- 1 HB259
- 2 147628-2
- 3 By Representative DeMarco
- 4 RFD: Agriculture and Forestry
- 5 First Read: 12-FEB-13

| 1 | 147628-2:n:02/08/2013:DSM/mfc LRS2013-230R1 | |
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| 8 | SYNOPSIS: | Under existing law, a person who kills a dog |
| 9 | | used by a peace officer in the line of duty is |
| 10 | | guilty of a Class C Felony. |
| 11 | | This bill would make it a crime to interfere |
| 12 | | or attempt to interfere with the duties of a police |
| 13 | | animal, a search and rescue animal, or the handler |
| 14 | | of a police animal or search and rescue animal. |
| 15 | | This bill would make it a crime to harass, |
| 16 | | assault, injure, cause the death, or attempt to |
| 17 | | harass, assault, injure, or cause the death of a |
| 18 | | police animal or search and rescue animal. |
| 19 | | This bill would provide for penalties and |
| 20 | | restitution of certain expenses relating to the |
| 21 | | crimes created by this bill. |
| 22 | | This bill would provide for exclusions and |
| 23 | | defenses and would repeal existing law. |
| 24 | | Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama |
| 25 | | of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the |
| 26 | | Official Recompilation of the Constitution of |
| 27 | | Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general |

law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

18 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

20 AN ACT

Relating to police animals and search and rescue animals and handlers of these animals; to make it a crime to harass, interfere, or attempt to interfere with the duties of the animal or handler; to make it a crime to assault or injure, to attempt to assault or injure, or to cause or attempt to cause the death of a police animal or search and

1 rescue animal; to provide penalties for violations; to provide 2 for restitution of certain expenses; to provide for exclusions and defenses; to repeal Section 13A-11-15 of the Code of 3 4 Alabama 1975; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 5 6 expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 7 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the 8 Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended. 9 10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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Section 1. For purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

- (1) CONTAINMENT AREA. Any area used to hold a police animal or search and rescue animal regardless whether on duty or off duty, including, but not limited to, a kennel, car unit, trailer, tent, staging area, stable, paddock, tie-out, or fenced area or pasture.
- (2) HANDLER. A peace officer, firefighter, search and rescue person, or other specifically trained individual who uses a police animal or search and rescue animal in the performance of his or her duties. For purposes of this act, a peace officer and firefighter are defined in Section 36-30-1, Code of Alabama 1975.
- (3) HARASS. Any act or omission, or attempted act or omission, with or without actual physical contact, which results or could result in harm, disabling, restriction, control of the animal, or a distraction from duties of the

animal or handler including, but not limited, to the 1 2 following:

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- a. Taunting, teasing, tormenting, mistreating, 3 4 spitting, shouting, inappropriate gesturing or noises, or approaching in a menacing fashion.
 - b. Poking, prodding, striking, or kicking.
- 7 c. Spraying, throwing, pushing, or otherwise projecting an item or substance, including a flash of light or 8 laser, in a manner likely to cause harm or distraction from 9 10 duties.
 - d. Placing food, drugs, chemicals, poison or other items in the path, area of operation, or containment.
 - (4) PHYSICAL HARM. Any injury, illness, or other impairment, regardless of its gravity or duration.
 - (5) POLICE ANIMAL. An animal, generally a dog or horse, which is not a human, with specialized training or in the process of specialized training, which is used by, and under the control of a peace officer or firefighter, in the performance of his or her duties.
 - (6) SEARCH AND RESCUE ANIMAL. Any animal with specialized training or in the process of specialized training, which is utilized for the principal purpose of aiding in the detection of missing persons, including, but not limited to, tracking persons who are lost or missing regardless whether living or deceased, sometimes referred to as a "SAR" animal.

(7) SERIOUS PHYSICAL HARM. Any physical harm that carries a substantial risk of death, permanent or temporary maiming or disfigurement, or that causes pain or suffering of any gravity or duration.

Section 2. (a) Any person who intentionally and knowingly causes, attempts to cause, or causes another person to harass, interfere, or obstruct a police animal or search and rescue animal being used by a handler in lawfully performing duties or causes harassment, interference, or obstruction of a handler in lawfully performing his or her duties is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

- (b) Any person who intentionally and knowingly causes or attempts to cause physical harm to a police animal or search and rescue animal which results in no long-term damage or disfigurement of the animal and any temporary loss of service of the animal does not exceed 30 calendar days, is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (c) Any person who intentionally and knowingly causes or attempts to cause serious physical harm, theft, or death of a police animal or search and rescue animal is guilty of a Class C felony.
- (d) Any person who intentionally and knowingly enters a containment area of a police animal or search and rescue animal without the consent of the handler, causes or attempts to cause any item or substance to enter the containment area without the consent of the handler, or who releases a police animal or search and rescue animal without

the consent of the handler, is guilty of a Class A
misdemeanor.

- (e) An owner or keeper of a dog or other animal, who fails to reasonably restrain the dog or animal from taunting, tormenting, chasing, approaching in a menacing fashion or apparent attitude of attack, or attempting to bite or otherwise endanger a police animal or search and rescue animal, is responsible for any violation of this act in the same manner as if he or she knowingly caused or attempted to cause the violation.
 - Section 3. (a) This act shall apply regardless whether the police animal or search and rescue animal is in the actual performance of assisting a handler in his or her duties or is off duty.
 - (b) If the police animal or search and rescue animal is in a containment area not in the immediate presence of the handler, this act only applies to an offender who knows or should know at the time of the violation that the animal that is the subject of the violation is a police animal or search and rescue animal.

Section 4. In addition to any other penalties imposed, any person who violates this act may be ordered by the court to pay restitution to the owner of the police animal or search and rescue animal and the agency involved for expenses caused by the violation, including, but not limited to, the following:

1 (1) Any veterinary expenses resulting from the violation.

- 3 (2) Replacement costs of the animal if it is stolen, 4 killed, or disabled temporarily or permanently, and can no 5 longer perform its duties.
 - (3) The salary of the handler for the period of time his or her services are lost to the employer and any expenses for a replacement employee during that period of time, if needed.
 - (4) The value of any services lost to employer until replacement services are obtained.
 - (5) Any lost or damaged equipment.
 - (6) Training, retraining, or rehabilitation expenses for the animal and for the handler.
 - Section 5. (a) This act does not prohibit a credentialed euthanasia technician, an authorized handler, or a veterinarian from euthanizing a police animal or search and rescue animal in an emergency if the animal is critically wounded and would otherwise endure undue suffering and pain.
 - (b) It is a defense that the accused person, acting as handler or as an employee or agent of the handler or employing agency, engaged in a reasonable act of training, handling, or discipline of the animal or reasonably believed the violating conduct was necessary to prevent serious physical harm or death of another person.
- Section 6. Section 13A-11-15 of the Code of Alabama 27 1975, is repealed.

Section 7. Although this bill would have as its 1 purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased 2 expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further 3 requirements and application under Amendment 621, now 4 appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of 5 the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the 6 7 bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime. 8 Section 8. This act shall become effective on the 9 10 first day of the third month following its passage and

approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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