- 1 SB191
- 2 147877-3
- 3 By Senators Pittman, Orr, Williams, Sanford, Taylor, Fielding,
- 4 Allen, Bussman, Waggoner, Beason, Brewbaker, Glover, McGill,
- 5 Dial, Marsh, Ward, Whatley, Reed, and Scofield
- 6 RFD: Fiscal Responsibility and Accountability
- 7 First Read: 12-FEB-13

1	147877-3:n:02/07/2013:JET/tj LRS2013-495R2	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, there is no requirement
9		that a person applying for or receiving public
10		assistance benefits be tested for illegal substance
11		abuse.
12		This bill would require an applicant for
13		public assistance benefits administered by the
14		Department of Human Resources to be tested for
15		substance abuse if there is reasonable suspicion
16		that the applicant is under the influence of an
17		illegal substance.
18		This bill would provide that any applicant
19		testing positive for a drug without a valid
20		prescription would be ineligible for any public
21		assistance benefits under the program.
22		This bill would authorize a parent of a
23		minor child who tests positive for drugs to
24		designate a third party to receive the public
25		assistance for the benefit of the minor child.

1	This bill also would authorize the
2	Department of Human Resources to promulgate rules
3	to implement this program.
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5	A BILL
6	TO BE ENTITLED
7	AN ACT

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Relating to public assistance; to require the Department of Human Resources to implement and administer a drug screening program for any adult applying for or receiving public assistance benefits upon reasonable suspicion of illegal substance use; to require the department to provide notice of the drug screening to applicants; to specify who is responsible for costs associated with the drug screening; to provide that an adult testing positive for a drug under this screening program is ineligible to receive certain public assistance; to allow a parent of a minor child who tests positive for drugs to designate a third party to receive the public assistance for the benefit of the minor child; to specify that the costs associated with any substance abuse treatment are not the responsibility of the department or the state; and to authorize the department to promulgate rules to implement the act.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. (a) As used in this act, the following words shall have the following meanings:

- (1) DRUG. Includes all of the following:
- 2 a. A controlled substance for which a medical
- 3 prescription or other legal authorization is required for
- 4 purchase or possession, including, but not limited to: An
- 5 amphetamine, a tetrahydrocannabinol, oxycodone, cocaine,
- 6 phencyclidine (PCP), an opiate, a barbiturate, a
- benzodiazepine, a methamphetamine, a propoxyphene, a tricyclic
- 8 antidepressant, or a metabolite of any of these substances.
- b. A drug whose manufacture, sale, use, or
- 10 possession is forbidden by law.
- 11 (2) DRUG SCREENING. Any chemical, biological, or
- physical instrumental analysis administered by a laboratory
- certified by the United States Department of Health and Human
- Services or other licensing agency in this state for the
- purpose of determining the presence or absence of a drug or
- its metabolites.

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- 17 (3) PUBLIC ASSISTANCE BENEFITS. Money or property
- provided directly or indirectly to eligible persons through
- 19 programs of the federal government, the state, or any
- 20 political subdivision thereof, and administered by the Alabama
- 21 Department of Human Resources.
- 22 Section 2. (a) The Department of Human Resources
- 23 shall implement and administer a drug screening program for
- any person applying for or receiving public assistance
- 25 benefits upon reasonable suspicion that the person uses or is
- under the influence of a drug. Reasonable suspicion exists if
- 27 the applicant or recipient has a conviction for the use or

distribution of a drug within five years prior to the date of the application or initial payment of public assistance benefits.

- (b) The department shall require each applicant to include, under penalty of perjury, any criminal conviction related to the use or distribution of a drug on any application for public assistance benefits.
- (c) The cost of the drug screening is the responsibility of the person screened. The department shall reimburse the person for the cost of the drug screening if the person tests negative for a drug.
- (d)(1) A person who refuses to take a drug screening or who delays the drug screening beyond the time set by the department is ineligible to receive public assistance benefits.
- (2) A person who tests positive for a drug as a result of a drug screening required under this section and who is unable to produce a valid prescription for the drug is ineligible for public assistance benefits for one year after the date of the positive drug screening. Upon a second positive drug screening, the person shall be permanently ineligible for public assistance benefits.
- (3) A person who is denied public assistance benefits under this section may request an administrative hearing to review the denial.
- (e) The results of a drug screening under this act shall not be admissible in any criminal proceeding, but are

admissible without further authentication or qualification in administrative hearings of the department and judicial review of department determinations.

- (f) The department shall do all of the following:
- (1) Provide notice of the potential for drug screening to applicants for public assistance benefits at the time of application. The notice shall advise the person that drug screening may be conducted as a condition for receiving benefits under certain conditions and that the person shall bear the cost of the drug screening. The person shall be advised that the required drug screening may be avoided if the person does not apply for public assistance benefits.
- (2) Require each person to be screened to sign a written acknowledgment that he or she has received notice of the department's drug-screening policy and that he or she understands the drug-screening requirement.
- (g) If a parent is deemed ineligible for public assistance benefits as a result of failing a drug screening conducted under this section:
- (1) The dependent child's eligibility for pubic assistance benefits is not affected.
- (2) An appropriate protective payee shall be designated to receive benefits on behalf of the child.
- (3) The parent may choose to designate another person to receive benefits for the parent's minor child. The designated person must be an immediate family member or, if an immediate family member is not available or the family member

- declines the option, another person, approved by the

 department, may be designated. The designated person must also

 undergo drug screening before being approved to receive

 benefits on behalf of the child. If the designated person

 tests positive for a drug, he or she is ineligible to receive

 benefits on behalf of the child.
- 7 (h) The commissioner of the department shall
 8 promulgate rules to prescribe the design, operation,
 9 standards, and training of personnel for the implementation of
 10 this act.
- Section 3. The provisions of this act are severable.

 If any part of this act is declared invalid or

 unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part

 which remains.
- Section 4. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.