- 1 SB397
- 2 138488-2
- 3 By Senators Figures, Smith, Irons, Beasley, Fielding, Dunn,
- Ross, Brewbaker, Holtzclaw, Reed, Bussman, Marsh, Smitherman,
- 5 Sanders, Coleman, Singleton, Ward, Glover, Bedford, Waggoner,
- Taylor, Scofield, Dial, Williams, Orr, Beason, Holley, McGill,
- 7 Blackwell, Allen, Whatley, Pittman, Brooks, Keahey, and
- 8 Sanford
- 9 RFD: Children, Youth Affairs, and Human Resources
- 10 First Read: 15-MAR-12

138488-2:n:03/08/2012:DA/th LRS2012-1580R1

2.2

SYNOPSIS: This bill would prohibit children day care providers from leaving a child unattended in a motor vehicle, unless the child is supervised by person of a certain age, and would determine penalties for a first, second, or subsequent conviction when the child is injured or fatally

injured.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be
to require a new or increased expenditure of local
funds within the meaning of the amendment. However,
the bill does not require approval of a local
governmental entity or enactment by a 2/3 vote to
become effective because it comes within one of the
specified exceptions contained in the amendment.

9 A BILL

10 TO BE ENTITLED

11 AN ACT

Relating to children; to prohibit children day care providers from leaving a child unattended in a motor vehicle, unless the child is supervised by a person of a certain age, and would determine penalties for a first, second, or subsequent conviction when the child is injured or fatally injured; and in connection therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and cited as the "Amiyah White Unattended Children in Motor Vehicle Safety Act."

Section 2. (a) For purposes of this act, the term

"motor vehicle" shall mean any motor vehicle as defined in

Section 32-1-1.1 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

- (b) (1) A licensed day care center, a licensed child care facility, or any other child care service that is exempt from licensing pursuant to Section 38-7-3 of the Code of Alabama 1975, or an employee thereof, or a person for hire responsible for a child 12 years of age or younger shall not leave the child in a motor vehicle unattended unless the child is supervised by a person who is 14 years of age or older.
- (2) A person violating this section shall be fined not less than two thousand dollars (\$2,000), except if a person has a prior conviction or adjudication under this section, the offense is a Class C misdemeanor.
- (3) For purposes of determining prior conviction or adjudication pursuant to subdivision (2), conviction in municipal court shall be included.
- (4) If the child receives physical injury as a result of a violation of this section, the person violating this section is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.
- (5) If the child receives serious physical injury as a result of a violation of this section, the person violating this section is guilty of a Class C felony.
- (6) If the child is fatally injured as a result of a violation of this section, the person violating this section is guilty of a Class B felony.

Section 3. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing in this act shall limit any existing cause of action or right to bring a cause of action. A violation of this act shall not be considered evidence of contributory negligence and the liability of an insurer shall not be limited or mitigated.

Section 4. Although this bill would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds, the bill is excluded from further requirements and application under Amendment 621, now appearing as Section 111.05 of the Official Recompilation of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901, as amended, because the bill defines a new crime or amends the definition of an existing crime.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.