a corporation or limited liability entity, but 4 5 only if the common parent owns directly stock or ownership 6 interests meeting the requirements of item (ii) in at least 7 one of the other corporations or limited liability entities, 8 and only if stock or ownership interests meeting the 9 requirements of item (ii) in each of the corporations or 10 limited liability entities (except the common parent) is owned directly by one or more of the other corporations or limited 11 liability entities. (ii) The ownership of stock or ownership 12 13 interests of any corporation or limited liability entity meets 14 the requirements of this paragraph if it possesses at least 80 15 percent of the total voting power or capital and profits 16 interest of the corporation or limited liability entity. 17

"b. Financial Institution. The meaning given in Section 40-16-1.

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"c. Financial Institution Group. All taxpayers in an affiliated group where at least one member of the group is a financial institution that is subject to the provisions of Chapter 16. In the event a financial institution taxpayer is not a member of an affiliated group, that financial institution shall be treated as a financial institution group.

"(2) To the extent that the members of a financial institution group have different taxable years, the group

shall be deemed, for purposes of the business privilege tax levied by Article 2, to have a calendar taxable year.

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"(3) Taxpayers who are members of a financial institution group shall complete their business privilege tax returns without regard to this subsection. Those taxpayers shall submit their returns together, and the minimum tax amount provided in subdivision (5) shall apply to the aggregate business privilege tax liability of the group. To the extent that the minimum amount provided in subdivision (5) applies to determine the liability of the group, each taxpayer which is a member of the group shall be liable for that portion of the group liability which is equal to the amount multiplied by the ratio of the taxpayer's liability without regard to this subsection over the liability of the group without regard to this subsection. Upon the annual election of the common parent, a financial institution group may file a single return, executed by the common parent of that financial institution group. The return shall be completed as if the financial institution group were a single taxpayer. Each member of the financial institution group shall be jointly and severally liable for the group's business privilege tax and corporate shares tax liabilities.

"(4) The tax returns for all members of a financial institution group shall be due no later than the corresponding Alabama financial institution excise tax return due date. Extensions for filing these returns shall not be granted for more than six months.

"(5) For taxable years beginning on or after January
1, 2000, the minimum aggregate business privilege tax levied
by Article 2 on all members of a financial institution group

shall be:

"a. For financial institutions with total deposits inside Alabama of less than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be \$.125 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June 30, 1999.

"b. For financial institutions with total deposits inside Alabama of one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) or greater up to and including six billion dollars (\$6,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be \$.17 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June 30, 1999.

"c. For financial institutions with total deposits inside Alabama greater than six billion dollars (\$6,000,000,000) within that financial institution group, as reported to the FDIC, OTS, or the NCUSIF as of June 30 of the

immediately preceding taxable year, the tax rate shall be

\$.225 per one thousand dollars (\$1,000) of such deposits. For

deposit rate purposes for all future periods, the deposits

shall in no event be less than the deposits listed as of June

30, 1999.

"d. Provided, however, that in the case of a financial institution group that, as of June 30, 1999, (i) had total deposits of less than one billion dollars (\$1,000,000,000) and (ii) derived at least a majority of its deposits, as reported to FDIC, OTS, or NCUSIF, that were booked to one or more branches or offices located within Alabama from account holders whose addresses of record on the books of the financial institution group were outside the State of Alabama, the phrase "total deposits in Alabama," for purposes of calculating the minimum aggregate business privilege tax levied by Article 2 for all taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2000, shall only include deposits of account holders whose addresses of record on the books of the financial institution group are inside the State of Alabama.

"e. In the event a financial institution group sells Alabama deposits to another financial institution group that reports those deposits in Alabama for purposes of Act 2000-705, those deposits shall not be taxed more than once pursuant to the provisions of Act 2000-705 in the same taxable year. The liability for such taxes shall be the responsibility

of the purchaser, and the tax base for the selling group shall be adjusted accordingly.

"f. In the event an existing financial institution group reports deposits in any year less than 96.5 percent of the deposits reported as of June 30, 1999, the alternative minimum tax shall be based on the deposits reported as of June 30, 1999. In the event an existing financial institution group reports deposits in any year more than 96.5 percent of the deposits reported as of June 30, 1999, the alternative minimum tax shall be based on the deposits reported for that taxable year. For financial institutions coming into existence after June 30, 1999, the deposits upon which the alternative minimum tax is based shall not be less than the deposits reported the first full year that financial institution reported deposits to the FDIC, OTS, or NCUSIF."

Section 2. The Department of Revenue may adopt rules for the implementation and administration of this act.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.