1	216841-2 :	n : 02/02/2022 : SMITHERMAN / vr
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3	SENATE EDU	CATION POLICY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB40
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would require the State Department
9		of Education to develop a program to specifically
10		address the mental health of that population of
11		public K-12 students who are considered at-risk for
12		developing inadequate social-behavioral skills,
13		such as ADHD or anger management issues, in the
14		classroom.
15		This bill would provide that the program
16		include developing and providing professional
17		development training, providing one-on-one
18		consultations with students and behavioral
19		specialists, and developing curricula for those
20		at-risk students to learn appropriate
21		social-behavioral skills.
22		This bill would require the department to
23		provide guidance for each school district in
24		establishing a safe and supportive school framework
25		to support schools in fostering a positive and
26		healthy learning environment and improve student

outcomes.

1 This bill would require the department to 2 provide support to each school district in adopting a supportive school framework and developing an 3 action plan to improve the learning environment 5 throughout the school system. This bill would establish and provide for 6 7 the qualifications and duties of a mental health service coordinator and would require each local 9 board of education in the state, subject to 10 appropriations by the Legislature, to employ a 11 mental health service coordinator to serve those schools under the jurisdiction of the board. 12 13 This bill would provide for the 14 responsibilities of the State Department of 15 Education and the Alabama Department of Mental 16 Health in providing continuing evaluation and support of mental health services provided to 17 18 students through local boards of education. 19 This bill would also provide for the 2.0 responsibilities of the State Department of 21 Education, the State Board of Education, and the 2.2 Alabama Department of Mental Health relating to the 23 program. 24 25 A BILL 26 TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

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following:

۷	Relating to public K-12 education, to require the
3	State Department of Education to develop a program to address
4	the mental health of students who are considered at-risk for
5	developing inadequate social-behavioral skills, such as ADHD
6	or anger management issues, in the classroom; to require the
7	department to provide guidance for school districts in
8	establishing safe and supportive school frameworks to support
9	schools in fostering a positive and healthy learning
10	environment and improve student outcomes; to require the
11	department to provide support to school districts in adopting
12	supportive school frameworks and developing an action plan to
13	improve the learning, emotional, and socially appropriate
14	environment in schools throughout the district; to require
15	each local board of education in the state, subject to
16	appropriations by the Legislature, to employ a mental health
17	service coordinator; to provide for the qualifications and
18	duties of the mental health service coordinator; to require
19	each local board of education to complete and submit a needs
20	assessment relating to the provision of mental health
21	resources to students; and to provide for the responsibilities
22	of the State Department of Education, the State Board of
23	Education, and the Alabama Department of Mental Health.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. The Legislature finds all of the

(1) The State Department of Education and the public K-12 schools of the state provide effective targeted intensive intervention strategies for the population of high risk students and proactive strategies that promote the mental health of the general student population, with no specific intervention strategies for students considered at-risk for developing inadequate social-behavioral skills.

- (2) There is a prevalence of students in public K-12 schools who lack age-appropriate social, emotional, and behavioral skills including, but not limited to, students with Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD) and students who lack the ability to appropriately manage anger and other emotions, often causing chronic disability and disadvantage in children and directly interfering with the intellectual, social, and emotionally appropriate development of students.
- (3) Students living in poverty are more likely to have social, emotional, and behavioral difficulties.
- (4) Poverty increases the likelihood that children will be exposed to multiple adverse childhood experiences such as experiencing or witnessing violence, and children who have had adverse childhood experiences are more likely to have behavior problems.
- (5) When teachers are unable to manage disruptive behavior in the classroom, learning for all students is diminished because teachers spend more instructional time on behavior management.

(6) It is essential that students, teachers, and school staff receive consistent and continuing instruction on appropriate methods of addressing the root of perceived disruptive behavior and the means of correcting those behaviors in a manner that does not hinder the educational progress of the student or the social, emotional, or behavioral growth and development of the student.

- (7) Outcomes for students who have inadequate or inappropriate social, emotional, or behavioral skills may include being retained in a grade, receiving services and supports through Individual Education Plans or 504 Plans, being suspended or expelled from school, or the development of additional or worsening of social, emotional, or behavioral issues or challenges, all of which are costly to families, schools, and the larger community.
- (8) Discipline policies that emphasize the exclusionary practices of suspension or expulsion from the classroom may negatively affect a student's academic success and behavioral health, increasing the likelihood of his or her involvement in the criminal justice system, and decreasing the student's likelihood of completing high school, which all come with substantial social and economic costs.
- (9) Discipline policies are among the factors that set the school culture and climate for all students. Research indicates that the implementation of alternative, restorative disciplinary practices can positively affect school climate

and individual connectedness, thus affecting school quality,
especially among lower-performing schools.

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- (10) Teachers often lack the training and resources needed to appropriately address, assist, and effectively teach disruptive students who lack age-appropriate social, emotional, and behavioral skills.
- training on positive classroom management strategies, integrating a student's social and emotional skills training into instruction, and providing mental health consultations, healthy expression and processing emotions and conflict resolution skills, increased healthy physical movement, effective communication between students, teachers, and staff, and independent and small group learning experiences, and implementing policies emphasizing restorative approaches to school discipline may reduce disruptive behaviors and improve academic achievement.

Section 2. For the purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) DEPARTMENT. The State Department of Education.
- (2) SOCIAL-BEHAVIORAL OR SOCIAL- EMOTIONAL AT RISK STUDENTS. That population of public K-12 students who are considered at-risk for developing inadequate social-behavioral skills, such as ADHD or anger management issues, or inadequate social emotional skills in the classroom.
- (3) SOCIAL-BEHAVIORAL SKILLS. Non-cognitive skills and executive functioning including, but not limited to, the

ability to attend to tasks; shift attention in response to expectations; inhibit socially inappropriate responses; process, remember, and use information; and manage emotions such as frustration, anger, and stress. Examples of inadequate social-behavioral skills may include the inability to self-identify emotions, express thoughts and emotions, perform healthy conflict resolution, manage anger, or a diagnosis of Attention Deficit and Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD).

Section 3. (a) The department shall develop a comprehensive program to address the mental health of social-behavioral or social-emotional at risk students. The program shall provide for all of the following:

- (1) Ongoing support for teachers to positively and effectively manage the behavioral problems of the student in the classroom through formal professional development and inservice training available to all public K-12 teachers that includes, but is not limited to, recognizing signs of inadequate social-behavioral skills in a student and best practices for schools and classrooms in managing inadequate social-behavioral skills, including using multi-tiered systems of support. The department may allow teachers to receive credit in continuing professional education for participation in a training course.
- (2) Providing for one-on-one or small group mental health consultations for students, including consultation with counselors, mental health specialists, behavior specialists, or family focused interventions.

1 (3) Developing curricula on age-appropriate social skills provided directly to students in the classroom.

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- (4) Strengthening parenting capacities through parenting programs to support a student's social-behavioral competence and create parent, school, student partnerships that promote the development of the whole student and family structure.
- (b) The program shall be designed in a manner that allows flexibility among schools and school districts to tailor the elements of the program that best works for the school and community and reflects current best practices in addressing behavioral problems in the classroom.
- (c) The department shall create a self-assessment tool for schools and school districts to determine whether the program is effectively helping social-behavioral or social-emotional at risk students learn age-appropriate social-behavioral skills, to assist teachers and other professionals in managing social-behavioral or social-emotional at risk students' behavioral problems in a classroom setting, and to prevent or minimize class disruptions.

Section 4. (a) In order to improve educational outcomes for all students, the department shall develop a safe and supportive schools framework. The framework shall provide guidance and support to schools to assist with the fostering of a safe, positive, healthy, and inclusive whole-school learning environment that does both of the following:

1 (1) Enables students to develop positive 2 relationships with adults and peers, to self regulate emotions 3 and behaviors, achieve academic and non-academic success in 4 school, and to maintain health and well-being.

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- (2) Integrates services and aligns initiatives that promote the behavioral health of students, including social and emotional learning, bullying prevention, trauma sensitivity, dropout prevention, truancy reduction, nutrition, mental health, foster care and homeless youth education, inclusion of students with disabilities, positive behavioral approaches that reduce suspensions and expulsions, and other similar initiatives.
- (b) (1) Subject to appropriations by the Legislature, each local board of education shall implement the safe and supportive schools framework developed under subsection (a) in order to organize, integrate, and sustain school and district-wide efforts to create safe and supportive school environments and coordinate and align student prevention and support initiatives.
- (2) Each school system implementing the safe and supportive schools framework shall also develop an action plan as further provided in subsection (d). The local superintendent of education may appoint a team to make recommendations concerning the development of this action plan, provided a team shall include a broad representation of the school and local community, and the superintendent shall include teachers and other school personnel, parents,

- students, and representatives from community-based agencies and providers.
- 3 (c) The department may create a separate
  4 self-assessment tool organized according to the elements of
  5 the framework established under subsection (a) for schools to
  6 use when developing their action plan. The self-assessment
  7 tool shall be used by school systems to do all of the
  8 following:

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- (1) Assess the capacity of the school system to create and sustain safe and supportive school environments for all students.
- (2) Identify areas where additional school-based action, efforts, guidance, and support are needed to create and maintain safe and supportive school environments.
- (3) Create action plans to address the areas of need identified by the assessment with timed, specific, realistic, and measurable goals.
- (d) School action plans shall be designed to address the areas of need identified through the use of the self-assessment tool described in subsection (c), shall be published on the website of the school district, and shall include all of the following:
- (1) Strategies and initiatives for addressing the areas of need.
  - (2) A timeline for implementing the plan.
  - (3) Outcome goals and indicators for evaluating the effectiveness of the action plan.

1 (4) A process and schedule for reviewing the plan 2 annually or biannually and updating it at least once every 3 three years.

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- (e) The department shall facilitate the implementation of the safe and supportive schools framework in school systems developing and implementing an action plan by providing technical assistance to school systems and developing and disseminating model protocols and best practices.
- (f) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting the ability of the department to contract with individuals, external partners, or other entities to support the functions established under this section. The department shall consider opportunities for education collaboratives or other regional service organizations to provide technical assistance and information to school districts on the implementation of the framework and action plans.

Section 5. (a) Commencing with the 2023-2024 school year, each local board of education in the state shall employ a mental health service coordinator. The coordinator shall be responsible for coordinating student mental health services throughout the local school system.

- (b) An individual hired as a coordinator shall possess at least one of the following qualifications:
  - (1) Have a bachelor's degree in social work.
- (2) Satisfy department qualifications for a school counselor.

1 (3) Satisfy department qualifications for a school 2 nurse.

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- (4) Have professional mental health experience, or have been licensed in a mental health occupation including, but not limited to, licensure as a licensed professional counselor or marriage and family therapist.
- (5) Other qualifications as determined by the department and the Alabama Department of Mental Health.
- (c) Within one year after being hired as a mental health service coordinator, an individual shall earn a school-based mental health certificate by successfully completing a certification program developed by the Alabama Department of Mental Health.
- (d) On or before the last day of the 2023 fiscal year, and as requested thereafter, each local board of education shall complete and submit to the Alabama Department of Mental Health a needs assessment and resource map for the schools under the jurisdiction of the board. The assessment shall document the status of mental health for the entire school system and allow the local board of education to engage in a quality improvement process to improve the provision of mental health resources within the school system.
- (e) The administration of this section shall be subject to appropriations made by the Legislature.
- Section 6. The State Board of Education and the Alabama Department of Mental Health shall adopt rules and

policies as applicable, appropriate, and necessary to

implement this act.

Section 7. This act shall become effective on the

first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.