- 1 HB54
- 2 147649-4
- 3 By Representative Wood
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 14-JAN-14
- 6 PFD: 11/18/2013

1	147649-4:n:11/14/2013:FC/tj LRS2013-406R1	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would establish the crime of
9		interference with public safety communication if a
10		person damages public safety communication
11		equipment or otherwise interferes with a public
12		safety telecommunication broadcast or transmission.
13		A violation would be a Class C felony.
14		Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama
15		of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the
16		Official Recompilation of the Constitution of
17		Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general
18		law whose purpose or effect would be to require a
19		new or increased expenditure of local funds from
20		becoming effective with regard to a local
21		governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote
22		unless: it comes within one of a number of
23		specified exceptions; it is approved by the
24		affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates
25		funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to
26		the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be
to require a new or increased expenditure of local
funds within the meaning of the amendment. However,
the bill does not require approval of a local
governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to
become effective because it comes within one of the
specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

9 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

11 AN ACT

Relating to crimes and offenses; to establish the crime of interference with public safety communication; to provide penalties; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. (a) For the purposes of this act, a "public safety communication" means any radio signal, electronic transmission, or broadcast, intended for law enforcement, fire service, or emergency personnel acting in an official capacity under color of law, which is transmitted or received by any equipment or system capable of either

receiving or transmitting radio signals or other electronic transmissions on a wavelength, frequency, or channel allocated by the Federal Communications Commission or otherwise for use by law enforcement, fire service, or emergency personnel.

- (b) Except as provided in subsection (c), a person commits the offense of interference with public safety communication if the person does any of the following:
- (1) Knowingly and intentionally displaces, damages, removes, injures, tampers with, destroys, or renders inoperable any transmitter, receiver, transceiver, tower or antenna, or any cable, telegraph or telephone line, wire, fiber, pole, or conduit belonging to, required, used, or intended to be used for public safety communication, or material or property appurtenant thereto.
- (2) Knowingly and intentionally displaces, damages, removes, injures, tampers with, destroys, or renders inoperable any audible or visual device or outdoor speaker or siren which is intended to indiscriminately provide or generate mass notification, alert, or warning of persons in the event of an emergency, or the material or property appurtenant thereto.
- (3) Knowingly and intentionally interferes with the transmission or reception of any data, communication, message, or public safety communication by any law enforcement, fire service, or emergency service agency in order to hinder the agency in the fulfillment of its duties.

- 1 (4) Knowingly and intentionally operates, or permits 2 to be operated, any apparatus in his or her possession, or 3 under his or her direct or indirect control, which is capable 4 of transmitting radio signals that interfere with or cause 5 disruption of a public safety communication.
  - (5) Knowingly and intentionally intercepts any transmission of a public safety communication which is encrypted for the purpose of preventing the unauthorized access to sensitive information.

- (c) Subsection (b) does not apply to any of the following:
- (1) A certified law enforcement officer acting under color of law in performance of his or her duties.
- (2) Any officer, operator, employee, or agent acting in an official capacity on behalf of an agency, authority, or organization which maintains or oversees public safety communication activities or equipment.
- (3) A person who has permission in writing from the head of a law enforcement, fire service, public safety, or emergency service agency or organization to possess and use any radio transceiver or apparatus capable of transmitting or receiving messages or signals within a wavelength, channel, or talkgroup assigned to the agency granting the permission.
- (4) Any utility personnel acting within the scope of his or duties.
- (d) It shall be the duty of any law enforcement officer to seize and hold for evidence any equipment possessed

or used in violation of this section, and upon conviction of the person possessing or using the equipment, the court shall order such equipment destroyed or forfeited to the State of Alabama or to the authorized jurisdiction making the arrest and prosecution of the offense.

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(e) Interference with public safety communication is a Class C Felony.

Section 2. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621 because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.