- 1 SB71
- 2 164906-1
- 3 By Senator Marsh
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education
- 5 First Read: 03-MAR-15

1	164906-1:n:02/26/2015:KMS/agb LRS2015-691
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8	SYNOPSIS: This bill would clarify and confirm that the
9	intent of the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013 is
10	educational choice and would amend certain
11	definitions and provisions of the Alabama
12	Accountability Act of 2013.
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14	A BILL
15	TO BE ENTITLED
16	AN ACT
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18	To amend Sections 16-6D-4 and 16-6D-9, Code of
19	Alabama 1975, relating to the Alabama Accountability Act of
20	2013; to clarify and confirm that the intent of the Alabama
21	Accountability Act of 2013 is educational choice; to amend
22	certain current definitions and add new definitions; to amend
23	the reporting period for scholarship granting organizations
24	from a calendar year to an academic year; to clarify and
25	confirm that educational scholarships are provided to eligible

students, not to particular schools; to clarify and confirm

that once a student has received an educational scholarship

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under the program, the student remains eligible to receive educational scholarships until high school graduation or the student reaches 19 years of age, but would require scholarship granting organizations to determine income eligibility every other year; to require all participating private schools to be accredited by one of the six regional accrediting agencies, the National Council for Private School Accreditation, Advanced Ed, the American Association of Christian Schools, or one of their partner accrediting agencies, within three years from the date their notice of intent to participate in the scholarship program is filed with the Department of Revenue or the effective date of this Act, whichever is later; to allow certain pass-through entities, such as Subchapter S corporations and limited liability companies, to make contributions to scholarship granting organizations and to allow the credit earned by the entity to pass through to and be claimed by its owners, and to expand the definition of "individual taxpayer" to include the individual owners of these pass-through entities; to clarify and confirm that donors making contributions to scholarship granting organizations cannot earmark their contribution for a particular school or to fund scholarships for a particular student or group of students; to prohibit scholarship granting organizations from making lumpsum, block grants, or other similar payments to otherwise qualifying schools; to remove the current \$7,500 annual limitation on contributions made to scholarship granting organizations by individual taxpayers; to

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increase the cumulative amount of tax credits available in a calendar year to \$35,000,000; to allow taxpayers to make contributions to scholarship granting organizations before the due date, with extensions, of a timely filed 2014 tax return but reserve tax credits against the remaining balance of the 2014 cumulative amount of tax credits available; to clarify and confirm that scholarship granting organizations may use up to five percent of their revenues from donations for administrative or operating expenses in the year of donation or any subsequent year; to amend the deadline for the annual reports required to be filed by scholarship granting organizations with the Department of Revenue and provide for additional quarterly reports to be filed with the Department of Revenue; to require that such reports be made publicly available on the Department of Revenue's website; to change the release date for unaccounted scholarship funds from September 15 to May 15 of each calendar year; to prohibit so-called lock-up agreements between scholarship granting organizations and otherwise qualifying schools that would limit or prevent students who received educational scholarships from other scholarship granting organizations from attending that school; to require scholarship granting organizations to submit annual verification to the Department of Revenue of the policies and procedures used to determine a student's eligibility for an educational scholarship and to clarify and confirm that scholarship granting organizations, not schools, are responsible for determining student

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Τ	eligibility; to require qualifying schools to provide
2	information on financial viability prior to receiving
3	educational scholarship payments; to require participating
4	schools to comply with the Alabama Child Protection Act of
5	1999; and to provide for a limited retroactive effective date.
6	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
7	Section 1. Sections 16-6D-4 and 16-6D-9 of the Code
8	of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
9	"\$16-6D-4.
10	"For the purposes of this chapter, the following
11	terms shall have the following meanings:
12	"(1) ACADEMIC YEAR. The 12-month period beginning on
13	July 1 and ending on the following June 30.
14	"(2) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. The Alabama Department
15	of Revenue.
16	"(1)(3) EDUCATIONAL SCHOLARSHIPS. Grants A grant
17	made by a scholarship granting organization to an eligible
18	student to cover all or part of the tuition and mandatory fees
19	for one academic year charged by a qualifying school to an the
20	eligible student receiving a scholarship. The term does not
21	include a lump sum, block grant, or similar payment by a
22	scholarship granting organization to a qualifying school that
23	assigns the responsibility in whole or in part for determining
24	the eligibility of scholarship recipients to the qualifying
25	school or any person or entity other than the scholarship
26	granting organization.
27	" (2) (4) ELIGIBLE STUDENT.

1	"a. A student who satisfies all of the following:
2	"a.1. Is a member of a household family whose total
3	annual income the <u>calendar</u> year before he or she receives an
4	educational scholarship under this program does not exceed an
5	amount equal to 150 percent of the median household income two
6	times the federal poverty level, as established from time to
7	time by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. Once
8	a student receives an educational scholarship under this
9	program, the student shall remain eligible regardless of
10	household income until the student graduates high school or

"b.2. Was eligible to attend a public school in the preceding semester or is starting school in Alabama for the first time.

"c.3. Resides in Alabama while receiving an educational scholarship.

reaches 19 years of age.

"b. Once a student receives an educational scholarship under this program, the student shall remain eligible to receive educational scholarships until the student graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age. A scholarship granting organization shall determine the eligibility of a student under subparagraph 1. of paragraph a. every other academic year in which a student receives an educational scholarship.

"(3)(5) FAILING SCHOOL. A public K-12 school that is one or more of the following:

"a. Is labeled as persistently low-performing by the State Department of Education, in the then most recent United States Department of Education School Improvement Grant application.

"b.a. Is designated as a failing school by the State Superintendent of Education.

"c.b. Does not exclusively serve a special population of students and, until June 1, 2017, has been listed three two or more times during the then-most recent six four years in the lowest six 10 percent of public K-12 schools on the state standardized assessment in reading and math or, on or after.

"c. Beginning June 1, 2017, a failing school shall mean a school that has, during the then-most recent three years, earned at least one grade of "F" or, during the then-most recent four years, earned at least three grades of "D" on the school grading system developed pursuant to Section 16-6C-2. In the event sufficient rules required to implement the If the "A" through "F" grading system provided for by Section 16-6C-2 have has not been implemented pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act in time to provide a sufficient record to implement this subdivision by the State Department of Education before June 1, 2017, then a failing school shall be mean a school that has been listed in the lowest 10 percent of public K-12 elementary, middle, or high schools in the state standardized assessment in reading and math.

1	"(6) FAMILY. A group of two or more people related
2	by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children,
3	who reside together.
4	" (4) (7) FLEXIBILITY CONTRACT. A school flexibility
5	contract between the local school system and the State Board
6	of Education wherein a local school system may apply for
7	programmatic flexibility or budgetary flexibility, or both,
8	from state laws, regulations, and policies, including
9	regulations and policies promulgated by the State Board of
10	Education and the State Department of Education.
11	" $\frac{(5)}{(8)}$ INNOVATION PLAN. The request of a local
12	school system for flexibility and plan for annual
13	accountability measures and five-year targets for all
14	participating schools within the school system.
15	" $\frac{(6)}{(9)}$ LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION. A city or county
16	board of education that exercises management and control of a
17	local school system pursuant to state law.
18	" $\frac{(7)}{(10)}$ LOCAL SCHOOL SYSTEM. A public agency that
19	establishes and supervises one or more public schools within
20	its geographical limits pursuant to state law.
21	" (8) LOW-INCOME ELIGIBLE STUDENT. A student of a
22	family with income equal to or less than two times the federal
23	poverty level.
24	" $\frac{(9)}{(11)}$ NONPUBLIC SCHOOL. Any nonpublic or private
25	school, including parochial schools, not under the
26	jurisdiction of the State Superintendent of Education and the
27	State Board of Education, providing educational services to

children. A nonpublic school is shall be accredited by a state recognized accrediting agency that one of the six regional accrediting agencies or the National Council for Private

School Accreditation, Advanced Ed, the American Association of Christian Schools, or one of their partner accrediting agencies. A nonpublic school provides education to elementary or secondary, or both, students and has notified the State Department of Revenue of its intention to participate in the scholarship program and comply with the requirements of the scholarship program. A nonpublic school does not include home schooling.

"(10)(12) PARENT. The parent or legal guardian of a student, with authority to act on behalf of the student, who claims. For purposes of Section 16-6D-8, the parent or quardian shall claim the student as a dependent on his or her Alabama state income tax return.

"(11) (13) QUALIFYING SCHOOL. Either a public school outside of the resident school district that is not considered failing under either state or federal standards within the meaning of subdivision (5) or any nonpublic school as defined in this chapter or that satisfies the compulsory attendance requirements provided in Section 16-28-7 by subdivision (11). A qualified nonpublic school shall be accredited by one of the six regional accrediting agencies or, if not so accredited, as required in subdivision (11). A nonpublic school shall have three years from the later of the date the nonpublic school notified the Department of Revenue of its intent to

1 participate in the scholarship program or the effective date 2 of the act amending this subdivision, to obtain the required accreditation and shall thereafter maintain accreditation as 3 required by subdivision (11). A nonpublic school that does not have the required accreditation during the three-year period shall satisfy all of the following conditions: 6 7 "a. Has been in existence for at least three years. "b.a. Has daily attendance of at least 85 percent 8 9 over a two-year period. "c.b. Has a minimum 180-day school year, or its 10 11 hourly equivalent. 12 "d.c. Has a day length of at least six and one-half 13 hours. 14 "e.d. Requires all students to take the Stanford 15 Achievement Test, or its equivalent. "f.e. Requires all candidates for graduation to take 16 17 the American College Test before graduation. "q.f. Requires students in high school in grades 18 nine through 12 to earn a minimum of 24 Carnegie credits 19 before graduating, including 16 credits in core subjects and 20 21 additional requirements in health and physical education, fine 22 arts, computer studies, and foreign language, and each awarded 23 credit shall consist of a minimum of 140 instructional hours. 24 "h.g. Does not subject special education students to the same testing or curricular requirements as regular 25 26 education students if it is not required in the individual

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plan for the student.

"i.h. Maintains a current website that describes the school, and the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated prior to the beginning of each semester.

"j.i. Annually affirms on forms prescribed by the scholarship granting organization and the department its status financially and academically and provide other relative information as required by the scholarship granting organization or as otherwise required in this chapter.

"(12) (14) SCHOLARSHIP GRANTING ORGANIZATION. An organization that provides or is approved to provide educational scholarships to <u>eliqible</u> students attending qualifying schools of their parents' choice.

"\$16-6D-9.

"(a) (1) *A * An individual taxpayer who files a state income tax return and is not claimed as a dependent of another taxpayer, a taxpayer subject to the corporate income tax levied by Chapter 18 of Title 40, an Alabama S corporation as defined in Section 40-18-160, or a Subchapter K entity as defined in Section 40-18-1 may claim a credit for a contribution made to a scholarship granting organization. If the credit is claimed by an Alabama S corporation or Subchapter K entity, the credit shall pass through to and may be claimed by any taxpayer eliqible to claim a credit under this subdivision who is a shareholder, partner, or member thereof, based on the taxpayer's pro rata or distributive share, respectively, of the credit. No credit may be claimed

for a contribution made to a scholarship granting organization

if the contribution is restricted or conditioned in any way by

the donor including, but not limited to, requiring the

scholarship granting organization to direct all or part of the

contribution to a particular qualifying school or to grant an

educational scholarship to a particular eligible student.

"(2) The tax credit may be claimed by an individual taxpayer or a married couple filing jointly in an amount equal to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to a scholarship granting organization for educational scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, up to 50 percent of the tax liability of the individual taxpayer, not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per taxpayer or married couple filing jointly. For purposes of this section, an individual taxpayer includes an individual who is a shareholder of an Alabama S corporation or a partner or member of a Subchapter K entity that made a contribution to a scholarship granting organization.

"(3) The tax credit may be claimed by a corporate taxpayer subject to the Alabama corporate income tax in an amount equal to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to a scholarship granting organization for educational scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, up to 50 percent of the tax liability of the taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits issued pursuant to subdivision (2) and this subdivision shall not

1 exceed twenty-five thirty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) 2 (\$35,000,000) annually, based on the calendar year. A taxpayer making one or more otherwise tax-creditable contributions 3 before the due date, with extensions, of a timely filed 2014 4 tax return may elect to treat all or a portion of such 5 contributions as applying to and creditable against its 2014 6 7 Alabama income tax liability, if the taxpayer properly reserves the credit on the website of the Department of 8 Revenue or another method provided by the Department of 9 10 Revenue. The amount creditable against the taxpayer's 2014 income tax liability shall be limited to the lesser of the 11 12 amount so designated or the remaining balance, if any, of the cumulative amount of tax credits available for 2014. No such 13 14 contribution and election by a taxpayer to reserve tax credits against the remaining balance of the cumulative amount of tax 15 credits available for 2014 shall preclude the taxpayer from 16 17 making additional contributions in 2015 and reserving those amounts against the cumulative amount of tax credits available 18 for 2015. The Department of Revenue shall develop a procedure 19 to ensure that this cap is not exceeded and shall also 20 21 prescribe the various methods by which these credits are to be 22 issued.

"(4) A corporate taxpayer subject to the Alabama corporate income tax, an individual taxpayer, or a married couple filing jointly may carry forward a tax credit under the tax credit scholarship program for up to three taxable years.

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"(b)(1) Administrative accountability standards. All scholarship granting organizations shall do all of the following:

- "a. Notify the Department of Revenue of their intent to provide educational scholarships to eligible students.
 - "b. Demonstrate to the Department of Revenue that they have been granted exemption from the federal income tax as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect from time to time.
 - "c. Distribute periodic educational scholarship payments as checks made out and mailed to the school where the student is enrolled.
 - "d. Provide a Department of Revenue approved receipt to taxpayers for contributions made to the scholarship granting organization.
 - "e. Ensure that at least 95 percent of their revenue from donations is spent on educational scholarships, and that all revenue from interest or investments is spent on educational scholarships. A scholarship granting organization may expend up to five percent of its revenue from donations on administrative and operating expenses in the calendar year of the donation or in any subsequent calendar year.
 - "f. Spend each year a portion of their expenditures on educational scholarships for low-income eligible students equal to the percentage of low-income eligible students in the county where the scholarship granting organization expends the majority of its educational scholarships.

"g.f. Ensure that at least 75 percent of first-time recipients of educational scholarships were not continuously enrolled in a private school during the previous <u>academic</u> year.

"h.g. Cooperate with the Department of Revenue to conduct criminal background checks on all of their employees and board members and exclude from employment or governance any individual who may reasonably pose a risk to the appropriate use of contributed funds.

"i.h. Ensure that educational scholarships are portable during the school academic year and can be used at any qualifying school that accepts the eligible student according to the wishes of the parent. If a an eligible student transfers to another qualifying school during a school an academic year, the educational scholarship amount may be prorated.

"j.i. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue by June September 1 of each year all of the following information prepared by a certified public accountant regarding their grants educational scholarships funded in the previous calendar academic year:

- "1. The name and address of the scholarship granting organization.
- "2. The total number and total dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar academic year.

1	"3. The total number and total dollar amount of
2	educational scholarships awarded and funded during the
3	previous calendar <u>academic</u> year, the total number and total
4	dollar amount of educational scholarships awarded and funded
5	during the previous <u>academic</u> year for students qualifying for
6	the federal free and reduced-price lunch program, and the
7	percentage of first-time recipients of educational
8	scholarships who were enrolled in a public school during the
9	previous <u>academic</u> year.
10	"j. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue, by
11	the 15th day after the close of each calendar quarter, all of
12	the following:
13	"1. The total number of scholarships awarded and
14	funded during the quarter.
15	"2. The names of the qualifying schools that
16	received funding for educational scholarships during the
17	quarter and the total number of scholarship recipients
18	enrolled in each qualifying school during the quarter.
19	"3. The total number of eligible students zoned to
20	attend a failing school who received educational scholarships
21	from the scholarship granting organization during the quarter.
22	"4. The total number of first time scholarship
23	recipients who were continuously enrolled in a nonpublic
24	school prior to receiving an educational scholarship from that
25	scholarship granting organization during the quarter.
26	"k. Ensure that educational scholarships are not
27	provided for students to attend a school with paid staff or

board members, or relatives thereof, in common with the
scholarship granting organization.

"1. Ensure that <u>educational</u> scholarships are provided in a manner that does not discriminate based on the gender, race, or disability status of the scholarship applicant or his or her parent.

"m. Ensure that educational scholarships are provided only to students who would otherwise are zoned to attend a failing school so that the student can attend a nonpublic school or a nonfailing public school. Provided, however, that any Any scholarship funds unaccounted for on September May 15th of each calendar year may be made available to low-income eligible students to defray the costs of attending a qualifying school, whether or not the student is assigned zoned to attend a failing school.

"n. Ensure that no donations are directly made to benefit specifically designated scholarship recipients or to particular qualifying schools.

"o. Submit to the Department of Revenue annual verification of the scholarship granting organization's policies and procedures used to determine scholarship eligibility. The verification shall confirm that the scholarship granting organization, and not one or more qualifying schools accepting educational scholarship recipients, is determining whether scholarship applicants are eligible to receive educational scholarships.

1	"p. Submit to the Department of Revenue an annual
2	verification that none of its actions or policies restricts a
3	parent's educational choice by limiting or prohibiting the
4	enrollment of eligible students in the qualifying school if
5	those eligible students received educational scholarships from
6	other scholarship granting organizations.
7	"(2) Financial accountability standards.
8	"a. All scholarship granting organizations shall
9	demonstrate their financial accountability by doing all of the
10	following:
11	"1. Annually submitting to the Department of Revenue
12	a financial information report for the scholarship granting
13	organization that complies with uniform financial accounting
14	standards established by the Department of Revenue and
15	conducted by a certified public accountant.
16	"2. Having the auditor certify that the report is
17	free of material misstatements.
18	"b. All participating nonpublic schools shall
19	demonstrate financial viability, if they are to receive

"b. All participating nonpublic schools shall demonstrate financial viability, if they are to receive donations of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more during the school academic year, by doing either of the following:

"1. Filing with the scholarship granting organization before the start of the school prior to receipt of the first educational scholarship payment for that academic year a surety bond payable to the scholarship granting organization in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of

1	contributions expected to be received during the school
2	<u>academic</u> year.
3	"2. Filing with the scholarship granting
4	organization before the start of the school prior to receipt
5	of the first educational scholarship payment for that academic
6	year financial information that demonstrates the financial
7	viability of the participating nonpublic school.
8	"(c)(1) Each scholarship granting organization shall
9	annually collect and submit to the Department of Revenue with
10	the annual report required by paragraph i. of subdivision (1)
11	of subsection (b) written verification from participating
12	nonpublic schools that accept its educational scholarship
13	students that those schools do all of the following:
14	"a. Comply with all health and safety laws or codes
15	that otherwise apply to nonpublic schools.
16	"b. Hold a valid occupancy permit if required by the
17	municipality.
18	"c. Certify compliance with nondiscrimination
19	policies set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1981.
20	"d. Conduct criminal background checks on employees
21	and then do all of the following:
22	"1. Exclude from employment any person not permitted
23	by state law to work in a public school.
24	"2. Exclude from employment any person who may
25	reasonably pose a threat to the safety of students.
26	"(2) By August 1 of each year, each participating
27	nonpublic school shall provide to each scholarship granting

organization from which it receives educational scholarships annual verification that the participating nonpublic school is in compliance with the Alabama Child Protection Act of 1999, Chapter 22A of this title. Any participating nonpublic school failing to provide such annual verification shall be prohibited from participating in the scholarship program. Each scholarship granting organization shall annually submit to the Department of Revenue with the annual report required by paragraph i. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) copies of the written verifications it receives from each participating nonpublic school.

"(2)(3) Academic accountability standards. There shall be sufficient information about the academic impact educational scholarship tax credits have on participating students in order to allow parents and taxpayers to measure the achievements of the tax credit scholarship program, and therefore:

- "a. Each scholarship granting organization shall ensure that participating schools that accept its educational scholarship students shall do all of the following:
- "1. Annually administer either the state achievement tests or nationally recognized norm-referenced tests that measure learning gains in math and language arts to all participating students in grades that require testing under the accountability testing laws of the state for public schools.

"2. Allow costs of the testing requirements to be covered by the educational scholarships distributed by the scholarship granting organizations.

- "3. Provide the parents of each student who was tested with a copy of the results of the tests on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
- "4. Provide the test results to the Department of Revenue on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
 - "5. Report student information that allows the state to aggregate data by grade level, gender, family income level, and race.
 - "6. Provide graduation rates of those students benefitting from education scholarships to the Department of Revenue or an organization chosen by the state in a manner consistent with nationally recognized standards.
 - "b. The Department of Revenue or an organization chosen by the Department of Revenue shall do all of the following:
 - "1. Ensure compliance with all student privacy laws.
 - "2. Collect all test results.
 - "3. Provide the test results and associated learning gains to the public via a state website after the third year of test and test-related data collection. The findings shall be aggregated by the grade level, gender, family income level, number of years of participation in the tax credit scholarship program, and race of the student.

"(d)(1) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules and procedures consistent with this section as necessary.

- "(2) The Department of Revenue shall provide a standardized format for a receipt to be issued by a scholarship granting organization to a taxpayer to indicate the value of a contribution received. The Department of Revenue shall require a taxpayer to provide a copy of the receipt when claiming the tax credit pursuant to this section.
- "(3) The Department of Revenue shall provide a standardized format for a scholarship granting organization to report the information required in paragraph paragraphs i. and j. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b).
- "(4) The Department of Revenue may conduct either a financial review or audit of a scholarship granting organization if possessing evidence of fraud.
- "(5) The Department of Revenue may bar a scholarship granting organization or a qualifying school from participating in the tax credit scholarship program if the Department of Revenue establishes that the scholarship granting organization or the qualifying school has intentionally and substantially failed to comply with the requirements in subsection (b) or subsection (c).
- "(6) If the Department of Revenue decides to bar a scholarship granting organization or a qualifying school from the tax credit scholarship program, the Department of Revenue shall notify affected educational scholarship students and their parents of the decision as quickly as possible.

"(7) The Department of Revenue shall publish and routinely update, on the website of the department, a list of scholarship granting organizations in the state, by county.

- "(8) The Department of Revenue shall publish and make publicly available on its website all annual and quarterly reports required to be filed with it by scholarship granting organizations under paragraphs i. and j. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b).
- "(e)(1) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall be required to operate in Alabama.
- "(2) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall comply with all state laws that apply to public schools regarding criminal background checks for employees and exclude from employment any person not permitted by state law to work in a public school.
- "(3) All nonpublic schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall maintain a current website that describes the school, the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated prior to the beginning of each semester.
- "(f) The tax credit provided in this section may be first claimed for the 2013 tax year but may not be claimed for any tax year prior to the 2013 tax year.
- "(g)(1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to force any public school, school system, or school district or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district to enroll any student. No qualifying school may enter into any

agreement, whether oral or written, with a scholarship

granting organization that would prohibit or limit an eliqible

student from enrolling in the school based on the identity of

the scholarship granting organization from which the eliqible

student received an educational scholarship.

- "(2) A public school, school system, or school district or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district may develop the terms and conditions under which it will allow a student who receives a scholarship from a scholarship granting organization pursuant to this section to be enrolled, but such terms and conditions may not discriminate on the basis of the race, gender, religion, color, disability status, or ethnicity of the student or of the student's parent.
- "(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the violation of or supersede the authority of any court ruling that applies to the public school, school system, or school district, specifically any federal court order related to the desegregation of the local school system's student population.
- "(h) Nothing in this chapter shall affect or change the athletic eligibility rules of student athletes governed by the Alabama High School Athletic Association or similar association."

Section 2. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise

becoming law, and shall apply retroactively to tax years or periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

(b) The amendments to subdivision (4) of Section 16-6D-4, regarding the continuing eligibility of a student once he or she receives an educational scholarship, and paragraph e. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of Section 16-6D-9, regarding the clarification that scholarship granting organizations may use up to five percent of scholarship donations for administrative and operating expenses, shall be retroactively effective to and as of March 14, 2013, the effective date of the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013.