- 1 HB160
- 2 156945-2
- 3 By Representatives Pringle, McMillan, Sessions, Gaston and
- 4 Williams (JW)
- 5 RFD: Financial Services
- 6 First Read: 05-MAR-15

1	156945-2:n:02/12/2014:LLR/th LRS2014-210R1	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would regulate the providing of
9		money or credit to a consumer pursuant to an
10		agreement under which the consumer is not
11		prohibited from using the money or credit for a
12		purpose other than prosecuting a dispute, and under
13		which repayment of the money or credit is
14		conditioned upon the consumer's recovery of money
15		in a dispute or where recourse against the consumer
16		by the person providing the money or credit is
17		limited exclusively or primarily to the amount
18		recovered by the consumer in a dispute.
19		This bill would define provider of money or
20		credit as a consumer lawsuit lender.
21		This bill would provide that each provision
22		of money or credit would be deemed to be a consumer
23		loan and the maximum finance charge on the loan
24		would be as provided in this bill, regardless of

the amount of the loan or credit provided.

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This bill would require each consumer

lawsuit lender to obtain a license under Section

5-19-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

This bill would provide that the lender would be subject to Sections 5-19-16, 5-19-19, 5-19-23, 5-19-24, 5-19-25, and 5-19-26, Code of Alabama 1975.

This bill would allow the Superintendent of Banks of the State Banking Department to issue regulations and interpretations under the act.

This bill would provide that criminal penalties be provided for willful violation of the maximum finance charge provision or the requirement that the consumer lawsuit lender must obtain a license.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates

funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

11 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

13 AN ACT

Relating to the extension of money or credit consumers for a purpose other than the prosecution of a dispute where repayment of the money or credit is conditioned upon the consumer's recovery of money in a dispute or where recourse against the consumer by the person providing the money or credit is limited exclusively or primarily to the amount recovered by the consumer in a dispute; to define the terms amount financed, consumer, consumer lawsuit lender, consumer lawsuit lending, consumer lawsuit lending agreement, dispute, and finance charge; to provide for the maximum finance charge under a consumer lawsuit lending agreement without regard to the amount financed or the manner in which the transaction is structured; to provide that a consumer

1 lawsuit lender is required to be licensed under Section 2 5-19-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975, to engage in consumer lawsuit lending transactions without regard to the number of 3 extensions of credit the consumer lawsuit lender made or arranged in the preceding calendar year; to provide that a 5 6 consumer lawsuit lender is subject to the provisions of 7 Sections 5-19-16, 5-19-19, 5-19-23, 5-19-24, 5-19-25, and 5-19-26, Code of Alabama 1975; to provide that the 8 Superintendent of Banks of the State Banking Department is 9 10 authorized to issue regulations and interpretations of this act; to provide remedies for violations of this act by a 11 12 consumer lawsuit lender; to provide criminal penalties for a 13 consumer lawsuit lender that intentionally charges a finance 14 charge under a consumer lawsuit lending agreement in excess of 15 the maximum finance charge permitted under this act or fails to obtain the license required by this act; and in connection 16 17 therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the 18 meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 19 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official 20 21 Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as 22 amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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Section 1. This act shall be known as the "Alabama Consumer Lawsuit Lending Act."

Section 2. For purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the meanings ascribed to them by this section:

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- (1) CONSUMER. Any natural person who is, or who is contemplating being or becoming, a plaintiff or claimant in any dispute.
- (2) CONSUMER LAWSUIT LENDER. A person that engages in consumer lawsuit lending.
- (3) CONSUMER LAWSUIT LENDING. Providing money or credit to a consumer who is a resident of this state, or from a place of business in this state or through an employee in this state, pursuant to an agreement or arrangement with the consumer under which the consumer is not prohibited from using the money or credit for a purpose other than prosecuting a dispute, and repayment of the money or credit is conditioned upon the consumer's recovery of money in a dispute pursuant to a judgment, award, settlement, or otherwise or recourse against the consumer by the person providing the money or credit is limited exclusively or primarily to all or part of the amount recovered by the consumer in a dispute. Each such provision of money or credit to a consumer shall be deemed to be a credit transaction that is a loan, whether the transaction under which the money or credit is provided is structured as a loan to the consumer, an investment, a purchase from or other assignment by the consumer of all or part of the consumer's contingent right to a recovery in a dispute, or otherwise. The principal loan amount of the loan

shall be the full amount of money actually provided to and obtained by the consumer.

- (4) CONSUMER LAWSUIT LENDING AGREEMENT. A contract or other arrangement that governs and sets out the terms of a consumer lawsuit lending transaction.
- (5) DISPUTE. Any civil action, alternative dispute resolution proceeding, or administrative proceeding before any agency or instrumentality of a state or the United States.
- (6) FINANCE CHARGE. As defined in Section 5-19-1(1) of the Code of Alabama 1975, provided that any amount paid or payable to the consumer lawsuit lender in a consumer lawsuit lending transaction in excess of the amount of money actually provided to the consumer by the consumer lawsuit lender shall be a finance charge, regardless of the manner in which the amount paid or payable is designated or the consumer lawsuit lending transaction is structured. The finance charge shall not be determined or expressed, in whole or in part, as a percentage or other share of any recovery in a dispute.

Section 3. The finance charge under a consumer lawsuit lending agreement shall not exceed the rate of ten dollars (\$10) upon one hundred dollars (\$100) of the principal loan amount for one year and at that rate for a greater or lesser sum and for a longer or shorter time. The foregoing limitation shall apply notwithstanding any other provision of law, including, without limitation, Sections 8-8-1 through 8-8-5, Section 8-8-14, and Section 5-20-5 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 4. (a) A consumer lawsuit lending agreement shall be subject to the provisions of Section 5-19-16 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

- (b) The provisions of Section 5-19-19 of the Code of Alabama 1975, that apply to a creditor that is a lender of money or a licensee under Section 5-19-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975, shall be applicable to a consumer lawsuit lender in a consumer lawsuit lending transaction.
- (c) Before engaging in a consumer lawsuit lending transaction, a person shall obtain a license under Section 5-19-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975, without regard to the number of extensions of credit the person made or arranged during the preceding calendar year, unless the person is exempted from licensing under that section.
- (d) Sections 5-19-23 through 5-19-25 of the Code of Alabama 1975, shall be applicable to a consumer lawsuit lender that is licensed under Sections 5-19-22 and 5-19-26 of the Code of Alabama 1975, shall apply to a lender that is licensed or has applied for a license under Section 5-19-22 of the Code of Alabama 1975.
- (e) Section 5-19-29 of the Code of Alabama 1975, shall be applicable to a consumer lawsuit lender.

Section 5. The Superintendent of Banks of the State Banking Department is authorized and empowered to promulgate regulations and official interpretations as may be necessary or appropriate for the execution and enforcement of this act. The Superintendent of Banks or, if authorized by the

regulations, the superintendent's designee, or both, may also issue written interpretations of this act and the regulations.

The procedure for adopting, amending, repealing, or contesting any regulation shall be as set forth in Section 5-19-21(b) of the Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 6. A consumer lawsuit lender that willfully makes charges in excess of those permitted by Section 3 or willfully enters into a consumer lawsuit lending transaction prior to obtaining a license in violation of Section 4(c), or both, is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction, shall be sentenced to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred dollars (\$500) or to imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

Section 7. If any provision or provisions of this act shall be held to be invalid, unenforceable, or in conflict with the Constitution of this state or of the United States, the validity, legality, and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 8. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law; 1 2 provided, that any consumer lawsuit lender that is first required to be licensed under Section 5-19-22 of the Code of 3 Alabama 1975, upon the effective date of this act shall obtain such license not later than September 30, 2014, and the 5 license fee for such license for the period ending December 6 7 31, 2014, shall be a prorated fee of one hundred twenty-five dollars (\$125) for each office, branch, or place of business 8 of the licensee. 9