- 1 HJR106
- 2 211494-1
- By Representatives Rogers, Jones (S), Gray, Daniels, Lawrence,
- 4 Chestnut, Shaver, Morris, Smith, Dismukes, Hanes, McCampbell,
- 5 Sorrell, Robertson, Meadows, Isbell, Scott, Moore (M),
- 6 Marques, Sorrells, Mooney, Simpson, Stadthagen, Brown (C),
- 7 Sullivan, Whitt, Reynolds, Easterbrook, Kitchens, Wheeler,
- 8 Oliver, Crawford, Givan, Coleman and Gaston
- 9 RFD: Rules
- 10 First Read: 09-MAR-21

1	211494-1:n:03/09/2021:SM/sm LSA2021-810
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8	RECOGNIZING MARCH 2021 AS RARE KIDNEY DISEASE
9	AWARENESS MONTH IN ALABAMA.
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11	WHEREAS, in an effort to increase awareness and
12	promote research to improve treatment and seek a cure, March
13	is recognized as Rare Kidney Disease Awareness Month; it is
14	important to raise public awareness and understanding of rare
15	kidney diseases, such as APOL1 mediated focal segmental
16	glomerulosclerosis (FSGS); and
17	WHEREAS, APOL1 genetic variants account for much of
18	the excess risk of chronic and end stage kidney disease for
19	persons of African ancestry, including people who identify as
20	African American, Afro-Caribbean, and Latinx; and
21	WHEREAS, APOL1 explains the disproportionate rate of
22	kidney disease in people of African ancestry; African
23	Americans make up 13 percent of the United States' population,
24	but account for 32 percent of all kidney failure and 35
25	percent of all end stage kidney disease; in addition, African
26	Americans are four times more likely to develop kidney failure
27	than white Americans; and

WHEREAS, APOL1-mediated FSGS is a rapidly progressive kidney disorder that results in high levels of protein in the urine and decreased ability of the kidney to function; the disease almost invariably leads to kidney failure, which requires dialysis or a transplant; in 50 percent of those living with APOL1-mediated FSGS, kidney failure occurs within five years; symptoms do not present until kidney damage is advanced; when symptoms emerge, they include fatigue, swelling in the legs and feet and weight gain, among others; and

WHEREAS, Rare Kidney Disease Awareness month provides opportunities for Alabamians to become involved and increase public awareness and understanding of rare kidney disease and could lead to early diagnosis and care for some of the most vulnerable populations and empower and educate those at risk on how they can manage it; there are currently no approved treatments that address the underlying cause of APOL1-mediated FSGS; now therefore,

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA, BOTH HOUSES THEREOF CONCURRING, That March 2021 is recognized as Rare Kidney Disease Awareness Month, and this resolution is offered in highest tribute to those impacted by the disease and we encourage the cooperation and participation of all Alabama citizens in the research for effective treatment and a cure.