- 1 SB194
- 2 156422-2
- 3 By Senators Holtzclaw, Ward, Fielding, Sanford, Scofield,
- Williams, Marsh, Pittman, Orr, Taylor, Allen, Dial, Holley,
- 5 Hightower, Brewbaker, Bussman, Waggoner, Beason and Glover
- 6 RFD: Judiciary
- 7 First Read: 15-JAN-14

1	156422-2 : n	156422-2:n:01/10/2014:LLR/tj LRS2013-4601R1	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing rule, there is a procedure	
9		to initiate a collateral challenge of a conviction	
10		of a capital offense after the conclusion of a	
11		direct appeal of the conviction of the capital	
12		offense.	
13		Also under existing law, there are certain	
14		enumerated capital offenses.	
15		This bill would provide that under the	
16		Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure, Rule 32.2(c)	
17		shall apply only to non-death penalty cases.	
18		This bill would provide for specific time	
19		frames for an appellant to file petitions for	
20		post-conviction remedies in death penalty cases.	
21		This bill would provide that direct	
22		appellate remedies and post-conviction remedies	
23		under Rule 32 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal	
24		Procedure shall be pursued concurrently.	
25		This bill would require the trial court	
26		judge in death penalty cases to appoint appellate	

counsel for both direct appeal and post-conviction remedies within a specified time.

This bill would prohibit consideration of any petitions for post-conviction relief or writs, within a specified time after the direct appeal has concluded.

This bill would provide a specified time for consideration of properly filed petitions for post-conviction relief under Rule 32 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure pending at the time of the conclusion of direct appeal and affirmation of death sentence.

14 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

16 AN ACT

Relating to capital offenses and appeals relating to capital punishment; to provide that Rule 32.2(c) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall apply only to non-death penalty cases; to provide for specific time frames for an appellant to file petitions for post-conviction remedies in death penalty cases; to provide that direct appellate remedies and post-conviction remedies under Rule 32 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall be pursued concurrently; to require the trial court judge in death penalty cases to appoint appellate counsel for both direct

appeal and post-conviction remedies within a specified time;

to prohibit consideration of any petitions for post-conviction

relief or writs within a specified time after the direct

appeal has concluded; and to provide a specified time for

consideration of properly filed petitions for post-conviction

relief under Rule 32 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal

Procedure pending at the time of the conclusion of direct

appeal and affirmation of death sentence.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Fair Justice Act."

Section 2. (a) Rule 32.2(c) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall not apply to cases in which a criminal defendant is convicted of capital murder and sentenced to death, and files a petition for post-conviction relief under the grounds specified in Rule 32.1(a), (e), or (f) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.

(b) Post-conviction remedies sought pursuant to Rule 32 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure in death penalty cases shall be pursued concurrently and simultaneously with the direct appeal of a case in which the death penalty was imposed. In all cases, the trial court shall appoint to the defendant, if he or she is deemed indigent or as the trial judge deems appropriate, separate counsel for the purposes of direct appeal and separate counsel for purposes of post-conviction relief under this act within 30 days of the entry of the order pronouncing the defendant's death sentence.

(c) A circuit court shall not entertain a petition for post-conviction relief from a case in which the death penalty was imposed on the grounds specified in Rule 32.1(a) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure unless the petition, including any amendments to the petition, is filed within 180 days of the filing of the appellant/defendant's first brief or direct appeal of a case in which the death penalty was imposed pursuant to the Alabama Rules of Appellate Procedure. The same time period for filing a claim pursuant to Rule 32.1(a) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall also apply to any petition filed pursuant to Rule 32.1(b) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure if the basis of the claim regarding the court's lack of jurisdiction is known or should have been known within this time period. Any such claim not filed within this time period shall be considered waived. If the evidence of the court's lack of jurisdiction could not have been discovered within the time period, then the petitioner shall not be precluded from filing a petition pursuant to Rule 32.1(b) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.

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(d) A circuit court, before the filing date applicable to the defendant under subsection (c), may for good cause shown and after notice and an opportunity to be heard from the Attorney General, or other attorney representing the State of Alabama, grant one 90-day extension that begins on the filing date applicable to the defendant under subsection (c).

(e) Within 90 days of the filing of the state's answer to a petition for post-conviction relief properly filed pursuant to this act, the circuit court shall issue an order setting forth those claims in the petition that should be summarily dismissed and those claims, if any, that should be set for an evidentiary hearing. If the petition for post-conviction relief properly filed pursuant to this act is still pending at the time of the issuance of the Certificate of Judgment on direct appeal, the court in which the petition is pending shall issue a final order on the petition or appeal within 180 days.

- (f) In the event post-conviction counsel files an untimely petition or fails to file a petition before the filing date applicable under this act, the circuit court shall direct post-conviction counsel to show good cause demonstrating extraordinary circumstances as to why the petition was not properly filed. After post-conviction counsel's response, the circuit may:
- (1) Find that good cause has been shown and permit counsel to continue representing the defendant and set a new filing deadline for the petition, which may not be more than 30 days from the date the court permits counsel to continue representation; or
- (2) Find that good cause has not been shown and dismiss any untimely filed petition; or
- (3) Appoint new and different counsel to represent the defendant and establish a new filing deadline for the

petition, which may not be more than 270 days after the date the circuit court appoints new counsel. In the instance that this subdivision is applicable, and new counsel is appointed, the circuit court in which the petition is pending shall issue a final order on the petition or appeal within 180 days of the filing of the petition.

- (g) The time for filing a petition for post-conviction relief under Rule 32.1(f) to seek an out-of-time appeal from the dismissal or denial of a petition in a case in which the death penalty was imposed previously filed under Rule 32.1 of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall be 180 days from the date the petitioner discovers the dismissal or denial, irrespective for the deadlines specified in this act, and provided further that this provision shall not extend any deadline as applied to the previously filed petition.
 - (h) Any petition for post-conviction relief filed pursuant to this act after the filing date that is applicable to the defendant under this act is untimely. Rule 32.7(b) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure shall not apply to any amendments to a petition for post-conviction relief filed pursuant to this act after the filing date that is applicable to the defendant under this act. Any amendments to a petition for post-conviction relief filed pursuant to this act filed after the filing date that is applicable to the defendant under this act shall be treated as a successive petition under Rule 32.2(b) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure.

(i) The circuit court shall not entertain a petition in a case in which the death penalty has been imposed based on the grounds specified in Rule 32.1(e) of the Alabama Rules of Criminal Procedure unless the petition for post-conviction relief is filed within the time period specified in subsection (c) or (d), or within six months after the discovery of the newly discovered material facts, whichever is later.

Section 3. This act shall apply to any defendant who is sentenced to death after the effective date of this act.

Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.