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3	HOUSE PUBLIC SAFETY AND HOMELAND SECURITY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR HB230
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9	SYNOPSIS: This bill would prohibit certain practices
10	relating to a pregnant female inmate or a female
11	inmate who is in the immediate postpartum period.
12	This bill would also specifically prohibit
13	certain actions relating to strip searches,
14	restraints, examinations, labor and delivery, and
15	transfer of female inmates.
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17	A BILL
18	TO BE ENTITLED
19	AN ACT
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21	Relating to female inmates; to prohibit certain
22	practices relating to the treatment of a pregnant female
23	inmate or a female inmate who is in the immediate postpartum
24	period.
25	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
26	Section 1. For purposes of this act, the following
27	terms shall have the following meanings:

1 (1) CUSTODIAN. A warden, sheriff, jailer, deputy 2 sheriff, police officer, or any other law enforcement officer.

- (2) HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL. A physician as defined in Section 34-24-50.1, Code of Alabama 1975, a licensed practical nurse or a licensed professional nurse as defined in Section 34-21-1, Code of Alabama 1975, an advanced practice nurse as defined in Section 34-21-81, Code of Alabama 1975, or an assistant to physicians as defined in Section 34-24-290, Code of Alabama 1975.
 - (3) IMMEDIATE POSTPARTUM PERIOD. The six-week period following childbirth unless extended by a health care professional due to complications.
 - (4) OFFICER IN CHARGE. The individual who is responsible for the supervision of a penal institution.
 - (5) PENAL INSTITUTION. Any place of confinement for juvenile or adult individuals accused of, convicted of, or adjudicated for violating a law of this state or an ordinance of a political subdivision of this state.
 - (6) PREGNANT WOMAN. A juvenile or adult female who is in the second or third trimester of pregnancy whose pregnancy has been verified by a pregnancy test as required by this act.

Section 2. (a) During the initial intake medical screening, a female inmate shall inform the person conducting the screening if she is pregnant or suspects that she may be pregnant.

(b) If the female inmate informs the person

conducting the screening that she suspects she may be

pregnant, the female inmate shall be assessed for pregnancy by

a urine pregnancy test within 72 hours of the initial medical

intake screening, unless the female inmate refuses testing.

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- (c) A pregnant woman shall not be required to squat or cough during a strip search performed by a custodian, unless the custodian has reason to suspect that the pregnant woman is hiding contraband. A pregnant woman who is suspected of hiding contraband may be required to squat or cough during a strip search if the strip search is performed by a health care professional.
- (d) A pregnant woman shall not be required to undergo any vaginal examination unless performed by a health care professional.
- (e) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a custodian shall not use any leg or waist restraint in any of the following situations:
 - (1) On any pregnant woman.
 - (2) During labor or delivery.
 - (3) During the immediate postpartum period.
- (f) A woman who is in the immediate postpartum period may only be restrained using wrist handcuffs with her wrists held in front of her body, and only if the custodian makes a determination that one of the following is true:
- (1) The woman poses an immediate flight risk and cannot be reasonably contained by other means.

1 (2) The woman poses an immediate risk of harm to
2 herself, staff, or others and cannot be reasonably contained
3 by other means.

- (g) If a custodian uses wrist handcuffs on a woman who is in the immediate postpartum period under an exception provided in subsection (f), the circumstances for and details of the exception shall be documented within two days of the incident. The information shall include the nature of the circumstances and the length of time of the use of restraints. The documentation shall be reviewed by the officer in charge and retained by the penal institution for reporting purposes.
- (h) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the use of medical restraints by a licensed health care professional to ensure the medical safety of a pregnant woman.
- (i) Nothing in this section shall prohibit the placement of a woman in a cell or hospital room by herself to ensure the medical safety of a pregnant woman or a woman in the immediate postpartum period.
- (j) If a custodian places a woman in a cell or hospital room by herself under the exception provided in subsection (i), the circumstances for and details of the exception shall be documented within two days of the incident. The information shall include the nature of the circumstances and the length of time of the solitary confinement. The documentation shall be reviewed by the officer in charge and retained by the penal system for reporting purposes.

1 (k) A pregnant woman who is temporarily held in a 2 county jail pending transfer to a state penal institution 3 shall be transferred as expeditiously as possible.

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(1) The Department of Corrections and a sheriff overseeing a county jail in which a pregnant woman is incarcerated shall make all reasonable efforts to facilitate her transfer. This subsection does not apply to a pregnant woman who has been sentenced to a county jail.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.