- 1 HB323
- 2 143490-1
- 3 By Representative Hill
- 4 RFD: Commerce and Small Business
- 5 First Read: 21-FEB-13

1	143490-1:n:05/17/2012:FC/mcw LRS2012-3308	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would amend the Alabama
9		Improvement District Act.
10		The bill would provide further for the
11		appointment and terms of the members of the board
12		of directors of a district and would provide for
13		the assessment of lands within a district. This
14		bill would also specify remedies for nonpayment of
15		assessments. The bill would further provide for
16		reassessments and amendments to existing
17		assessments, provide for the issuance of bonds by a
18		district, and would provide for prospective and
19		retroactive operation.
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21		A BILL
22		TO BE ENTITLED
23		AN ACT
24		
25	Т	o amend Sections 11-99A-9, 11-99A-11, 11-99A-13,
26	11-99A-17, 11-99A-21, 11-99A-30, and 11-99A-42, 11-99A-43 of	
27	the Code of	Alabama 1975, and to add Section 11-99A-52 to the

Code of Alabama 1975; relating to the Alabama Improvement
District Act; to provide further for the terms of office of
the board of directors of a district; to clarify the procedure
for the assessment of lands within a district and that such
procedure shall apply only to the lands actually assessed; to
clarify that the remedies for nonpayment of assessments shall
be consistent with current Alabama law; to provide further for
temporary construction financing of improvements by a
district; to provide that certain amendments to the Alabama
Improvement District Act are declarative of existing law and
shall have both a prospective and retrospective operation.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. Sections 11-99A-9, 11-99A-11, 11-99A-13, 11-99A-17, 11-99A-21, 11-99A-30, 11-99A-42, and 11-99A-43, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:

"\$11-99A-9.

"A board shall have The district shall have a board of directors in which all powers of the district shall be vested and which shall consist of the number of members specified in the articles of incorporation, but not less than three nor more than 11. Members of the board shall be appointed by the appointing government. The articles of incorporation shall specify that the members of the board serve for staggered terms, with one-third, or as near to one-third as is practical, of the initial members serving for one-year four years, with one-third, or as near to one-third as is practical, of the initial members to serve for two five

years, and with one-third, or as near to one-third as is practical, of the initial members to serve for three six years. Thereafter, the successors to members of the board of directors shall serve for three-year six-year terms. The proceedings of the appointing government by which members of the board are appointed shall specify the term for which the appointment is made. Upon the expiration of the term of office of any member of the board, the person whose term shall have expired shall remain a member of the board until his or her successor has shall have been duly appointed by the appointing government. Members of the board need not be owners, residents, electors, or taxpayers of the appointing government or the state.

"\$11-99A-11.

"A district may petition the appointing government to assess some or all of the land within the district for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, or installing improvements, in accordance with the following procedure:

- "(1) The board shall prepare plans for the acquisition, construction, or installation of the improvements. The plans shall include a reasonable description of the improvements and an estimate of the cost of the improvements.
- "(2) The proposed assessment of each tract in the district, based on the estimated increase in value of each tract resulting from the special benefits derived from the

proposed improvements, and consistent with Section 223 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901.

"(3) The petition shall further include either a document executed by each owner of land within the district that will be subject to the assessment setting forth the written consent thereof to such assessment and approving the petition, or a certification that an election has been held within the district, and that the owners of 51 percent or more of the land within the district that will be subject to such assessment and 51 percent or more of the residents of the district that will be subject to the assessment have voted in favor of the assessment.

"(4) Except as provided in Section 11-99A-47, the district must comply with all state, county, and municipal laws, rules, and regulations and the district must obtain all approvals that may be required by the appointing government or the government within which the district is located.

"Upon receipt of the petition by the council, the council shall determine what approvals may be required by the appointing government in addition to the approval of the council, including, but not limited to, approval of zoning, subdivision, fire regulations, and other ordinances, rules, codes, and regulations of the appointing government, and if other approvals are required, the appointing government shall forward the petition, or applicable portions thereof, to the appropriate boards and agencies to consider whether to grant the petition and to notify the district of the necessity of

obtaining approvals. The petition shall be held by the appointing government in abeyance until all approvals as may be required have been received, or variances or exceptions granted.

"Failure to notify the district of any required approval shall not relieve the district from complying with the required approval. No cause of action may be maintained against the appointing government, its officers, employees, servants, or agents for failure to notify the district of any required approval.

"(5) Upon receipt of all required approvals,
variances, or exceptions, the council shall conduct a hearing
with respect to the petition, and if considered expedient by
the council, the council may preliminarily assess the property
within the district as proposed in the petition and shall
further take any actions with respect to tax exemptions
considered expedient under subsection (c) of Section
11-99A-20.

"(6)(5) In the event that the board determines that it is necessary to amend its petition to the appointing government in order to conform to its rules, regulations, and ordinances, or to obtain variances and exceptions as may be appropriate, or to obtain approval of the petition by the council, the board may do so.

"\$11-99A-13.

"Upon the entry into contingent contracts or receipt
of contingent bids, the board shall submit to the council a

recommended final calculation of the cost of acquiring,
installing, or constructing the improvements. Upon receipt of
the calculation, the council shall, if it considers it
expedient, declare the assessment final, with adjustments as
may have been recommended by the board. As soon as possible
after receipt by the appointing government of the petition and
all required approvals, variances, or exceptions, the council
shall conduct a hearing with respect to the petition, and, if
considered expedient by the council, the council shall confirm
and make final the assessment or the methodology by which the
assessments shall be made, as provided in the petition,
whereupon the assessments and methodology therefor shall stand
confirmed and be and remain legal, valid, and binding liens
upon the property upon which the assessments are made, as
provided in this chapter. The final assessment of each tract
in the district shall be based on the estimated increase in
value of each tract resulting from the special benefits
derived from the improvements, and consistent with Section 223
delived from the improvements, and consistent with section 223
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made against any land owned or used by a utility in connection with
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made against any land owned or used by a utility in connection with the distribution, transmission, or generation of electric
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made against any land owned or used by a utility in connection with the distribution, transmission, or generation of electric power. If the council considers the recommendation
of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, but shall not be made against any land owned or used by a utility in connection with the distribution, transmission, or generation of electric power. If the council considers the recommendation inexpedient, the council shall advise the board of the reasons

"If bonds are issued with respect to all or part of an assessment, all proceeds of the assessment allocable to the payment of such bonds shall be pledged to secure payment of the bonds and shall be paid directly by the property owners to the board or to a trustee or other holder of funds as may be appointed by the board for the benefit of the holders of the bonds.

"\$11-99A-21.

"If the owner of any land within the district fails to pay an assessment when due, time being of the essence, the board may commence proceedings to foreclose on the land as follows:

- "(1) The board shall send a letter, certified mail, return receipt requested, United States first class mail to the last known address of the owner. The address of the owner as shown in the tax assessment records of the tax assessor or revenue commissioner for the county in which the property is located shall be sufficient.
- "(2) The letter shall specify that if payment is not made within 10 days of the date of the letter, foreclosure proceedings may be commenced.
- "(3) Any late payment received within the 10-day period will accrue a late fee of the greater of five percent of the payment or fifty dollars (\$50).
- "(4) If payment is not made within the 10-day period, the entire assessment shall become immediately due and payable, and the board may do either of the following:

"a. File a complaint in the circuit court for the county in which the property is located requesting that the property be foreclosed. Thirty days following service of process, unless the entire assessment is paid in the meantime, the court shall enter a decree declaring that the property shall be sold to the highest bidder.

"b. Proceed to sell the property against which the assessment is made to the highest bidder for cash.

"c. In either case, the sale shall be made after first giving public notice of the date and time of the sale and the purpose for which the same is made, together with a description of the property to be sold; and that the In either case, the property shall be sold in the same manner and upon the same notice as provided by law for the sale of lands or property by foreclosure by power of sale for mortgages. The proceeds from the sale shall first be applied to the amount of the assessment and all accrued interest thereon, plus penalties specified in subdivision (3), plus the attorneys' fees and other expenses incurred by the board in the foreclosure and suit.

- "(5) If the agent board concludes that no bidders are present or that all bids are insufficient, the agent board may announce that the auction sale shall be continued to a later date to be announced by public notice.
- "(6) Upon declaring the highest bidder and receipt of the purchase price, an agent of the board shall make out deliver a foreclosure deed to the highest bidder which shall

vest therein legal title to the property by foreclosure,

subject to easement or other rights in such property of

persons other than the owner that has failed to pay the

assessment. The owner of the property shall have no right of

redemption unless otherwise provided in the board's

proceedings with respect to the assessment.

- "(7) The purchase price shall be used first for the payment of the assessment, then for the cost of collection, suit, foreclosure, and deed preparation, then for penalties, then for accrued interest and interest until the next principal payment date of bonds as provided in this chapter with respect to prepayments of assessments, and then for the unpaid principal amount of the assessment, and any remaining portion shall be paid to the owner of the land at the owner's last known address as shown in the records of the tax assessor or revenue commissioner with respect to such tract of land.
- "(8) The board may bid on any sale the same as any other person, and may credit any portion of the assessment and other costs as a part of its bid.
- "(9) If the highest amount bid and accepted is insufficient to pay the entire assessment, the board and holders of the bonds shall have no further claim against the owner of the land assessed by virtue of the assessment.
- "(10) Any foreclosure deed shall make no warranty with respect to the title to the land other than as expressly stated therein.

1	"(11) At any point in the foreclosure proceedings,		
2	until a bid is accepted, the board may waive the default on		
3	terms as it may consider proper and reinstate the assessment,		
4	subject to any contrary terms of the board's proceedings with		
5	respect to the bonds.		
6	"§11-99A-30.		
7	"Subject to Section 223 of the Constitution of		
8	Alabama of 1901, if considered appropriate by a council, the		
9	cost of an assessment may be levied on property in proportion		
10	to, or based upon, front feet, or square footage of each		
11	<pre>parcel, acreage, or its estimate of the increase in value of</pre>		
12	the property resulting from the improvements for which the		
13	assessment was made, or in accordance with the formula		
14	determined by the district and approved by the appointing		
15	government therefor.		
16	"§11-99A-42.		
17	"The council may make a reassessment or new		
18	assessment of a parcel if:		
19	"(1) A court of competent jurisdiction sets aside an		
20	assessment against the parcel.		
21	"(2) The council determines that the original		
22	assessment is excessive.		
23	" $\frac{(3)}{(2)}$ On the written advice of legal counsel, the		
24	council determines that the original assessment is invalid.		
25	"(3) Requested in writing by a district to correct		
26	an error or omission in an existing assessment, or to comply		
27	with the formula for the assessments as approved by the		

1	council as provided in this chapter, or to conform an		
2	assessment or assessments to the provisions and limitations		
3	thereupon of this chapter.		
4	"\$11-99A-43.		
5	"The district may issue temporary bonds for the		
6	purpose of paying the costs for which bonds may be issued, or		
7	bonds to be repaid out of the proceeds of a permanent or		
8	long-term bond issue.		
9	"The district at any time may obtain loans, in the		
10	amounts, on the terms and conditions, and payable from and		
11	secured by a pledge of such funds, revenues, assessments, and		
12	property, all as the board may determine, for the purpose of		
13	paying any costs of the district referenced in Section		
14	11-99A-2(6)(v) and (w) and Section 11-99A-15(c), and in		
15	evidence thereof the district may issue assessment revenue		
16	anticipation bonds, notes, or other evidences of debt. The		
17	provisions of Section 11-99A-15(f) shall apply to any such		
18	debt."		
19	Section 2. Section 11-99A-52 is added to the Code of		
20	Alabama 1975, to read as follows:		
21	§11-99A-52.		
22	(a) The formation and incorporation of each district		
23	heretofore formed and incorporated pursuant to this chapter by		
24	any county or municipality is hereby validated and confirmed		
25	from the date of such formation and incorporation,		
26	notwithstanding any noncompliance with any provisions of		
27	Section 11-99A-4 or other provision of this chapter with		

respect thereto; provided, however, that the validation and confirmation effected by this section shall not be applicable to any district the validity of which is being directly challenged in appropriate judicial proceedings in any proper court on the effective date of the act adding this section.

(b) In the event that, subsequent to June 12, 1999, land within the corporate limits of a municipality is removed from, or deannexed from, or otherwise determined not to be within, the corporate limits of such municipality, such that land within a district formed and incorporated pursuant to a petition approved by such municipality under Section 11-99A-4, which land is therefore within the corporate limits of such municipality, is no longer contiguous at any point with land within the corporate limits of such municipality, then the district shall be valid in all respects from the date of formation and incorporation thereof, the land within such district shall be and remain within the corporate limits, and a part, of such municipality, and such municipality shall remain the appointing government with respect to such district.

Section 3. It is the intent of the Legislature by the enactment of this act to clarify the existing provisions of law and, to that end, the amendments of the Alabama Improvement District Act enacted by this act shall be deemed declarative of existing law and shall therefore have both a prospective and retroactive or retrospective operation.

1 Section 4. In the event any provision of this act 2 shall be declared invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, the holding shall not affect the 3 validity or enforceability of the remaining provisions hereof, 4 which shall continue effective. 5 Section 5. This act shall become effective 6 7 immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law. 8