- 1 SJR41
- 2 210514-2
- 3 By Senator Sessions
- 4 RFD: Rules
- 5 First Read: 24-FEB-21

| 1 | 210514-2:n:02/23/2021:SLU/ma LSA2021-576R1 |
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| 8 | SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION SUPPORTING CONTINUED GULF OF |
| 9 | MEXICO OUTER CONTINENTAL SHELF LEASING. |
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| 11 | WHEREAS, with the stroke of a pen on January 20, |
| 12 | 2021, President Biden cancelled the Keystone XL Pipeline, |
| 13 | immediately impacting tens of thousands of families through |
| 14 | current and future job losses; and |
| 15 | WHEREAS, with a second stroke of a pen on January |
| 16 | 27, 2021, President Biden shifted America's bright energy |
| 17 | future into reverse and set the United States on a path toward |
| 18 | greater reliance on foreign energy produced with lower |
| 19 | environmental standards by putting a moratorium on all new oil |
| 20 | and natural gas leases on federal lands and federal waters; |
| 21 | and |
| 22 | WHEREAS, a federal leasing and development ban would |
| 23 | cost nearly one million American jobs by 2022 and put nine |
| 24 | billion dollars in government revenue at risk while states |
| 25 | will lose hundreds of millions of dollars from mineral |
| 26 | royalties shared by the federal government that fund schools, |
| 27 | infrastructure, and environmental projects; and |

1 WHEREAS, this decision appears to be a first step
2 toward a policy of banning natural gas and oil development on
3 federal lands and waters, coal use will have to increase by 15
4 percent to account for the deficit and CO2 emissions in the
5 power sector will increase by an average of 58 million metric
6 tons by 2030; and

WHEREAS, projections show energy demand will continue to rise, such that restricting development on federal lands and waters is nothing more than an "import more oil" policy where the United States is forced to rely on imports from sometimes hostile foreign countries with lower environmental standards; and

WHEREAS, current policies by the President could lead to increases in oil imports by two million barrels per day and reduce natural gas exports by 800 billion cubic feet by 2030; and

WHEREAS, the cumulative effects of these policies will result in residential consumers spending \$19 billion more on energy by 2030; and

WHEREAS, an Obama-era federal Bureau of Ocean Energy Management report analyzing the effects of offshore leasing restrictions, experts found that United States GHG emissions would be little affected and could increase slightly in the absence of new offshore leasing due to increased foreign imports; and

WHEREAS, Presidents over the past 30 years have 1 2 advocated for the United States to be energy independent which is finally close to being fully realized; and 3 WHEREAS, the United States is the leader in the 4 5 world for reducing greenhouse gases through the conversion of 6 coal utility plants to natural gas; and 7 WHEREAS, today oil and natural gas comprise about 60 percent of the global energy supply and are projected by the 8 International Energy Agency to remain over 50 percent by 2040; 9 10 and WHEREAS, according to a scenario developed by the 11 International Energy Agency, every country that meets its 12 13 Paris Accord commitments will still have natural gas and oil 14 comprising approximately 46 percent of their energy portfolio 15 in 2040; and WHEREAS, 93 percent of voters find that it is 16 17 important for the United States to produce enough energy to 18 avoid being dependent on other countries, and 73 percent believe that natural gas and oil will remain a significant 19 part of America's energy needs in 2040; now therefore, 20 21 BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH 22 HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That the Legislature of Alabama 23 respectfully calls on the Biden administration to: 24 1. Pursue policies of energy independence over

foreign dependence while creating American jobs and leading to

economic revival rather than small-town decline; and

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2. Promote domestic energy infrastructure through approval of the Keystone XL Pipeline and removal of barriers that prevent or slow new oil and natural gas pipelines; and

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- 3. Allow future exploration and production on federal lands and federal waters to ensure reliable and affordable energy for the citizens of the United States; and
- 4. Pursue policies that promote innovations through competitive markets to reduce greenhouse gases rather than the selection of winners and losers through incentives or over-regulation; and
- 5. Continue to pursue policies that encourage domestic oil and natural gas production that results in lower greenhouse gas emissions and a healthier environment than oil and natural gas produced elsewhere in the world.
- 6. BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That copies of this resolution shall be delivered to the President of the United States and the Alabama Congressional Delegation.