1	205671-1 : n : 02/25/2020 : CNB / bm LSA2020-20297
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3	HOUSE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HB275
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8	SYNOPSIS: Under current law, the appellate procedure
9	for death penalty cases provides for a direct
10	appeal to the Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals.
11	Under current law, the Alabama Supreme Court
12	may hear death penalty cases, but is not required
13	to hear the cases.
14	This bill would remove the direct appeal
15	from the Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals and
16	would provide for an automatic direct appeal to the
17	Alabama Supreme Court in cases where the death
18	penalty was imposed.
19	This bill would provide that the Alabama
20	Supreme Court has exclusive appellate jurisdiction
21	of cases where a criminal defendant is convicted of
22	capital murder and sentenced to death.
23	This bill would provide that a death penalty
24	appeal case shall have priority over all other
25	cases and the appeal shall be expedited to the
26	extent practicable.

1	This bill would also make nonsubstantive,
2	technical revisions to update the existing code
3	language to current style.
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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT
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9	Relating to appellate procedure in death penalty
10	cases; to amend Sections 12-2-7, 12-3-9, 12-22-241, 12-22-243,
11	13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, and 15-18-80, Code of Alabama 1975, to
12	further provide for the appellate procedure for death penalty
13	cases; to provide that death penalty appeal cases have
14	priority over all of cases and shall be expedited; and to make
15	nonsubstantive, technical revisions to update the existing
16	code language to current style.
17	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
18	Section 1. Sections 12-2-7, 12-3-9, 12-22-241,
19	12-22-243, 13A-5-53, 13A-5-55, and 15-18-80, Code of Alabama
20	1975, are amended to read as follows:
21	" §12-2-7.
22	"The Supreme Court shall have the following
23	authority:
24	"(1) To exercise appellate jurisdiction coextensive
25	with the state, under such restrictions and regulations as are
26	prescribed by law; but, in deciding appeals, no weight shall
27	be given the decision of the trial judge upon the facts where

the evidence is not taken orally before the judge, but in such cases the Supreme Court shall weigh the evidence and give judgment as it deems just.

- "(2) To exercise original jurisdiction in the issue and determination of writs of quo warranto and mandamus in relation to matters in which no other court has jurisdiction.
- "(3) To exercise exclusive appellate jurisdiction of cases in which a criminal defendant is convicted of capital murder for a violation of Section 13A-5-40 and is sentenced to death.
- "(3) (4) To issue writs of injunction, habeas corpus, and such other remedial and original writs as are necessary to give to it a general superintendence and control of courts of inferior jurisdiction.
- "(4) (5) To make and promulgate adopt rules governing the administration of all courts and rules governing practice and procedure in all courts; provided, that such. The rules shall not abridge, enlarge, or modify the substantive right of any party nor affect the jurisdiction of circuit and district courts or venue of actions therein; and provided further, that the. The right of trial by jury as at common law and declared by Section 11 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901 shall be preserved to the parties inviolate.
- "(5) (6) To punish for contempts by the infliction of a fine not exceeding \$100, and imprisonment not exceeding 10 days or both.

"(6) (7) To transfer to the Court of Civil Appeals, 1 2 for determination by that court, any civil case appealed to the Supreme Court and within the appellate jurisdiction of the 3 Supreme Court, except for any of the following: 4 5 "a. A case that the Supreme Court determines presents a substantial question of federal or state 6 7 constitutional law. "b. A case that the Supreme Court determines 8 9 involves a novel legal question, the resolution of which will 10 have significant statewide impact. "c. A utility rate case appealed directly to the 11 Supreme Court under the provisions of Section 37-1-140. 12 13 "d. A bond validation proceeding appealed to the 14 Supreme Court under the provisions of Section 6-6-754. 15 "e. A bar disciplinary proceeding. 16 "(7) (8) To exercise such any other powers as are or 17 may be given to the Supreme Court by law. "\$12-3-9. 18 "The Court of Criminal Appeals shall have exclusive 19 20 appellate jurisdiction of all misdemeanors, including the 21 violation of town and city ordinances, habeas corpus, and all 22 felonies, including all post conviction writs in criminal 23 cases, excluding capital murder appeals prosecuted pursuant to 24 Section 13A-5-40, where the death penalty was imposed. 25 "\$12-22-241. 26 "In all cases of automatic appeals, the appellate court Supreme Court may consider, at its discretion, any 27

testimony that was seriously prejudicial to the rights of the appellant and may reverse thereon the lower court's decision, even though if no objection to the testimony was made thereto in the court below. The appellate court Supreme Court shall consider all of the testimony; and, if upon such after consideration it is of opinion the verdict is so decidedly contrary to the great weight of the evidence as to be wrong and unjust and that upon that ground a new trial should be had granted, the court shall enter an order of reversal of the judgment and grant a new trial, though even if no motion to that effect was presented in the court below.

"\$12-22-243.

"\$13A-5-53.

"Upon affirmation of a judgment carrying the death penalty, the Court of Criminal Appeals must Supreme Court shall direct the sentence to be executed and, if the day appointed for the execution of the sentence has passed, must shall specify a day for the execution of the sentence, and the. The judgment and sentence must be executed accordingly.

"(a) In any case in which the death penalty is imposed, in addition to reviewing the case for any error involving the conviction, the Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals, subject to review by the Alabama Supreme Court, shall also review the propriety of the death sentence. This review shall include the determination of whether any error adversely affecting the rights of the defendant was made in the sentence

proceedings, whether the trial court's findings concerning the

aggravating and mitigating circumstances were supported by the evidence, and whether death was the proper sentence in the case. If the court determines that an error adversely affecting the rights of the defendant was made in the sentence proceedings or that one or more of the trial court's findings concerning aggravating and mitigating circumstances were not supported by the evidence, it shall remand the case for new proceedings to the extent necessary to correct the error or errors. If the appellate court Supreme Court finds that no error adversely affecting the rights of the defendant was made in the sentence proceedings and that the trial court's findings concerning aggravating and mitigating circumstances were supported by the evidence, it shall proceed to review the propriety of the decision that death was the proper sentence.

- "(b) In determining whether death was the proper sentence in the case the Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals, subject to review by the Alabama Supreme Court, shall determine all of the following:
- "(1) Whether the sentence of death was imposed under the influence of passion, prejudice, or any other arbitrary factor τ .
- "(2) Whether an independent weighing of the aggravating and mitigating circumstances at the appellate level indicates that death was the proper sentence; and.
- "(3) Whether the sentence of death is excessive or disproportionate to the penalty imposed in similar cases, considering both the crime and the defendant.

- "(c) The Court of Criminal Appeals Supreme Court

 shall explicitly address each of the three questions specified

 in subsection (b) of this section in every case it reviews in

 which a sentence of death has been imposed.
 - "(d) After performing the review specified in this section, the Alabama Court of Criminal Appeals, subject to review by the Alabama Supreme Court, shall be authorized to do any of the following:
 - "(1) Affirm the sentence of death;.
 - "(2) Set the sentence of death aside and remand to the trial court for correction of any errors occurring during the sentence proceedings and for imposition of the appropriate penalty after any new sentence proceedings that are necessary, provided that such errors shall not affect the determination of guilt and shall not preclude the imposition of a sentence of death where it is determined to be proper after any new sentence proceedings that are deemed necessary; or.
 - "(3) In cases in which the death penalty is deemed inappropriate under subdivision (b)(2) or (b)(3) of this section, set the sentence of death aside and remand to the trial court with directions that the defendant be sentenced to life imprisonment without parole.

"§13A-5-55.

"(a) In all cases in which a defendant is sentenced to death, the judgment of conviction shall be subject to automatic review by the Supreme Court. The sentence of death shall be subject to review as provided in Section 13A-5-53.

"(b) The appeal of conviction of capital murder and the review of the sentence of death shall have priority over all other cases and shall be expedited by the Supreme Court to the extent practicable.

"\$15-18-80.

- "(a) (1) Whenever any person is sentenced to death, the clerk of the court in which the sentence is pronounced shall, within 10 days after sentence has been pronounced, shall issue a warrant under the seal of the court for the execution of the sentence of death, which.
- "(2) The warrant shall recite the fact of conviction, setting forth specifically the offense, the judgment of the court, and the time fixed for his or her execution, and which.
- "(3) The warrant shall be directed to the warden of the William C. Holman unit of the prison system at Atmore, or to the warden of a Department of Corrections facility where the condemned person will be housed.
- "(4) The warrant shall direct the warden commanding him to proceed with the execution, at the time and place named in the sentence, to carry the same into execution, as provided in Section 15-18-82, and the.
- "(b) The clerk shall deliver such the warrant to the sheriff of the county in which such the judgment of conviction was had, to be by him delivered to the said warden, together with the condemned person as provided in subsection (b) of this section; provided, however, that in case of appeal to the

Supreme Court of Alabama by the defendant and the suspension of execution of sentence by the trial court, said condemned person shall remain in the county jail of the county in which the conviction was had unless the court in which the case is tried orders otherwise, in which case, upon the affirmation of the appeal by the Supreme Court, said warrant for the execution of the death sentence, under seal of the court, together with the person of the condemned shall be delivered within 10 days after such affirmation to the warden of Holman prison as provided above pronounced. Once received, the sheriff shall notify the department of the receipt of the warrant. The department shall transfer the inmate to the department's physical custody as soon as practicable, but no more than 15 days after receipt of the notice. Once transferred, the inmate shall remain in the custody of the department while the appeal is pending.

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"(b) Immediately upon the receipt of such warrant, the sheriff shall transport such condemned person to the William C. Holman unit of the prison system at Atmore, shall there deliver him and the warrant aforesaid into the hands of the warden and shall take from the warden his receipt for such person and such warrant, which receipt the sheriff shall return to the office of the clerk of the court where the judgment of death was rendered. For his services, the sheriff shall be entitled to the same compensation as now provided by law to sheriffs for removing or conveying prisoners."

Section 2. This act shall apply to any defendant who 1 is sentenced to death on or after the effective date of this 2 3 act. Section 3. It is the intent of the Legislature that 4 pursuant to Amendment 328 of the Constitution of Alabama of 5 1901, now appearing as Section 150 of the Official 6 Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as 7 amended, the Supreme Court of Alabama shall amend its rules to 8 conform with this act. 9 10 Section 4. This act shall become effective on the 11 first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.