199433-2 : n : 04/17/2019 : SINGLETON / chb 1 2 SENATE JUDICIARY COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR SB98 3 5 6 Under existing law, a person commits the 8 SYNOPSIS: crime of unlawful possession of marijuana in the 9 10 first degree if he or she possesses marijuana for other than personal use or possesses marijuana for 11 12 personal use only after having been previously 13 convicted of unlawful possession in the second 14 degree or unlawful possession of marijuana for his 15 or her personal use only. Existing law also 16 provides that the crime of unlawful possession of 17 marijuana in the first degree is a Class C felony. This bill would amend the crime of unlawful 18 possession of marijuana in the first degree to 19 2.0 provide that a person commits the crime if he or 21 she possesses two or more ounces of marijuana and 2.2 would prescribe new criminal penalties based on the 23 number of prior violations. 24 Under existing law, a person commits the 25 crime of unlawful possession of marijuana in the

second degree if he or she possesses marijuana for

personal use only. Existing law also provides that

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the crime of unlawful possession of marijuana in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor.

2.0

This bill would amend the crime of unlawful possession of marijuana in the second degree to provide that a person commits the crime if he or she possesses less than two ounces of marijuana and would change the criminal penalty to a fine only.

This bill would also provide that a person who is charged with, found not guilty of, or convicted of unlawful possession of marijuana in the first or second degree may have that charge, finding, or conviction expunged if he or she has not been convicted of a felony, misdemeanor, or violation, excluding minor traffic violations, within the last five years.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates

funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

11 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

13 AN ACT

2.0

Relating to drugs; to amend Sections 13A-12-213 and 13A-12-214, Code of Alabama 1975, to provide further for the crimes of unlawful possession of marijuana in the first and second degrees; to revise the criminal penalties; to provide for expungement of a charge, finding, or conviction, under certain conditions; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Page 3

1	Section 1. Sections 13A-12-213 and 13A-12-214, Code
2	of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
3	"\$13A-12-213.
4	"(a) A person commits the crime of unlawful
5	possession of marihuana marijuana in the first degree if,
6	except as otherwise authorized:, he or she possesses two or
7	more ounces of marijuana.
8	"(1) He or she possesses marihuana for other than
9	personal use; or
10	"(2) He or she possesses marihuana for his or her
11	personal use only after having been previously convicted of
12	unlawful possession of marihuana in the second degree or
13	unlawful possession of marihuana for his or her personal use
14	only.
15	"(b) Unlawful possession of marihuana marijuana in
16	the first degree pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (a)
17	is punishable as follows:
18	"(1) Upon a first conviction of this section within
19	the preceding five years, the person is guilty of a Class C
20	misdemeanor, punishable only by a fine not to exceed two
21	hundred fifty dollars (\$250).
22	"(2) Upon a second conviction of this section within
23	the preceding five years, the person is guilty of a Class C
24	misdemeanor, punishable only by a fine not to exceed five
25	hundred dollars (\$500).
26	"(3) Upon a third or subsequent conviction of this
27	section within the preceding five years, the person is quilty

of a Class \in D felony, punishable only by a fine not to exceed seven hundred fifty dollars (\$750).

"(c) Unlawful possession of marihuana in the first degree pursuant to subdivision (2) of subsection (a) is a Class D felony. All fines and forfeitures collected upon conviction or upon forfeiture of bail of any person charged with a violation of this section shall be deposited into the State Treasury to the credit of the State General Fund.

"(d) Notwithstanding Chapter 27 of Title 15, a
person who has been charged with, found not guilty of, or
convicted of violating this section may file a petition in the
criminal division of any circuit court to expunge records
related to the charge, finding, or conviction when the person
has not been convicted of any other felony, misdemeanor, or
violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during the
previous five years. Upon the granting of a petition, the
court shall order the expungement of all records of the person
as provided in Section 15-27-6.

"\$13A-12-214.

- "(a) A person commits the crime of unlawful possession of marihuana marijuana in the second degree if, except as otherwise authorized, he or she possesses less than two ounces of marijuana marihuana for his personal use only.
- "(b) Unlawful possession of marihuana marijuana in the second degree is a Class A misdemeanor violation punishable only by a fine not to exceed two hundred fifty dollars (\$250).

1	(c) A violation of this section alone shall not be
2	accompanied by a charge pursuant to Section 13A-12-260.
3	"(d) All fines and forfeitures collected upon
4	conviction or upon forfeiture of bail of any person charged
5	with a violation of this section shall be deposited into the
6	State Treasury to the credit of the State General Fund.
7	"(e) Notwithstanding Chapter 27 of Title 15, a
8	person who has been charged with, found not guilty of, or
9	convicted of violating this section may file a petition in the
10	criminal division of any circuit court to expunge records
11	related to the charge, finding, or conviction when the person
12	has not been convicted of any other felony, misdemeanor, or
13	violation, excluding minor traffic violations, during the
14	previous five years. Upon the granting of a petition, the
15	court shall order the expungement of all records of the person
16	as provided in Section 15-27-6."
17	Section 2. Although this bill would have as its
18	purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased
19	expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further
20	requirements and application under Amendment 621, now
21	appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of
22	the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the
23	bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an
24	existing crime.
25	Section 3. This act shall become effective on the
26	first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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