- 1 HB114
- 2 146923-2
- 3 By Representative Hill
- 4 RFD: Public Safety and Homeland Security
- 5 First Read: 05-FEB-13
- 6 PFD: 02/01/2013

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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would provide standards for
9		contracts relating to private probation services
10		and qualifications for private probation officers,
11		including criminal history record checks.
12		This bill would authorize the presiding
13		judge of any circuit or district court, or the
14		district judge in a county with only one district
15		judge, to contract with private business entities
16		to provide probation services for offenses other
17		than violent felony offenses.
18		This bill would authorize the court
19		administrator of any municipal court to contract
20		with private business entities to provide probation
21		services for criminal convictions in its court.
22		This bill would create the County and
23		Municipal Probation Advisory Council to review the
24		uniform professional standards for private
25		probation officers and uniform contract standards
26		for private probation contracts and submit a report

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with its recommendations to the Legislature, to

adopt rules relating to qualifications and training
of private probation officers, to provide for
registration of entities providing private
probation services, and to produce an annual report
related to private probation services.

This bill would preclude business entities providing private probation services from specifying, either directly or indirectly, a particular alcohol or substance abuse program that a probationer may or is required to attend, and would provide criminal penalties for violations.

This bill also would provide for the confidentiality of records generated by private probation officers, with access to these records granted to certain state agencies.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates

funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of the amendment. However, the bill does not require approval of a local governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to become effective because it comes within one of the specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

11 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

13 AN ACT

Relating to probation, to authorize the presiding circuit or district judges or the district judge in counties with only one district court judge to contract with private entities for probation services for persons convicted of certain offenses; to authorize the court administrator of a municipal court to contract with private entities for probation services for persons convicted of certain offenses; to create the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council to review standards for contracts related to private probation services and qualifications of private probation officers and make recommendations to the Legislature; to authorize the council to adopt rules relating to the qualifications and training of private probation officers; to require the council

- 1 to make an annual report; to prohibit certain activities by 2 private probation officers and to provide for criminal penalties for certain violations; to provide for 3 confidentiality of certain records; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement 5 6 of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the 7 meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official 8 9 Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as 10 amended.
- BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

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- Section 1. For the purposes of this act, the following terms shall have the following meanings:
 - (1) BUSINESS ENTITY. A person or group of persons performing or engaging in any private activity, enterprise, profession, or occupation for gain, benefit, advantage, or livelihood, whether for profit or not for profit.
 - (2) COUNCIL. The County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council created under Section 3.
 - (3) PRIVATE PROBATION OFFICER. A probation officer employed by a business entity that provides probation services.

Section 2. (a) (1) The presiding judge of any district or circuit court, or the district judge in county with only one district judge, may enter into a written contract with a business entity to provide probation supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys to

be paid by a defendant according to the terms of the sentence imposed, for supervision of child support orders where the payer has been adjudicated in arrears, and other probation services for persons convicted in that court and placed on probation in the county.

- (2) The probation services provided by the business entity shall be paid for by monthly supervision fees collected from probationers.
- (3) A business entity providing probation services may not supervise a defendant who has been convicted of a felony, other than those nonviolent felonies identified by the council.
- (4) The final contract between the presiding judge or the district judge and the business entity providing probation services shall be made available to the public for inspection upon request.
- (5) A contract for probation services as provided for in this section may be terminated by the judge executing the contract in accordance with any express termination provisions included in the contract.
- (b) (1) The court administrator of the municipal court of any municipality, with the consent of the senior municipal judge, may enter into written contracts with business entities to provide probation supervision, counseling, collection services for all moneys to be paid by a defendant according to the terms of the sentence imposed, and

other probation services for persons convicted in the court and placed on probation.

- (2) The probation services provided by the business entity shall be paid for by monthly supervision fees collected from probationers.
- (3) The final contract between the municipal court administrator and the business entity providing probation services shall be made available to the public for inspection upon request.
- (4) A contract for probation services as provided for in this section may be terminated by the municipal court administrator executing the contract in accordance with any express termination provisions included in the contract.

Section 3. (a) There is created the County and Municipal Probation Advisory Council, placed within the Administrative Office of Courts for administrative purposes only, to be composed of all of the following members:

- (1) A circuit court judge designated by the president of the Circuit Judges' Association.
- (2) A district court judge designated by the president of the District Judges' Association.
- (3) A municipal court judge designated by the president of the Municipal Judges Association of Alabama.
 - (4) A sheriff appointed by the Governor.
- (5) A municipal magistrate designated by the Association of Municipal Court Clerks and Magistrates.

- 1 (6) A private probation officer or individual with 2 expertise in private probation services by virtue of his or 3 her training or employment appointed by the Governor.
 - (7) A mayor or member of a municipal governing authority appointed by the Governor.

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- (8) A county commissioner appointed by the Governor.
- (b) Members of the council appointed by the Governor shall be appointed for terms of office of four years. With the exception of the county commissioner, the sheriff, and the mayor or member of a municipal governing authority, each designee or representative shall be employed in his or her representative capacity in a judicial circuit operating under a contract with a business entity to provide probation services. No person may serve beyond the time he or she holds the office or employment by reason of which he or she was initially eligible for appointment. In the event of death, resignation, disqualification, or removal for any reason of any member of the council, the vacancy shall be filled in the same manner as the original appointment and any successor shall serve for the unexpired term. The council shall adopt rules regarding contracts or agreements for probation services and the conduct of business by business entities providing probation services.
 - (c) The council shall do all of the following:
- (1) Annually elect a chair and a vice chair from among its membership. The offices of chair and vice chair shall be filled in such a manner that they are not held in

succeeding years by representatives of the same component, such as law enforcement, courts, or corrections, of the criminal justice system.

- (2) Meet at such times and places as it shall determine necessary or convenient to perform its duties. The council shall also meet on the call of the chair or at the written request of three of its members.
- (3) Maintain minutes of its meetings and such other records as it deems necessary.
- (4) Adopt rules for the transaction of its business and appoint committees necessary to carry out its business and duties.
- (d) Members of the council shall serve without compensation but shall receive the same expense allowance per day as that received by a member of the Legislature for each day the member of the council is in attendance at a meeting of the council. Payment of expense and travel allowance shall be subject to availability of funds.
- (e) (1) The funds necessary to support the activities of the council shall be derived from fees remitted to the Administrative Office of Courts under subdivision (2) and funds appropriated to the Administrative Office of Courts or otherwise available to the council. The council is authorized to accept and use grants of funds for the purpose of carrying out this act.
- (2) A business entity providing probation services under this act shall remit each calendar month one dollar (\$1)

for each offender under its supervision where the offender has not been deemed indigent by the court, placed in jail on any charge, committed to a medical facility, or is subject to a warrant for the case that is under supervision. Except as otherwise provided in this act, the remittance of one dollar (\$1) shall be made for each offender who was under supervision for any period for any number of days during a calendar month. The remittance shall be made to the Administrative Office of Courts on a quarterly basis along with an accounting of offenders under supervision during the quarter for which the money is remitted.

- (f) The council shall have all of the following powers and duties:
- (1) To adopt rules for the administration of the council, including rules of procedure for its internal management and control.
- (2) To review the uniform professional standards for private probation officers and uniform contract standards for private probation contracts established in this act and submit a report with its recommendations to the Legislature.
- (3) To adopt rules establishing training and education requirements for private probation officers.
- (4) To adopt rules relative to compliance with this act and enforcement mechanisms that may include, but are not limited to, the imposition of sanctions and fines and the voiding of contracts or agreements.

1 (5) To adopt rules establishing registration for any 2 business entity providing probation services under this act.

- (6) To make an annual summary report of probation services provided by business entities in this state. The report shall not contain information identifying individual business entities or related contracts.
- (7) To adopt rules establishing procedures for criminal history information background checks of private probation officers and disqualifying offenses for eligibility to serve as a private probation officer.
- Section 4. (a) (1) Any person employed as and using the title of a private probation officer shall meet all of the following uniform professional standards:
- a. Be at least 21 years of age at the time of the appointment to the position.
 - b. Have no felony conviction.
- c. Have completed a standard two-year college course or have four years of law enforcement or equivalent experience. A person employed as a private probation officer and who has completed at least 12 months of experience as a private probation officer or probation officer in this state shall not be required to satisfy the college education requirement.
- d. Complete an initial 40 hours of orientation upon employment and complete 20 hours of continuing education each year as approved by the council. A person who has successfully completed a probation or parole officer basic course of

training certified by the Peace Officers' Standards and
Training Commission or any private probation officer who has
been employed by a business entity to provide probation
services for at least 12 months, shall not be required to
complete the 40-hour orientation.

- may conduct a criminal history background information check of a person employed as a private probation officer or an applicant for a private probation officer position by submitting a request to the Department of Public Safety for a criminal history background information check accompanied by appropriate fees, two complete functional sets of fingerprints, properly executed by a criminal justice agency or an individual properly trained in fingerprinting techniques, and written consent from the applicant for release of criminal background information to the business entity.
- (b) The following uniform contract standards shall apply to all private probation contracts executed under the authority of this act and shall be included as a term of any contract for probation services:
- (1) The extent of the services to be rendered by the business entity providing probation supervision, including the monthly fee to be charged to probationers for supervision services.
- (2) Any requirements for staff qualifications, to include those contained in this section, as well as any surpassing those contained in this section.

1 (3) Requirements for criminal history background 2 information checks of staff in accordance with the rules 3 adopted by the council.

- (4) Policies and procedures for the training of staff that comply with rules adopted by the council.
- (5) Bonding of staff and a requirement for business entities providing probation services to obtain liability insurance coverage.
- (6) Staffing levels and standards for offender supervision, including frequency and type of contacts with offenders.
- (7) Procedures for handling the collection of all court-ordered fines, fees, and restitution, to include a description of the method and schedule of disbursement of funds collected.
- (8) Procedures for handling indigent offenders to ensure placement of indigent offenders irrespective of the ability to pay.
- (9) Circumstances under which revocation of an offender's probation may be recommended.
 - (10) Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.
 - (11) Default and contract termination procedures.
- (c) (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit court referral officers to serve as a probation officer without first meeting all the requirements of a private probation officer.

1 (2) A person who primarily serves as a court
2 referral officer may not concurrently serve as a private
3 probation officer.

(d) The council shall review the uniform professional standards and uniform contract and agreement standards contained in subsections (a), (b), and (c) and shall submit a report of its findings to the Legislature. The council shall submit its initial report on or before January 1, 2015, and shall submit a report every two years thereafter. Nothing contained in the report shall be considered to authorize or require a change in the standards without action by the Legislature. This report shall provide information that will allow the Legislature to review the effectiveness of the minimum professional standards and, if necessary, to revise these standards. This subsection shall not be interpreted to prevent the council from making recommendations to the Legislature prior to its required review and report.

Section 5. (a) A business entity contracting to provide probation services shall provide to the judge with whom the contract or agreement was made and the council a detailed quarterly report summarizing all of the following:

- (1) The number of offenders under supervision.
- (2) The amount of fines, statutory surcharges, and restitution collected.
- (3) The number of offenders for whom supervision or rehabilitation has been terminated and the reason for the termination.

1 (4) The number of warrants issued during the 2 quarter.

- (b) All records of a business entity contracting to provide probation services shall be open to inspection upon the request of the affected county, municipality, court, the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts, or the council or its designee.
- (c) A business entity contracting to provide probation services shall provide access to defendant case histories, correspondence, court orders, and financial history via a searchable online database and server to the presiding judge, district judge, or municipal court administrator, or their designee. All information provided via the online server shall be posted no later than one business day after the date of the transaction.

Section 6. (a) A business entity contracting to provide probation services or an employee of the business entity may not engage in any other employment, business, or activity which interferes or conflicts with the duties and responsibilities under contracts authorized in this act.

- (b) A business entity contracting to provide probation services or an employee of the business entity may not engage in personal or business dealings, including the lending of money or posting of sureties or bonds, with probationers under supervision.
- (c)(1) A business entity contracting to provide probation services or an employee of the business entity may

not own, operate, have any financial interest in, be an instructor at, or be employed by, a business entity providing drug or alcohol education services.

- (2) A business entity contracting to provide probation services or an employee of the business entity may not specify, directly or indirectly, a particular alcohol or substance abuse program which a probationer may or is required to attend. This subdivision shall not prohibit business entities or employees providing probation services from furnishing to any probationer, upon request, the names of certified alcohol and substance abuse programs. Any person violating this subdivision shall be guilty of a Class C misdemeanor.
- Section 7. (a) All reports, files, records, and other papers relative to the supervision of probationers by a business entity are declared to be confidential and shall be available only to the pertinent county or municipality, the judge handling a particular case, the Department of Examiners of Public Accounts, or the council or its designee.
- (b) In the event of a transfer of the supervision of a probationer from a business entity providing probation services to the Department of Corrections, the Department of Corrections shall have access to any relevant reports, files, records, and papers of the transferring entity. All reports, files, records, and other papers relative to the supervision of probationers by business entities shall not be subject to a subpoena.

Section 8. (a) A business entity providing probation services or offering to contract for probation services shall register with the council before entering into any contract to provide probation services. The information included in the registration shall include the name of the business entity, its principal business address and telephone number, the name of its agent for communication, and other information in such detail as the council may require.

(b) A business entity providing probation services required to register under subsection (a) who fails or refuses to register shall be subject to the revocation of any existing contracts, in addition to any other fines or sanctions imposed by the council.

Section 9. (a) The following probation standards shall be met by business entities who enter into written contracts for probation services under Section 2:

- (1) Meet all requirements as outlined in subsection(b) of Section 4, relating to uniform contract standards.
- (2) Not own or control any finance business or lending institution which makes loans to probationers under its supervision for the payment of probation fees or fines.
- (3) Employ at least one person who is responsible for the direct supervision of probation officers employed by the corporation, enterprise, or agency and who shall have at least five years' experience in corrections, parole, or probation services.

1 (b) A business entity providing probation services
2 that fails to meet the standards established in subsection (a)
3 shall not be eligible to provide probation services in this
4 state.

Section 10. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 11. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.