- 1 SB71
- 2 166547-3
- 3 By Senator Marsh
- 4 RFD: Finance and Taxation Education
- 5 First Read: 03-MAR-15

1 SB71

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4 <u>ENGROSSED</u>

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7 A BILL

8 TO BE ENTITLED

9 AN ACT

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To amend Sections 16-6D-4 and 16-6D-9, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013; to clarify and confirm that the intent of the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013 is educational choice; to amend certain current definitions and add new definitions; to amend the reporting period for scholarship granting organizations from a calendar year to an academic year; to clarify and confirm that educational scholarships are provided to eligible students, not to particular schools; to require scholarship granting organizations to determine the income eligibility of a scholarship recipient every other year; to require all participating private schools to be accredited by one of the six regional accrediting agencies, the National Council for Private School Accreditation, AdvancEd, the American Association of Christian Schools, or one of their partner accrediting agencies, within three years from the date their notice of intent to participate in the scholarship program is

filed with the Department of Revenue or the effective date of this act, whichever is later; to allow a newly-formed nonpublic school that is working to obtain accreditation to receive educational scholarships by partnering with an accredited school; to allow certain pass-through entities, such as Subchapter S corporations and limited liability companies, to make contributions to scholarship granting organizations and to allow the credit earned by the entity to pass through to and be claimed by its owners, and to expand the definition of "individual taxpayer" to include the individual owners of these pass-through entities; to clarify and confirm that donors making contributions to scholarship granting organizations cannot earmark their contribution for a particular school or to fund scholarships for a particular student or group of students; to prohibit scholarship granting organizations from making lump sum, block grants, or other similar payments to otherwise qualifying schools; to remove the current \$7,500 annual limitation on contributions made to scholarship granting organizations by individual taxpayers; to increase the cumulative amount of tax credits available in a calendar year to \$30,000,000; to allow taxpayers to make contributions to scholarship granting organizations before the due date, with extensions, of a timely filed 2014 tax return but reserve tax credits against the remaining balance of the 2014 cumulative amount of tax credits available; to clarify and confirm that scholarship granting organizations may use up to five percent of their revenues from donations for

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administrative or operating expenses in the year of donation or any subsequent year; to require scholarship granting organizations to spend on educational scholarships the scholarship funds on hand at the beginning of a calendar year by the end of the academic year ending within the next succeeding calendar year, for example, a scholarship granting organization's scholarship funds on hand on January 1, 2015, must be expended on educational scholarships by June 30, 2016; to provide that certain unexpended scholarship funds are to be turned over to the State Department of Education for the benefit of the At-Risk Student Fund; to amend the deadline for the annual reports required to be filed by scholarship granting organizations with the Department of Revenue and provide for additional quarterly reports to be filed with the Department of Revenue; to require that such reports be made publicly available on the Department of Revenue's website; to require the State Department of Education and local boards of education to provide verification that an eligible student is zoned to attend a particular public school; to require scholarship granting organizations to give priority to first-time scholarship recipients from failing schools; to change the release date for unaccounted scholarship funds from September 15 to July 31 of each calendar year; to clarify and confirm that once an eligible student receives an educational scholarship under this program that the student remains eligible to receive educational scholarships until the student graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age,

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1 regardless of whether or not the student is zoned to attend a 2 failing school, subject to the income eligibility requirements of Section 16-6D-4(4)a.1; to prohibit so-called lock-up 3 agreements between scholarship granting organizations and otherwise qualifying schools that would limit or prevent 5 6 students who received educational scholarships from other 7 scholarship granting organizations from attending that school; to require scholarship granting organizations to submit annual 8 9 verification to the Department of Revenue of the policies and 10 procedures used to determine a student's eligibility for an educational scholarship and to clarify and confirm that 11 12 scholarship granting organizations, not schools, are 13 responsible for determining student eligibility; to require 14 scholarship granting organizations to verify that priority is given to eligible students zoned to attend failing schools; to 15 require qualifying schools to provide information on financial 16 17 viability prior to receiving educational scholarship payments; to require participating schools to comply with the Alabama 18 Child Protection Act of 1999; and to provide for a limited 19 retroactive effective date. 20

21 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 16-6D-4 and 16-6D-9 of the Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"\$16-6D-4.

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"For the purposes of this chapter, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

1	"(1) ACADEMIC YEAR. The 12-month period beginning on
2	July 1 and ending on the following June 30.
3	"(2) DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. The Alabama Department
4	of Revenue.
5	" (1) (3) EDUCATIONAL <u>SCHOLARSHIP.</u> SCHOLARSHIPS.
6	Grants A grant made by a scholarship granting organization to
7	an eligible student to cover all or part of the tuition and
8	mandatory fees for one academic year charged by a qualifying
9	school to $\frac{1}{2}$ the eligible student receiving $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ scholarship;
10	provided, however, that an educational scholarship shall not
11	exceed six thousand dollars (\$6,000) for an elementary school
12	student, eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) for a middle school
13	student, or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for a high school
14	student per academic year. The term does not include a lump
15	sum, block grant, or similar payment by a scholarship granting
16	organization to a qualifying school that assigns the
17	responsibility in whole or in part for determining the
18	eligibility of scholarship recipients to the qualifying school
19	or any person or entity other than the scholarship granting
20	organization.
21	" (2) (4) ELIGIBLE STUDENT.
22	"a. A student who satisfies all of the following:
23	"a.1. Is a member of a household family whose total
24	annual income the <u>calendar</u> year before he or she receives an
25	educational scholarship under this program does not exceed an
26	amount equal to 150 percent of the median household income 185

percent of the federal poverty level, the federally recognized

1	threshold for receiving free or reduced priced lunch, as
2	established from time to time by the U.S. Department of Health
3	and Human Services. Once a student receives an educational
4	scholarship under this program, the student shall remain
5	eligible regardless of household income until the student
6	graduates high school or reaches 19 years of age.
7	"b.2. Was eligible to attend a public school in the
8	preceding semester or is starting school in Alabama for the
9	first time.
10	"c.3. Resides in Alabama while receiving an
11	educational scholarship.
12	"b. A scholarship granting organization shall
13	determine the eligibility of a student under subparagraph 1.
14	of paragraph a. every other academic year in which a student
15	receives an educational scholarship.
16	" $\frac{(3)}{(5)}$ FAILING SCHOOL. A public K-12 school that is
17	one or more either of the following:
18	"a. Is labeled as persistently low-performing by the
19	State Department of Education, in the then most recent United
20	States Department of Education School Improvement Grant
21	application.
22	"b.a. Is designated as a failing school by the State
23	Superintendent of Education.
24	"c. Does not exclusively serve a special population
25	of students and, until June 1, 2017 , has been listed three or
26	more times during the then-most recent six years in the lowest
27	six percent of public K-12 schools on the state standardized

assessment in reading and math or, on or after June 1, 2017, has, during the then-most recent three years, earned at least one grade of "F" or, during the then-most recent four years, earned at least three grades of "D" on the school grading system developed pursuant to Section 16-6C-2. In the event sufficient rules required to implement the grading system provided for by Section 16-6C-2 have not been implemented pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act in time to provide a sufficient record to implement this subdivision by June 1, 2017, then a failing school shall be a school that has been

"b. Is listed in the lowest $\frac{10}{5}$ six percent of public K-12 schools $\frac{10}{5}$ based on the state standardized assessment in reading and math.

"(6) FAMILY. A group of two or more people related by birth, marriage, or adoption, including foster children, who reside together.

"(4)(7) FLEXIBILITY CONTRACT. A school flexibility contract between the local school system and the State Board of Education wherein a local school system may apply for programmatic flexibility or budgetary flexibility, or both, from state laws, regulations, and policies, including regulations and policies promulgated by the State Board of Education and the State Department of Education.

"(5)(8) INNOVATION PLAN. The request of a local school system for flexibility and plan for annual

accountability measures and five-year targets for all participating schools within the school system.

"(6) (9) LOCAL BOARD OF EDUCATION. A city or county board of education that exercises management and control of a local school system pursuant to state law.

"(7)(10) LOCAL SCHOOL SYSTEM. A public agency that establishes and supervises one or more public schools within its geographical limits pursuant to state law.

"(8) LOW-INCOME ELIGIBLE STUDENT. A student of a family with income equal to or less than two times the federal poverty level.

"(9)(11) NONPUBLIC SCHOOL. Any nonpublic or private school, including parochial schools, not under the jurisdiction of the State Superintendent of Education and the State Board of Education, providing educational services to children. A nonpublic school is accredited by a state recognized accrediting agency that provides education to elementary or secondary, or both, students and has notified the State Department of Revenue of its intention to participate in the scholarship program and comply with the requirements of the scholarship program. A nonpublic school does not include home schooling.

"(10)(12) PARENT. The parent or legal guardian of a student, with authority to act on behalf of the student, who claims. For purposes of Section 16-6D-8, the parent or quardian shall claim the student as a dependent on his or her Alabama state income tax return.

'' -((11)	(13) QUALIFYING	SCHOOL.

" <u>a.</u> Either a public school outside of the resident
school district that is not considered failing under either
state or federal standards within the meaning of subdivision
(5) or any nonpublic school as defined in this chapter or that
satisfies the compulsory attendance requirements provided in
Section 16-28-7 in subdivision (11) and that satisfies the
requirements of this subdivision. A qualified qualifying
nonpublic school shall be accredited by one of the six
regional accrediting agencies or , if not so accredited, the
National Council for Private School Accreditation, AdvancEd,
the American Association of Christian Schools, or one of their
partner accrediting agencies. A nonpublic school shall have
three years from the later of the date the nonpublic school
notified the Department of Revenue of its intent to
participate in the scholarship program or the effective date
of the act amending this subdivision, to obtain the required
accreditation and shall thereafter maintain accreditation as
required by this subdivision. During the three-year period
described in the immediately preceding sentence, a nonpublic
school that is not accredited shall satisfy all of the
following conditions <u>until the nonpublic school obtains</u>
accreditation:
"-1 Has been in existence for at least three

"a.1. Has been in existence for at least three years.

"b.2. Has daily attendance of at least 85 percent over a two-year period.

1 "c.3. Has a minimum 180-day school year, or its 2 hourly equivalent. "d.4. Has a day length of at least six and one-half 3 hours. 5 "e.5. Requires all students to take the Stanford Achievement Test, or its equivalent. 6 7 "f.6. Requires all candidates for graduation to take the American College Test before graduation. 8 9 "q.7. Requires students in high school in grades 10 nine through 12 to earn a minimum of 24 Carnegie credits 11 before graduating, including 16 credits in core subjects and 12 additional requirements in health and physical education, fine 13 arts, computer studies, and foreign language, and each awarded credit shall consist of a minimum of 140 instructional hours. 14 15 "h.8. Does not subject special education students to 16 the same testing or curricular requirements as regular education students if it is not required in the individual 17 18 plan for the student. "i.9. Maintains a current website that describes the 19 20 school, and the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated 21 22 prior to the beginning of each semester. 23 "j.10. Annually affirms on forms prescribed by the 24 scholarship granting organization and the department Department of Revenue its status financially and academically 25

and provide other relative information as required by the

scholarship granting organization or as otherwise required in this chapter.

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"b. A nonpublic school that is not accredited and that has not been in existence for at least three years shall nevertheless be considered a qualifying school if, in addition to satisfying the requirements in subparagraphs 2. to 10., inclusive, of paragraph a., the nonpublic school operates under the governance of the board of directors or the equivalent thereof of an accredited nonpublic school. For purposes of the immediately preceding sentence, the term governance shall include, but not be limited to, curriculum oversight, personnel and facility management, and financial management. If, at the conclusion of the three-year period in which a nonpublic school is required to obtain accreditation, a nonpublic school is not accredited, the nonpublic school shall not be considered a qualifying school and shall not receive any funds from a scholarship granting organization until the nonpublic school obtains the accreditation required by this subdivision.

"(12)(14) SCHOLARSHIP GRANTING ORGANIZATION. An organization that provides or is approved to provide educational scholarships to eligible students attending qualifying schools of their parents' choice.

"\$16-6D-9.

"(a) (1) $\frac{1}{2}$ An individual taxpayer who files a state income tax return and is not <u>claimed as</u> a dependent of another taxpayer, a taxpayer subject to the corporate income tax

levied by Chapter 18 of Title 40, an Alabama S corporation as defined in Section 40-18-160, or a Subchapter K entity as defined in Section 40-18-1 may claim a credit for a contribution made to a scholarship granting organization. If the credit is claimed by an Alabama S corporation or Subchapter K entity, the credit shall pass through to and may be claimed by any taxpayer eligible to claim a credit under this subdivision who is a shareholder, partner, or member thereof, based on the taxpayer's pro rata or distributive share, respectively, of the credit.

"(2) The tax credit may be claimed by an individual taxpayer or a married couple filing jointly in an amount equal to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to a scholarship granting organization for educational scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, up to 50 percent of the tax liability of the individual taxpayer, not to exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars (\$7,500) per taxpayer or married couple filing jointly. For purposes of this section, an individual taxpayer includes an individual who is a shareholder of an Alabama S corporation or a partner or member of a Subchapter K entity that made a contribution to a scholarship granting organization.

"(3) The tax credit may be claimed by a corporate taxpayer subject to the Alabama corporate income tax in an amount equal to 100 percent of the total contributions the taxpayer made to a scholarship granting organization for

educational scholarships during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed, up to 50 percent of the tax liability of the taxpayer. The cumulative amount of tax credits issued pursuant to subdivision (2) and this subdivision shall not exceed twenty-five million dollars (\$25,000,000) annually. The Department of Revenue shall develop a procedure to ensure that this cap is not exceeded and shall also prescribe the various methods by which these credits are to be issued.

"(4) A corporate taxpayer subject to the Alabama corporate income tax, an individual taxpayer, or a married couple filing jointly may carry forward a tax credit earned under the tax credit scholarship program for up to three taxable years.

pursuant to subdivision (2) and subdivision (3) shall not exceed thirty million dollars (\$30,000,000) annually, based on the calendar year. A taxpayer making one or more otherwise tax-creditable contributions before the due date, with extensions, of a timely filed 2014 tax return may elect to treat all or a portion of such contributions as applying to and creditable against its 2014 Alabama income tax liability, if the taxpayer properly reserves the credit on the website of the Department of Revenue or another method provided by the Department of Revenue. The amount creditable against the taxpayer's 2014 income tax liability shall be limited to the lesser of the amount so designated or the remaining balance, if any, of the cumulative amount of the twenty-five million

dollars (\$25,000,000) of tax credits available for the 2014 calendar year. No such contribution and election by a taxpayer to reserve tax credits against the remaining balance of the cumulative amount of tax credits available for 2014 shall preclude the taxpayer from making additional contributions in 2015 and reserving those amounts against the cumulative amount of tax credits available for 2015. The Department of Revenue shall develop a procedure to ensure that this cap is not exceeded and shall also prescribe the various methods by which these credits are to be issued.

"(6) No credit may be claimed for a contribution

made to a scholarship granting organization if the

contribution is restricted or conditioned in any way by the

donor including, but not limited to, requiring the scholarship

granting organization to direct all or part of the

contribution to a particular qualifying school or to grant an

educational scholarship to a particular eligible student.

- "(b)(1) Administrative accountability standards. All scholarship granting organizations shall do all of the following:
- "a. Notify the Department of Revenue of their intent to provide educational scholarships to eligible students.
- "b. Demonstrate to the Department of Revenue that they have been granted exemption from the federal income tax as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, as in effect from time to time.

1	"c. Distribute periodic educational scholarship
2	payments as checks made out and mailed to or directly
3	deposited with the school where the student is enrolled.

"d. Provide a Department of Revenue approved receipt to taxpayers for contributions made to the scholarship granting organization.

"e. Ensure that all determinations with respect to the eliqibility of a student to receive an educational scholarship shall be made by the scholarship granting organization. A scholarship granting organization shall not delegate any responsibility for determining the eliqibility of a student for an educational scholarship or any other requirements it is subject to under this chapter to any qualifying school or an entity affiliated therewith.

"e.f. Ensure that at least 95 percent of their revenue from donations is spent expended on educational scholarships, and that all revenue from interest or investments is spent expended on educational scholarships. A scholarship granting organization may expend up to five percent of its revenue from donations on administrative and operating expenses in the calendar year of the donation or in any subsequent calendar year.

"f. Spend each year a portion of their expenditures on educational scholarships for low-income eligible students equal to the percentage of low-income eligible students in the county where the scholarship granting organization expends the majority of its educational scholarships.

"g. Ensure that scholarship funds on hand at the beginning of a calendar year are expended on educational scholarships by the end of the academic year ending within the next succeeding calendar year. Any scholarship funds on hand at the beginning of a calendar year that are not expended on educational scholarships by the end of the academic year ending within the next succeeding calendar year shall be turned over to and deposited with the State Department of Education for the benefit of its At-Risk Student Program to be distributed to local boards of education on the basis determined by the State Department of Education in furtherance of support to underperforming schools.

"g.h. Ensure that at least 75 percent of first-time recipients of educational scholarships were not continuously enrolled in a private school during the previous <u>academic</u> year.

"h.i. Cooperate with the Department of Revenue to conduct criminal background checks on all of their employees and board members and exclude from employment or governance any individual who may reasonably pose a risk to the appropriate use of contributed funds.

"i.j. Ensure that educational scholarships are portable during the school academic year and can be used at any qualifying school that accepts the eligible student according to the wishes of the parent. If a an eligible student transfers to another qualifying school during a school

an academic year, the educational scholarship amount may be prorated.

"j.k. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue

- "j.k. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue by June September 1 of each year all of the following information prepared by a certified public accountant regarding their grants educational scholarships funded in the previous calendar academic year:
- 8 "1. The name and address of the scholarship granting organization.
 - "2. The total number and total dollar amount of contributions received during the previous calendar academic year.
 - "3. The total number and total dollar amount of educational scholarships awarded <u>and funded</u> during the previous <u>calendar academic</u> year, the total number and total dollar amount of educational scholarships awarded <u>and funded</u> during the previous <u>academic</u> year for students qualifying for the federal free and reduced-price lunch program, and the percentage of first-time recipients of educational scholarships who were enrolled in a public school during the previous <u>academic</u> year.
 - "1. Publicly report to the Department of Revenue, by
 the 15th day after the close of each calendar quarter, all of
 the following information about educational scholarships
 granted during the quarter:
- "1. The total number of scholarships awarded andfunded.

1	"2. The names of the qualifying schools that
2	received funding for educational scholarships, the total
3	amount of funds paid to each qualifying school, and the total
4	number of scholarship recipients enrolled in each qualifying
5	school.
6	"3. The total number of eligible students zoned to
7	attend a failing school who received educational scholarships
8	from the scholarship granting organization.
9	"4. The total number of first time scholarship
10	recipients who were continuously enrolled in a nonpublic
11	school prior to receiving an educational scholarship from that
12	scholarship granting organization.
13	"k.m. Ensure that educational scholarships are not
14	provided for eligible students to attend a school with paid
15	staff or board members, or relatives thereof, in common with
16	the scholarship granting organization.
17	"1.n. Ensure that educational scholarships are
18	provided in a manner that does not discriminate based on the
19	gender, race, or disability status of the scholarship
20	applicant or his or her parent.
21	"m.o. Ensure that educational scholarships are
22	provided only to <u>eligible</u> students who would otherwise <u>are</u>
23	zoned to attend a failing school so that the eligible student
24	can attend a nonpublic school or a nonfailing public
25	qualifying school. Provided, however, that any To ensure
26	compliance with the immediately preceding sentence, the local
27	board of education for the county or municipality in which an

Т	eligible student applying for an educational scholarship
2	resides, upon written request by a parent, shall provide
3	written verification that a particular address is in the
4	attendance zone of a specified public school. The State
5	Department of Education shall provide written verification of
6	enrollment in a failing school under this chapter. With
7	respect to first time educational scholarship recipients,
8	scholarship granting organizations shall give priority to
9	eligible students zoned to attend failing schools over
10	eligible students not zoned to attend failing schools. Any
11	scholarship funds unaccounted for on September 15th <u>July 31st</u>
12	of each <u>calendar</u> year may be made available to low-income
13	eligible students to defray the costs of attending a
14	qualifying school, whether or not the student is assigned
15	zoned to attend a failing school. Any provision of this
16	section to the contrary notwithstanding, once an eligible
17	student receives an educational scholarship under this
18	program, scholarship funds may be made available to the
19	student for educational scholarships until the student
20	graduates from high school or reaches 19 years of age,
21	regardless of whether the student is zoned to attend a failing
22	school, subject to the income eligibility requirements of
23	paragraph b. of subdivision (4) of Section 16-6D-4.
24	"n.p. Ensure that no donations are directly made to
25	benefit specifically designated scholarship recipients or to
26	particular qualifying schools.

1	"q. Submit to the Department of Revenue annual
2	verification of the scholarship granting organization's
3	policies and procedures used to determine scholarship
4	eligibility. The verification shall confirm that the
5	scholarship granting organization, and not one or more
6	qualifying schools accepting educational scholarship
7	recipients or scholarship funds, is determining whether
8	scholarship applicants are eligible to receive educational
9	scholarships. The verification shall also confirm that the
10	scholarship granting organization is giving priority to
11	receive an educational scholarship to eligible students zoned
12	to attend failing schools.

- "r. Submit to the Department of Revenue annual verification that none of its actions or policies restricts a parent's educational choice by limiting or prohibiting the enrollment of eliqible students in a qualifying school if those eliqible students received educational scholarships from other scholarship granting organizations.
 - "(2) Financial accountability standards.
- "a. All scholarship granting organizations shall demonstrate their financial accountability by doing all of the following:
- "1. Annually submitting to the Department of Revenue a financial information report for the scholarship granting organization that complies with uniform financial accounting standards established by the Department of Revenue and conducted by a certified public accountant.

1 "2. Having the auditor certify that the report is 2 free of material misstatements.

- "b. All participating qualifying nonpublic schools shall demonstrate financial viability, if they are to receive donations of fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) or more during the school academic year, by doing either of the following:
 - "1. Filing with the scholarship granting organization before the start of the school prior to receipt of the first educational scholarship payment for that academic year a surety bond payable to the scholarship granting organization in an amount equal to the aggregate amount of contributions scholarship funds expected to be received during the school academic year.
 - "2. Filing with the scholarship granting organization before the start of the school prior to receipt of the first educational scholarship payment for that academic year financial information that demonstrates the financial viability of the participating qualifying nonpublic school.
 - "(c) (1) Each scholarship granting organization shall annually collect and submit to the Department of Revenue with the annual report required by paragraph k. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) written verification from participating qualifying nonpublic schools that accept its educational scholarship students that those schools do all of the following:
 - "a. Comply with all health and safety laws or codes that otherwise apply to nonpublic schools.

- 1 "b. Hold a valid occupancy permit if required by the
- 2 municipality.

- "c. Certify compliance with nondiscrimination policies set forth in 42 U.S.C. 1981.
- "d. Conduct criminal background checks on employeesand then do all of the following:
- 7 "1. Exclude from employment any person not permitted by state law to work in a public school.
 - "2. Exclude from employment any person who may reasonably pose a threat to the safety of students.
 - "(2) By August 1 of each year, each qualifying nonpublic school shall provide to each scholarship granting organization from which it receives educational scholarships verification that the qualifying nonpublic school is in compliance with the Alabama Child Protection Act of 1999, Chapter 22A of this title. Any qualifying nonpublic school failing to timely provide such annual verification shall be prohibited from participating in the scholarship program. Each scholarship granting organization shall annually submit to the Department of Revenue with the annual report required by paragraph k. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) copies of the written verifications it receives from each qualifying nonpublic school.

"(2)(3) Academic accountability standards. There shall be sufficient information about the academic impact educational scholarship tax credits have on participating students in order to allow parents and taxpayers to measure

- the achievements of the tax credit scholarship program, and
 therefore:
- "a. Each scholarship granting organization shall

 ensure that participating qualifying schools that accept its

 educational scholarship students shall do all of the

 following:

- "1. Annually administer either the state achievement tests or nationally recognized norm-referenced tests that measure learning gains in math and language arts to all participating students in grades that require testing under the accountability testing laws of the state for public schools. The scholarship granting organization shall work with the State Department of Education to ensure compliance with this subparagraph.
- "2. Allow <u>the</u> costs of the testing requirements requirement to be covered by the educational scholarships distributed by the scholarship granting organizations.
- "3. Provide the parents of each student who was tested with a copy of the results of the tests on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
- "4. Provide the test results to the Department of Revenue on an annual basis, beginning with the first year of testing.
- "5. Report student information that allows the state to aggregate data by grade level, gender, family income level, and race.

"6. Provide graduation rates of those students
benefitting from education scholarships to the Department of
Revenue or an organization chosen by the state in a manner
consistent with nationally recognized standards.

"7. Ensure that a student who receives an educational scholarship conforms to the attendance requirements of the qualifying school. If a student fails to conform, the qualifying school shall immediately communicate the failure to the applicable scholarship granting organization.

- "b. The Department of Revenue or an organization chosen by the Department of Revenue shall do all of the following:
 - "1. Ensure compliance with all student privacy laws.
 - "2. Collect all test results.
- "3. Provide the test results and associated learning gains to the public via a state website after the third year of test and test-related data collection. The findings shall be aggregated by the grade level, gender, family income level, number of years of participation in the tax credit scholarship program, and race of the student.
- "(d)(1) The Department of Revenue shall adopt rules and procedures consistent with this section as necessary.
- "(2) The Department of Revenue shall provide a standardized format for a receipt to be issued by a scholarship granting organization to a taxpayer to indicate the value of a contribution received. The Department of

Revenue shall require a taxpayer to provide a copy of the receipt when claiming the tax credit pursuant to this section.

- "(3) The Department of Revenue shall provide a standardized format for a scholarship granting organization to report the information required in paragraph j. paragraphs k. and l. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b).
- "(4) The Department of Revenue may conduct either a financial review or audit of a scholarship granting organization if possessing evidence of fraud.
- "(5) The Department of Revenue may bar a scholarship granting organization or a qualifying school from participating in the tax credit scholarship program if the Department of Revenue establishes that the scholarship granting organization or the qualifying school has intentionally and substantially failed to comply with the requirements in subsection (b) or subsection (c).
- "(6) If the Department of Revenue decides to bar a scholarship granting organization or a qualifying school from the tax credit scholarship program, the Department of Revenue shall notify affected educational scholarship students and their parents of the decision as quickly as possible.
- "(7) The Department of Revenue shall publish and routinely update, on the website of the department, a list of scholarship granting organizations in the state, by county.
- "(8) The Department of Revenue shall publish and make publicly available on its website all annual and quarterly reports required to be filed with it by scholarship

1	granting	orga	nizat	ions	under	parag	raphs	k.	and	1.	of
2.	subdivisi	ion (′1) of	sub	section	n (b).					

- "(e)(1) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall be required to operate in Alabama.
- "(2) All schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall comply with all state laws that apply to public schools regarding criminal background checks for employees and exclude from employment any person not permitted by state law to work in a public school.
- "(3) All qualifying nonpublic schools participating in the tax credit scholarship program shall maintain a website that describes the school, the instructional program of the school, and the tuition and mandatory fees charged by the school, updated prior to the beginning of each semester.
- "(f) The tax credit provided in this section may be first claimed for the 2013 tax year but may not be claimed for any tax year prior to the 2013 tax year.
- "(g) (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to force any public school, school system, or school district or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district to enroll any student. No qualifying school may enter into any agreement, whether oral or written, with a scholarship granting organization that would prohibit or limit an eligible student from enrolling in the school based on the identity of the scholarship granting organization from which the eligible student received an educational scholarship.

"(2) A public school, school system, or school district or any nonpublic school, school system, or school district may develop the terms and conditions under which it will allow a student who receives a scholarship from a scholarship granting organization pursuant to this section to be enrolled, but such terms and conditions may not discriminate on the basis of the race, gender, religion, color, disability status, or ethnicity of the student or of the student's parent.

- "(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to authorize the violation of or supersede the authority of any court ruling that applies to the public school, school system, or school district, specifically any federal court order related to the desegregation of the local school system's student population.
- "(h) Nothing in this chapter shall affect or change the athletic eligibility rules of student athletes governed by the Alabama High School Athletic Association or similar association."
- Section 2. The provisions of this act are severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part which remains.
 - Section 3. (a) Except as provided in subsection (b), this act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise

becoming law, and shall apply retroactively to tax years or periods beginning on or after January 1, 2015.

(b) The amendments to subdivision (4) of Section 16-6D-4 and paragraphs f. and o. of subdivision (1) of subsection (b) of Section 16-6D-9, regarding the clarification that scholarship granting organizations may use up to five percent of scholarship donations for administrative and operating expenses and the continuing eligibility of a student once he or she receives an educational scholarship, shall be retroactively effective to and as of March 14, 2013, the effective date of the Alabama Accountability Act of 2013.

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3	Senate	
4 5 6	Read for the first time and referred to the Senate committee on Finance and Taxation Education	0.3-MAR-15
7 8 9	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar with 1 substitute and	18-MAR-15
10	Read for the third time and passed as amended	3.1-MAR-15
11 12	Yeas 20 Nays 14	
13 14 15 16	Patrick Harris Secretary	
17	-	