- 1 SB54
- 2 194392-7
- 3 By Senator Shelnutt
- 4 RFD: Banking and Insurance
- 5 First Read: 05-MAR-19

1	SB54
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4	ENGROSSED
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7	A BILL
8	TO BE ENTITLED
9	AN ACT
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11	Relating to insurance; to require insurers and other
12	entities licensed by the Department of Insurance to develop,
13	implement, and maintain an information security program; to
14	provide for reporting to the Commissioner of Insurance,
15	including the reporting of cybersecurity events; to provide
16	that information provided to the commissioner pursuant to this
17	act would be confidential and privileged under certain
18	conditions; to provide for civil penalties under certain
19	conditions; and for this purpose to amend Sections
20	10A-20-6.16, as corrected by Act 2018-406, the Codification
21	Act, relating to certain nonprofit corporations, and
22	27-21A-23, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to health
23	maintenance organizations.
24	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
25	Section 1. Short title.
26	This act shall be known and may be cited as the
27	Insurance Data Security Law.

Page 1

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Section 2. Purpose and intent.

2 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, this 3 act establishes the exclusive state standards applicable to licensees for data security, the investigation of a 4 5 cybersecurity event as defined in Section 3, and notification 6 to the Commissioner of Insurance of a cybersecurity event as 7 provided by this act. (b) This act may not be construed to create or imply 8 9 a private cause of action for a violation of this act nor may 10 it be construed to curtail a private cause of action which would otherwise exist in the absence of this act. 11 Section 3. Definitions. 12 13 For purposes of this act, the following words have 14 the following meanings: 15 (1) AUTHORIZED INDIVIDUAL. An individual known to and screened by the licensee and determined to be necessary 16 17 and appropriate to have access to the nonpublic information 18 held by the licensee and its information systems. (2) COMMISSIONER. The Commissioner of Insurance. 19 20 (3) CONSUMER. An individual, including, but not 21 limited to, an applicant, policyholder, insured, beneficiary, claimant, or certificate holder, who is a resident of this 22 23 state and whose nonpublic information is in the possession, 24 custody, or control of a licensee. (4)a. CYBERSECURITY EVENT. An event resulting in 25 unauthorized access to, disruption, or misuse of an 26

information system or nonpublic information stored on an
 information system.

b. The term cybersecurity event does not include the
unauthorized acquisition of encrypted nonpublic information if
the encryption, process, or key is not also acquired,
released, or used without authorization.

c. Cybersecurity event does not include an event
with regard to which the licensee has determined that the
nonpublic information accessed by an unauthorized person has
not been used or released and has been returned or destroyed.

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(5) DEPARTMENT. The Department of Insurance.

12 (6) ENCRYPTED. The transformation of data into a
13 form which results in a low probability of assigning meaning
14 without the use of a protective process or key.

(7) INFORMATION SECURITY PROGRAM. The
administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that a
licensee uses to access, collect, distribute, process,
protect, store, use, transmit, dispose of, or otherwise handle
nonpublic information.

(8) INFORMATION SYSTEM. A discrete set of electronic
information resources organized for the collection,
processing, maintenance, use, sharing, dissemination, or
disposition of electronic nonpublic information, as well as
any specialized system such as industrial/process controls
systems, telephone switching and private branch exchange
systems, and environmental control systems.

1 (9) LICENSEE. Any person licensed, authorized to 2 operate, or registered, or required to be licensed, 3 authorized, or registered pursuant to the insurance laws of this state but shall not include a purchasing group or a risk 4 5 retention group chartered and licensed in a state other than this state or a licensee that is acting as an assuming insurer 6 7 that is domiciled in another state or jurisdiction. (10) MULTI-FACTOR AUTHENTICATION. Authentication 8 9 through verification of at least two of the following types of 10 authentication factors: a. Knowledge factors, such as a password. 11 b. Possession factors, such as a token or text 12 13 message on a mobile phone. c. Inherence factors, such as a biometric 14 15 characteristic. (11) NONPUBLIC INFORMATION. Electronic information 16 17 that is not publicly available information and is any of the 18 following: a. Any information concerning a consumer which 19 20 because of name, number, personal mark, or other identifier 21 can be used to identify the consumer, in combination with any 22 one or more of the following data elements: 1. The Social Security number. 23 24 2. The driver's license number or nondriver 25 identification card number. 3. Any financial account number or a credit or debit 26 card number. 27

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4. Any security code, access code, or password that would permit access to a consumer's financial account.

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5. Biometric records.

c. Any information or data, except age or gender, in
any form or medium created by or derived from a health care
provider or a consumer, that can be used to identify a
particular consumer, and that relates to any of the following:

8 1. The past, present, or future physical, mental, or
9 behavioral health or condition of a consumer or a member of
10 the consumer's family.

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2. The provision of health care to any consumer.

Payment for the provision of health care to any
 consumer.

14 (12) PERSON. Any individual or any nongovernmental
15 entity, including, but not limited to, any nongovernmental
16 partnership, corporation, branch, agency, or association.

(13) a. PUBLICLY AVAILABLE INFORMATION. Any
information that a licensee has a reasonable basis to believe
is lawfully made available to the general public from federal,
state, or local government records; widely distributed media;
or disclosures to the general public that are required to be
made by federal, state, or local law.

b. For the purposes of this definition, a licensee
has a reasonable basis to believe that information is lawfully
made available to the general public if the licensee has taken
steps to determine both of the following:

1. That the information is of the type that is
 available to the general public.

3 2. Whether a consumer can direct that the
4 information not be made available to the general public and,
5 if so, that the consumer has not done so.

6 (14) RISK ASSESSMENT. The risk assessment that each 7 licensee is required to conduct under subsection (c) of 8 Section 4.

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(15) STATE. The State of Alabama.

(16) THIRD-PARTY SERVICE PROVIDER. A person, not
 defined as a licensee, who contracts with a licensee to
 maintain, process, store, or access nonpublic information
 through the provision of services to the licensee.

Section 4. Information Security Program.

15 (a) Commensurate with the size and complexity of the licensee, the nature and scope of the activities of the 16 17 licensee, including its use of third-party service providers, 18 and the sensitivity of the nonpublic information used by the licensee or in the possession, custody, or control of the 19 20 licensee, each licensee shall develop, implement, and maintain 21 a comprehensive written information security program based on the risk assessment of the licensee that contains 22 administrative, technical, and physical safeguards for the 23 24 protection of nonpublic information and the information system 25 of the licensee.

(b) The information security program of a licenseeshall be designed to do all of the following:

(1) Protect the security and confidentiality of
 nonpublic information and the security of the information
 system.

4 (2) Protect against any threats or hazards to the
5 security or integrity of nonpublic information and the
6 information system.

7 (3) Protect against unauthorized access to or use of
8 nonpublic information and minimize the likelihood of harm to
9 any consumer.

10 (4) Define and periodically reevaluate a schedule 11 for retention of nonpublic information and a mechanism for its 12 destruction when no longer needed.

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(c) The licensee shall do all of the following:

14 (1) Designate one or more employees, an affiliate,
15 or an outside vendor to act on behalf of the licensee who is
16 responsible for the information security program.

17 (2) Identify reasonably foreseeable internal or
18 external threats that could result in unauthorized access,
19 transmission, disclosure, misuse, alteration, or destruction
20 of nonpublic information, including threats to the security of
21 information systems and nonpublic information that are
22 accessible to or held by third-party service providers.

(3) Assess the likelihood and potential damage of
these threats, taking into consideration the sensitivity of
the nonpublic information.

26 (4) Assess the sufficiency of policies, procedures,
 27 information systems, and other safeguards in place to manage

these threats, including consideration of threats in each relevant area of the operations of the licensee, including all of the following:

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a. Employee training and management.

b. Information systems, including network and
software design, as well as information classification,
governance, processing, storage, transmission, and disposal.

8 c. Detecting, preventing, and responding to attacks,
9 intrusions, or other systems failures.

10 (5) Implement information safeguards to manage the
11 threats identified in its ongoing assessment, and no less than
12 annually, assess the effectiveness of the key controls,
13 systems, and procedures of the safeguards.

14 (d) Based on its risk assessment, the licensee shall15 do all of the following:

(1) Design its information security program to
mitigate the identified risks commensurate with the size and
complexity of the licensee, the nature and scope of the
activities of the licensee, including the use by the licensee
of third-party service providers, and the sensitivity of the
nonpublic information used by the licensee or in the
possession, custody, or control of the licensee.

(2) Determine which security measures listed below
 are appropriate and, if appropriate, do the following to
 implement the security measures:

a. Place access controls on information systems,
 including controls to authenticate and permit access only to

authorized individuals to protect against the unauthorized
 acquisition of nonpublic information.

b. Identify and manage the data, personnel, devices,
systems, and facilities that enable the organization to
achieve business purposes in accordance with their relative
importance to business objectives and the risk strategy of the
licensee.

8 c. Restrict physical access to nonpublic information9 to authorized individuals only.

10 d. Protect by encryption or other appropriate means, 11 all nonpublic information while being transmitted over an 12 external network and all nonpublic information stored on any 13 laptop computer or other portable computing or storage device 14 or media.

e. Adopt secure development practices for in-housedeveloped applications utilized by the licensee.

17 f. Modify the information system in accordance with18 the information security program of the licensee.

19 g. Utilize effective controls, which may include 20 multi-factor authentication procedures for employees accessing 21 nonpublic information.

h. Regularly test and monitor systems and procedures
to detect actual and attempted attacks on, or intrusions into,
information systems.

i. Include audit trails within the information
 security program designed to detect and respond to
 cybersecurity events and designed to reconstruct material

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1 financial transactions sufficient to support normal operations
2 and obligations of the licensee.

j. Implement measures to protect against
destruction, loss, or damage of nonpublic information due to
environmental hazards, such as fire and water damage or other
catastrophes or technological failures.

k. Develop, implement, and maintain procedures for
the secure disposal of nonpublic information in any format.

9 (3) Include cybersecurity risks in the enterprise 10 risk management process of the licensee.

(4) Stay informed regarding emerging threats or vulnerabilities and utilize reasonable security measures when sharing information relative to the character of the sharing and the type of information shared.

(5) Provide its personnel with cybersecurity
awareness training that is updated as necessary to reflect
risks identified by the licensee in the risk assessment.

(e) If the licensee has a board of directors, the
board or an appropriate committee of the board, at a minimum,
shall do all of the following:

(1) Require the executive management of the licensee
or its delegates to develop, implement, and maintain the
information security program of the licensee.

(2) Require the executive management of the licensee
or its delegates to report in writing at least annually, all
of the following:

a. The overall status of the information security
 program of the licensee and the compliance of the licensee
 with this act.

b. Material matters related to the information
security program, addressing issues such as risk assessment,
risk management and control decisions, third-party service
provider arrangements, results of testing, cybersecurity
events or violations and the responses of management thereto,
and recommendations for changes in the information security
program.

(3) If executive management delegates any of its responsibilities under this section, it shall oversee the development, implementation, and maintenance of the information security program of the licensee prepared by the delegate and shall receive a report from the delegate complying with the requirements of the report to the board of directors.

18 (f)(1) A licensee shall exercise due diligence in19 selecting a third-party service provider.

(2) A licensee shall require a third-party service
provider to implement appropriate administrative, technical,
and physical measures to protect and secure the information
systems and nonpublic information that are accessible to, or
held by, the third-party service provider.

(g) The licensee shall monitor, evaluate, and
adjust, as appropriate, the information security program
consistent with any relevant changes in technology, the

sensitivity of its nonpublic information, internal or external threats to information, and the changing business arrangements of the licensee, such as mergers and acquisitions, alliances and joint ventures, outsourcing arrangements, and changes to information systems.

(h) (1) As part of its information security program, 6 7 each licensee shall establish a written incident response plan designed to promptly respond to, and recover from, any 8 cybersecurity event that compromises the confidentiality, 9 10 integrity, or availability of nonpublic information in its possession, the information systems of the licensee, or the 11 continuing functionality of any aspect of the business or 12 13 operations of the licensee.

14 (2) The incident response plan shall address all of15 the following areas:

a. The internal process for responding to acybersecurity event.

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b. The goals of the incident response plan.

c. The definition of clear roles, responsibilities,
 and levels of decision-making authority.

d. External and internal communications andinformation sharing.

e. Identification of requirements for the
remediation of any identified weaknesses in information
systems and associated controls.

f. Documentation and reporting regarding
 cybersecurity events and related incident response activities.

g. The evaluation and revision as necessary of the
 incident response plan following a cybersecurity event.

(i) Each insurer domiciled in this state, annually 3 on or before February 15, shall submit to the commissioner a 4 5 written statement certifying that the insurer is in compliance with the requirements set forth in this act. Each insurer 6 7 shall maintain for examination by the department all records, schedules, and data supporting this certificate for a period 8 9 of five years. To the extent an insurer has identified areas, 10 systems, or processes that require material improvement, updating, or redesign, the insurer shall document the 11 identification and the remedial efforts planned and underway 12 13 to address the areas, systems, or processes. The documentation shall be available for inspection by the commissioner. 14

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Section 5. Investigation of a Cybersecurity Event.

(a) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity
event has or may have occurred, the licensee, or an outside
vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf of the
licensee, shall conduct a prompt investigation.

20 (b) During the investigation, the licensee, or an 21 outside vendor or service provider designated to act on behalf 22 of the licensee, at a minimum, shall determine as much of the 23 following information as possible:

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(1) If a cybersecurity event has occurred.

(2) The nature and scope of the cybersecurity event.
(3) Any nonpublic information that may have been
involved in the cybersecurity event.

1 (c) The licensee shall perform or oversee reasonable 2 measures to restore the security of the information systems 3 compromised in the cybersecurity event in order to prevent 4 further unauthorized acquisition, release, or use of nonpublic 5 information in the possession, custody, or control of the 6 licensee.

(d) If the licensee learns that a cybersecurity
event has or may have occurred in a system maintained by a
third-party service provider, the licensee shall complete the
steps listed in subsection (b) or confirm and document that
the third-party service provider has completed those steps.

(e) The licensee shall maintain records concerning
all cybersecurity events for a period of at least five years
from the date of the cybersecurity event and shall produce
those records upon demand of the commissioner.

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Section 6. Notification of a Cybersecurity Event.

(a) Each licensee shall notify the commissioner as
promptly as possible, but in no event later than three
business days from a determination that a cybersecurity event
involving nonpublic information that is in the possession of a
licensee has occurred when either of the following criteria
has been met:

(1) This state is the state of domicile of the
licensee, in the case of an insurer, or this state is the home
state of the licensee, in the case of a producer, as those
terms are defined in Section 27-7-1, Code of Alabama 1975, and
the cybersecurity event has a reasonable likelihood of

1 materially harming a consumer residing in this state or 2 reasonable likelihood of materially harming any material part 3 of the normal operation of the licensee.

4 (2) The licensee reasonably believes that the
5 nonpublic information involves 250 or more consumers residing
6 in this state and the cybersecurity event is either of the
7 following:

a. A cybersecurity event impacting the licensee that
the licensee is required to notify any government body,
self-regulatory agency, or any other supervisory body about
pursuant to any state or federal law.

b. A cybersecurity event that has a reasonablelikelihood of materially harming either of the following:

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1. Any consumer residing in this state.

15 2. Any material part of the normal operation of the16 licensee.

(b) The licensee shall provide as much of the
following information as possible in electronic form as
directed by the commissioner:

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(1) The date of the cybersecurity event.

(2) A description of how the information was
exposed, lost, stolen, or breached, including the specific
roles and responsibilities of any third-party service
providers.

(3) How the cybersecurity event was discovered.
(4) Whether any lost, stolen, or breached
information has been recovered and if so, how this was done.

(5) The identity of the source of the cybersecurity
 event.

3 (6) Whether the licensee has filed a police report
4 or has notified any regulatory, government, or law enforcement
5 agencies and, if so, when the notification was provided.

6 (7) A description of the specific types of 7 information acquired without authorization. Specific types of 8 information means particular data elements including, for 9 example, types of medical information, types of financial 10 information, or types of information allowing identification 11 of the consumer.

12 (8) The period during which the information system13 was compromised by the cybersecurity event.

(9) The number of total consumers in this state
affected by the cybersecurity event. The licensee shall
provide the best estimate in the initial report to the
commissioner and update this estimate with each subsequent
report to the commissioner pursuant to this section.

(10) The results of any internal review identifying
a lapse in either automated controls or internal procedures,
or confirming that all automated controls or internal
procedures were followed.

(11) A description of efforts being undertaken to
 remediate the situation which permitted the cybersecurity
 event to occur.

(12) A copy of the privacy policy of the licensee
 and a statement outlining the steps the licensee will take to

1 investigate and notify consumers affected by the cybersecurity
2 event.

3 (13) The name of a contact person who is both
4 familiar with the cybersecurity event and authorized to act
5 for the licensee.

6 (c) The licensee shall have a continuing obligation 7 to update and supplement initial and subsequent notifications 8 regarding material changes to previously provided information 9 relating to the cybersecurity event.

10 (d) The licensee shall comply with Act 2018-396 of 11 the 2018 Regular Session as applicable and provide a copy of 12 the notice sent to consumers under the law to the 13 commissioner.

(e) (1) If the licensee becomes aware of a
cybersecurity event in a system maintained by a third-party
service provider, the licensee shall treat the event in the
same manner as provided under subsection (a) unless the
third-party service provider provides the notice required
under subsection (a) to the commissioner.

(2) The computation of deadlines of a licensee shall
begin on the day after the third-party service provider
notifies the licensee of the cybersecurity event or the
licensee otherwise has actual knowledge of the cybersecurity
event, whichever is sooner.

(3) Nothing in this act shall prevent or abrogate an
agreement between a licensee and another licensee, a
third-party service provider, or any other party to fulfill

any of the investigation requirements of Section 5 or the
 notice requirements of this section.

(f) (1) a. In the case of a cybersecurity event 3 involving nonpublic information that is used by the licensee 4 5 that is acting as an assuming insurer or in the possession, custody, or control of a licensee that is acting as an 6 7 assuming insurer and that does not have a direct contractual relationship with the affected consumers, the assuming insurer 8 9 shall notify its affected ceding insurers and the commissioner 10 of its state of domicile within three business days of making the determination that a cybersecurity event has occurred. 11

b. The ceding insurers that have a direct
contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill
the consumer notification requirements under Act 2018-396,
2018 Regular Session, and any other notification requirements
relating to a cybersecurity event under this section.

(2)a. In the case of a cybersecurity event involving 17 18 nonpublic information that is in the possession, custody, or control of a third-party service provider of a licensee that 19 20 is an assuming insurer, the assuming insurer shall notify its 21 affected ceding insurers and the commissioner of its state of 22 domicile within three business days of receiving notice from its third-party service provider that a cybersecurity event 23 24 has occurred.

b. The ceding insurers that have a direct
contractual relationship with affected consumers shall fulfill
the consumer notification requirements under Act 2018-396,

2018 Regular Session, and any other notification requirements
 relating to a cybersecurity event under this section.

3 (3) Any licensee acting as assuming insurer shall
4 have no other notice obligations relating to a cybersecurity
5 event or other data breach under this section or any other law
6 of this state.

7 (g) (1) In the case of a cybersecurity event 8 involving nonpublic information that is in the possession, 9 custody, or control of a licensee that is an insurer or its 10 third-party service provider for which a consumer accessed the services of the insurer through an independent insurance 11 12 producer, and for which consumer notice is required by Act 13 2018-396, 2018 Regular Session, the insurer shall notify the 14 producers of record of all affected consumers of the 15 cybersecurity event no later than the time at which notice is 16 provided to the affected consumers.

17 (2) The insurer is excused from this obligation for
18 any producers who are not authorized by law or contract to
19 sell, solicit, or negotiate on behalf of the insurer, and in
20 those instances in which the insurer does not have the current
21 producer of record information for an individual consumer.

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Section 7. Power of Commissioner.

(a) The commissioner may examine and investigate
into the affairs of any licensee to determine whether the
licensee has been or is engaged in any conduct in violation of
this act. This power is in addition to the powers which the
commissioner has under Section 27-2-21, Code of Alabama 1975.

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The investigation or examination shall be conducted pursuant
 to Sections 27-2-22, et seq., Code of Alabama 1975.

3 (b) If the commissioner has reason to believe that a 4 licensee has been or is engaged in conduct in this state which 5 violates this act, the commissioner may take action that is 6 necessary or appropriate to enforce this act.

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Section 8. Confidentiality.

(a) (1) Any documents, materials, or other 8 9 information in the control or possession of the department 10 that are furnished by a licensee or an employee or agent acting on behalf of a licensee pursuant to subsection (i) of 11 Section 4; subdivisions (2), (3), (4), (5), (8), (10), and 12 13 (11) of subsection (b) of Section 6; or that are obtained by 14 the commissioner in an investigation or examination pursuant to Section 7 shall be confidential by law and privileged, 15 16 shall not be subject to any open records, freedom of information, sunshine, or other public record disclosure laws, 17 18 shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil 19 20 action. The commissioner shall not otherwise make the 21 documents, materials, or other information public without the prior written consent of the licensee. 22

(2) Notwithstanding subdivision (1), the
commissioner may use the documents, materials, or other
information in the furtherance of any regulatory or legal
action brought as a part of the duties of the commissioner.

1 (b) Neither the commissioner nor any person who 2 received documents, materials, or other information while acting under the authority of the commissioner or with whom 3 the documents, materials, or other information are shared 4 5 pursuant to this section shall be permitted or required to 6 testify in any private civil action concerning any 7 confidential documents, materials, or information subject to subsection (a). 8

9 (c) In order to assist in the performance of the 10 duties of the commissioner under this act, the commissioner 11 may do all of the following:

(1) Share documents, materials, or other 12 13 information, including the confidential and privileged documents, materials, or information subject to subsection 14 15 (a), with other state, federal, and international regulatory agencies, with the National Association of Insurance 16 17 Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries, and with state, 18 federal, and international law enforcement authorities, 19 provided that the recipient agrees in writing to maintain the 20 confidentiality and privileged status of the documents, 21 materials, or other information.

(2) Receive documents, materials, or information,
including otherwise confidential and privileged documents,
materials, or information, from the National Association of
Insurance Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries and
from regulatory and law enforcement officials of other foreign
or domestic jurisdictions, and shall maintain as confidential

or privileged any document, material, or information received with notice or the understanding that it is confidential or privileged under the laws of the jurisdiction that is the source of the document, material, or information.

(3) Share documents, materials, or other information
subject to subsection (a) with a third-party consultant or
vendor provided the consultant agrees in writing to maintain
the confidentiality and privileged status of the document,
material, or other information.

10 (4) Enter into agreements governing sharing and use11 of information consistent with this subsection.

(d) No waiver of any applicable privilege or claim of confidentiality in the documents, materials, or information shall occur as a result of disclosure to the commissioner under this section or as a result of sharing as authorized in subsection (c).

(e) Nothing in this act shall prohibit the
commissioner from releasing final adjudicated actions that are
open to public inspection to a database or other clearinghouse
service maintained by the National Association of Insurance
Commissioners, its affiliates or subsidiaries.

(f) Documents, materials, or other information in the possession or control of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners or a third-party consultant or vendor pursuant to this act shall be confidential by law and privileged, shall not be subject to open records, freedom of information, sunshine, or other public record disclosure laws,

- 1 shall not be subject to subpoena, and shall not be subject to 2 discovery or admissible in evidence in any private civil 3 action.
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Section 9. Exceptions.

5 (a) The following exceptions shall apply to this 6 act:

7 (1) A licensee is exempt from Section 4 of this act8 if any of the following criteria apply:

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a. The licensee has fewer than 25 employees.

b. The licensee has less than \$5 million in gross annual revenue.

12 c. The license has less than \$10 million in year-end13 total assets.

(2) A licensee subject to Pub.L. 104-191, 110 Stat. 14 15 1936, enacted August 21, 1996 (Health Insurance Portability 16 and Accountability Act) that has established and maintains an 17 information security program pursuant to the statutes, rules, 18 regulations, procedures, or guidelines established thereunder, 19 shall be considered to meet the requirements of this act, 20 provided that licensee is compliant with and submits a written 21 statement certifying its compliance with Pub. L. 104-191.

(3) An employee, agent, representative, or designee
of a licensee who is also a licensee is exempt from this act
and is not required to develop its own information security
program to the extent that the employee, agent,
representative, or designee is covered by the information
security program of the other licensee.

1 (4) A licensee affiliated with a depository 2 institution that maintains an Information Security Program in compliance with the Interagency Guidelines Establishing 3 Standards for Safeguarding Customer Information as set forth 4 5 pursuant to Sections 501 and 505 of the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6801 and 6805) shall be considered to meet the 6 7 requirements of Section 4, provided that the licensee produces, upon request, documentation satisfactory to the 8 9 commissioner that independently validates the affiliated 10 depository institution's adoption of an Information Security Program that satisfies the Interagency Guidelines. 11

12 (b) In the event a licensee ceases to qualify for an 13 exemption, the licensee shall have 180 days to comply with 14 this act.

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Section 10. Penalties.

16 (a) An insurance producer violating this act may be
17 penalized in accordance with Section 27-7-19, Code of Alabama
18 1975.

(b) Any other licensee violating this act may be subject to the suspension or revocation of the license or certificate of authority of the licensee or, in lieu thereof and at the discretion of the commissioner, the licensee may be subject to a fine of up to ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) per violation.

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Section 11. Rules.

The commissioner may adopt rules implementing this act pursuant to Chapter 2 of Title 27, Code of Alabama 1975. 1

Section 12. Severability.

If any provision of this act or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is for any reason held to be invalid, the remainder of the act and the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Section 13. Sections 10A-20-6.16, as corrected by
Act 2018-406, the Codification Act, and 27-21A-23, Code of
Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

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"§10A-20-6.16.

"(a) No statute of this state applying to insurance companies shall be applicable to any corporation organized under this article and amendments thereto or to any contract made by the corporation; except the corporation shall be subject to the following:

16 "(1) The provisions regarding annual premium tax to17 be paid by insurers on insurance premiums.

"(2) Chapter 55 of Title 27, regarding the
 prohibition of unfair discriminatory acts by insurers on the
 basis of an applicant's or insured's abuse status.

"(3) The Medicare Supplement Minimum Standards set
forth in Article 2 and Article 3 of Chapter 19 of Title 27,
and Long-Term Care Insurance Policy Minimum Standards set
forth in Article 3 of Chapter 19 of Title 27.

25 "(4) Section 27-1-17, requiring insurers and health
 26 plans to pay health care providers in a timely manner.

"(5) Chapter 56 of Title 27, regarding the Access to
 Eye Care Act.

- 3 "(6) Rules promulgated by the Commissioner of
 4 Insurance pursuant to Sections 27-7-43 and 27-7-44.
- 5

"(7) Chapter 54 of Title 27.

6 "(8) Chapter 57 of Title 27, requiring coverage to 7 be offered for the payment of colorectal cancer examinations 8 for covered persons who are 50 years of age or older, or for 9 covered persons who are less than 50 years of age and at high 10 risk for colorectal cancer according to current American 11 Cancer Society colorectal cancer screening guidelines.

"(9) Chapter 58 of Title 27, requiring that policies
 and contracts including coverage for prostate cancer early
 detection be offered, together with identification of
 associated costs.

"(10) Chapter 59 of Title 27, requiring that
 policies and contracts including coverage for chiropractic be
 offered, together with identification of associated costs.

"(11) Chapter 54A of Title 27, requiring that
 policies and contracts to offer coverage for certain treatment
 for Autism Spectrum Disorder under certain conditions.

22 "(12) Chapter 12A of Title 27.

23 "(13) Chapter 2B of Title 27.

24 "(14) Chapter 29 of Title 27.

25 "(15) The act adding this amendatory language.

"(b) The provisions in subsection (a) that require
specific types of coverage to be offered or provided shall not

1 apply when the corporation is administering a self-funded 2 benefit plan or similar plan, fund, or program that it does 3 not insure.

4

"§27-21A-23.

5 "(a) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, provisions of the insurance law and provisions of health care 6 7 service plan laws shall not be applicable to any health 8 maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority 9 under this chapter. This provision shall not apply to an 10 insurer or health care service plan licensed and regulated pursuant to the insurance law or the health care service plan 11 12 laws of this state except with respect to its health 13 maintenance organization activities authorized and regulated 14 pursuant to this chapter.

15 "(b) Solicitation of enrollees by a health 16 maintenance organization granted a certificate of authority 17 shall not be construed to violate any provision of law 18 relating to solicitation or advertising by health 19 professionals.

"(c) Any health maintenance organization authorized under this chapter shall not be deemed to be practicing medicine and shall be exempt from the provisions of Section 34-24-310, et seq., relating to the practice of medicine.

"(d) No person participating in the arrangements of
a health maintenance organization other than the actual
provider of health care services or supplies directly to
enrollees and their families shall be liable for negligence,

- misfeasance, nonfeasance, or malpractice in connection with 1 2 the furnishing of such services and supplies. "(e) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed in 3 any way to repeal or conflict with any provision of the 4 certificate of need law. 5 "(f) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 6 7 (a), a health maintenance organization shall be subject to all of the following: 8 "(1) Section 27-1-17. 9 10 "(2) Chapter 56, regarding the Access to Eye Care 11 Act. "(3) Chapter 54, regarding mental illness coverage. 12 13 "(4) Chapter 57, requiring coverage to be offered for the payment of colorectal cancer examinations for covered 14 15 persons who are 50 years of age or older, or for covered persons who are less than 50 years of age and at high risk for 16 17 colorectal cancer according to current American Cancer Society 18 colorectal cancer screening guidelines. "(5) Chapter 58, requiring that policies and 19 20 contracts including coverage for prostate cancer early 21 detection be offered, together with identification of 22 associated costs. "(6) Chapter 59, requiring that policies and 23 24 contracts including coverage for chiropractic be offered, 25 together with identification of associated costs. "(7) Rules promulgated by the Commissioner of 26
- 27 Insurance pursuant to Sections 27-7-43 and 27-7-44.

1	"(8) Chapter 12A.
2	"(9) Chapter 54A , requiring policies and contracts
3	to cover certain treatment for Autism Spectrum Disorder under
4	certain conditions .
5	"(10) Chapter 2B , regarding risk-based capital .
6	"(11) Chapter 29 , regarding insurance holding
7	company systems.
8	"(12) The act adding this amendatory language."
9	Section 14. Licensees shall have two years from the
10	effective date of this act to implement subsection (f) of
11	Section 4 and one year from the effective date of this act to
12	implement the remainder of Section 4.
13	Section 15. This act shall become effective
14	immediately upon its passage and approval by the Governor or
15	its otherwise becoming law.

1 2 3 Senate Read for the first time and referred to the Senate 4 5 committee on Banking and Insurance..... 0.5-MAR-19 6 7 Read for the second time and placed on the calen-8 dar 1 amendment..... 20-MAR-19 9 Read for the third time and passed as amended 0.2-APR-19 10 11 Yeas 32 12 Nays O 13 14 15 Patrick Harris, 16 Secretary. 17