- 1 SB146
- 2 155607-1
- 3 By Senator Holley
- 4 RFD: Governmental Affairs
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14

1	155607-1:n:11/13/2013:JET/th LRS2013-4030	
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, the term attest is
9		defined in the Public Accountancy Act of 2003 as
10		providing specified financial statement services,
11		including the examination of prospective financial
12		information.
13		This bill would expand this definition to
14		include any engagement to be performed in
15		accordance with the Statements on Standards for
16		Attestation Engagements (SSAE) rather than just
17		examination of prospective financial information.
18		This bill would also define the term report
19		and would require nonresident certified public
20		accountants with practicing privileges to provide
21		services in accordance with professional standards.
22		
23		A BILL
24		TO BE ENTITLED
25		AN ACT
26		

1	To amend Sections $34-1-2$, $34-1-16$, and $34-1-17$, Code	
2	of Alabama 1975, to further define the term attest to include	
3	any engagement to be performed in accordance with the	
4	Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE)	
5	rather than just examination of prospective financial	
6	information; to define the term report; and to require	
7	nonresident certified public accountants with practicing	
8	privileges to provide services in accordance with professional	
9	standards.	
10	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:	
11	Section 1. Sections 34-1-2, 34-1-16, and 34-1-17,	
12	Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:	
13	"§34-1-2.	
14	"For purposes of this chapter, the following words	
15	and phrases shall have the meanings respectively ascribed in	
16	this section:	
17	"(1) AICPA. The American Institute of Certified	
18	Public Accountants.	
19	"(2) ATTEST. Providing the following financial	
20	statement services:	
21	"a. Any audit or other engagement to be performed in	
22	accordance with the Statements on Auditing Standards (SAS).	
23	"b. Any review of a financial statement to be	
24	performed in accordance with the Statements on Standards for	

Accounting and Review Services (SSARS).

1 "c. Any examination of prospective financial

- 2 <u>information engagement</u> to be performed in accordance with the 3 Statements on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE).
- "d. Any engagement to be performed in accordance

 with the auditing standards of the Public Company Accounting

 Oversight Board (PCAOB).
 - "e. The statements on standards specified in this definition shall be adopted by reference by the board pursuant to rule making and shall be those developed for general application by recognized national accountancy organizations such as the AICPA and PCAOB.
 - "(3) BOARD. The Alabama State Board of Public Accountancy created by Section 34-1-3, except the special meaning applicable only to Section 34-1-4.
 - "(4) COMPILATION. Providing a service to be performed in accordance with Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS) that is presenting in the form of financial statements, information that is the representation of management (owners) without undertaking to express any assurance on the statements.
 - "(5) FIRM. A sole proprietorship, partnership, professional corporation, professional association, limited liability company, limited liability partnership, or any other form of business entity now or hereafter recognized by Alabama law.
 - "(6) LICENSE. A certificate issued pursuant to Section 34-1-4, a permit issued pursuant to Section 34-1-11,

- registration pursuant to Section 34-1-8; or, in each case, a certificate or permit issued pursuant to corresponding provisions of prior law, or the practice privilege provided pursuant to Section 34-1-7.
 - "(7) LICENSEE. The holder of a license.
 - "(8) OWNER. Any person who holds an ownership interest in a firm.

- "(9) PEER REVIEW. The study, appraisal, or review of one or more aspects of the professional work of a licensee or firm that performs attest or compilation services, by a person or persons who hold licenses and who are not affiliated with the licensee or firm being reviewed.
- "(10)a. REPORT. When used in reference to any attest or compilation service, an opinion, report, or other form of language that states or implies assurance as to the reliability of the attested information or compiled financial statements and that also includes or is accompanied by any statement or implication that the person or firm issuing it has special knowledge or competence in accounting or auditing. Such a statement or implication of special knowledge or competence may arise from use by the insurer or the report of names or titles indicating that the person or firm is an accountant or auditor or from the language of the report itself.
- "b. The term report includes any form of language
 that disclaims an opinion when such form of language is
 conventionally understood to imply any positive assurance as

to the reliability of the attested information or compiled

financial statements referred to or special competence on the

part of the person or firm issuing such language. The term

report includes any other form of language that is

conventionally understood to imply such assurance or such

special knowledge or competence.

" $\frac{(10)}{(11)}$ STATE. Any state, territory, or insular possession of the United States or the District of Columbia. "\$34-1-16.

"No person shall assume or use the title or designation "certified public accountant," the abbreviation "CPA" or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a certified public accountant, unless the person has received a certificate as a certified public accountant under Section 34-1-4 and if in public practice, holds a permit issued under Section 34-1-11, which is not revoked or suspended, hereinafter referred to as a live permit, and all of the offices of the person in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10, or the person is practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7; provided, however:

"(1) A foreign accountant who has registered under Section 34-1-5 and who holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11 may use the title under which he or she is generally known in his or her country, followed by the name of

the country from which the certificate, license, or degree was received.

"(2) No firm with an office in this state shall provide attest services or assume or use the title or designation "certified public accountants" or the abbreviation "CPAs" or any other title, designation, words, letters, signs, abbreviation, card, or device tending to indicate that the firm is composed of certified public accountants, unless the firm is registered as a firm of certified public accountants under Section 34-1-6, holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of the offices of the firm in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10, and ownership of the firm is in accord with this chapter and rules promulgated by the board.

"(3) No person shall assume or use the title or designation "public accountant," the abbreviation thereof, or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the person is a public accountant, unless the person is registered as a public accountant under Section 34-1-8, holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of the offices of the person in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10 or unless the person has received a certificate as a certified public accountant under Section 34-1-4, holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of the offices of the

person in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10.

"(4) No firm shall provide attest services or assume or use the title or designation "public accountant" or any other title, designation, words, letters, abbreviation, sign, card, or device tending to indicate that the firm is composed of public accountants, unless the firm is registered as a firm of public accountants under Section 34-1-9, or as a firm of certified public accountants under Section 34-1-5, holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of the offices of the firm in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10.

"(5) No person or firm shall assume or use the title or designation "accredited accountant," "certified accountant," "chartered accountant," "enrolled accountant," "licensed accountant," "registered accountant," or any other title or designation likely to be confused with "certified public accountant" or "public accountant," or any of the abbreviations "AA," "CA," "LA," "RA," or similar abbreviations likely to be confused with "CPA" or "PA." The title "enrolled agent" or "EA" may be used by only individuals so designated by the Internal Revenue Service. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any person who holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of whose offices in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10, or who is

practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7, may hold himself or herself out to the public as an "accountant" or "auditor." A foreign accountant registered under Section 34-1-5 who holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11 and all of whose offices in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10 may use the title under which he or she is generally known in his or her country, followed by the name of the country from which he or she received the certificate, license, or degree.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

"(6) No person shall sign or affix his or her name or any trade or assumed name used in the person's profession or business, with any wording indicating that he or she has expert knowledge in accounting or auditing, to any opinion, report, or certificate attesting in any way to the reliability of any representation or estimate in regard to any person or organization embracing financial or attested information or facts respecting compliance with conditions established by law or contract, including but not limited to statutes, ordinances, regulations, grants, loans, and appropriations, unless he or she holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of the offices in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered under Section 34-1-10, or unless the person is practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this subdivision shall not prohibit any officer, employee, partner, or principal of any organization from affixing his or her

signature to any statement or report in reference to the
financial affairs of the organization with any wording
designating the position, title, or office which he or she
holds in the organization, nor shall this subdivision prohibit
any act of a public official or public employee in the
performance of their duties.

"(7) No person shall sign or affix the name of the firm, with any wording indicating that it is a firm composed of accountants or auditors or persons having expert knowledge in accounting or auditing, to any opinion, report, or certificate attesting in any way to the reliability of any representation or estimate in regard to any person or organization embracing financial or attested information or facts respecting compliance with conditions established by law or contract, including but not limited to statutes, ordinances, regulations, grants, loans, and appropriations, unless the firm holds a live permit issued under Section 34-1-11, and all of its offices in this state for the practice of public accounting are maintained and registered as required under Section 34-1-10, or the person is practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7.

"(8) No person shall assume or use the title or designation "certified public accountant" or "public accountant" in conjunction with names indicating or implying that there is a firm, in conjunction with the designation "and company" and "and co." or a similar designation if there is in fact no bona fide firm registered under Section 34-1-6 or

Section 34-1-9, unless the person is practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7. No person holding a certificate or registration or firm holding a permit under this chapter or person practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7 shall use a professional or firm name or designation that is misleading about the legal form of the firm, or about the persons who are partners, officers, members, managers, or shareholders of the firm, or about any other matter. This section shall not prevent a firm or its successors from continuing to practice under a firm name which consists of or includes the name or names of one or more former owners.

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

"(9) Only licensees holding a valid permit to practice or practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7 may issue a report on financial statements of any other person, firm, organization, or governmental unit or otherwise offer to render any attest service, as defined herein. This restriction does not prohibit any act of a public official or public employee in the performance of that person's duties as such; or prohibit the performance by any person of other services involving the use of accounting skills, including the preparation of tax returns, management advisory services, and the preparation of financial statements without the issuance of reports thereon. This restriction also does not apply to nonlicensees, who may prepare financial statements and issue reports thereon which do not purport to be in compliance with the Statements on Standards for Accounting and Review Services (SSARS).

"(10) Licensees <u>and individuals who have practice</u>

privileges under Section 34-1-7 performing attest or

compilation services must provide those services in accordance

with professional standards.

- "(11) Nonlicensees may not use language in any statement relating to the financial affairs of a person or entity which is conventionally used by licensees in reports on financial statements or on any attest service as defined in Section 34-1-2. In this regard, the board shall issue, by rule, safe harbor language nonlicensees may use in connection with such financial information. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nonlicensees may use the following disclaimer language in connection with financial statements to not be in violation of this chapter:
- "I (We) have prepared the accompanying (financial statements) of (name of entity) as of (time period) for the (period) then ended. This presentation is limited to preparing in the form of financial statements information that is the representation of management (owners).
- "I (We) have not audited or reviewed the accompanying financial statements and accordingly do not express an opinion or any other form of assurance on them."
- "(12) No holder of a certificate issued under Section 34-1-4 or a registration issued under Section 34-1-8, except a person practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7, shall perform attest services in any firm that does not hold a valid permit to practice issued under Section 34-1-11.

"(13) No individual licensee shall issue a report in standard form upon a compilation of financial information through any form of business that does not hold a valid permit issued under Section 34-1-11 unless the report discloses the name of the business through which the individual is issuing the report, and the individual:

"a. Signs the compilation report identifying the individual as a certified public accountant or public accountant.

"b. Undergoes no less frequently than once every three years, a peer review conducted in such manner as the board shall by rule specify.

"(14) Nothing herein shall prohibit a practicing attorney or firm of attorneys from preparing or presenting records or documents customarily prepared by an attorney or firm of attorneys in connection with the attorney's professional work in the practice of law.

"\$34-1-17.

"(a) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit any person not a certified public accountant or public accountant from serving as an employee of, or an assistant to, a certified public accountant, a public accountant, or a firm composed of certified public accountants or public accountants holding a permit to practice issued under Section 34-1-11; or a foreign accountant registered under Section 34-1-5, or a person practicing pursuant to Section 34-1-7; provided, that the employee or assistant shall

- not issue any accounting or financial statements <u>or reports</u>

 ver his or her name.
- "(b) Nothing contained in this chapter shall

 prohibit a certified public accountant of another state, or an

 accountant who holds a certificate, license, or degree in a

 foreign country, constituting a recognized qualification for

 the practice of public accounting in the country, from

 practicing in this state in conformity with Section 34-1-7 and

 the regulations and rules of professional conduct promulgated

 by the board."
- Section 2. The provisions of this act are severable.

 If any part of this act is declared invalid or

 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part

 which remains.
- Section 3. This act shall become effective on

 October 1, 2014, following its passage and approval by the

 Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.