- 1 SB216
- 2 135871-1
- 3 By Senators Irons, Orr, Fielding, Brooks and Beasley
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-12

135871-1:n:01/26/2012:MCS/tan LRS2012-423 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, a person who presents a 8 deed, bill of sale, or other instrument conveying 9 10 any real or personal property within this state or 11 any interest in any such property to the judge of 12 probate for recording must pay a privilege or 13 license tax based upon the value of the property; 14 however, there is no requirement to submit proof of the purchase price or value of the property at the 15 time the instrument is presented for recording. 16 17 This bill would provide that a person 18 presenting a real property or personal property 19 instrument to the judge of probate for recording 20 shall present proof of the actual purchase price of 21 property or actual value of the property, and that 22 if proof is not presented, the privilege or license

tax will be based upon the assessed value of the property and the person failing to submit the required proof shall be subject to monetary penalties for failure to comply with the law.

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1	A BILL
2	TO BE ENTITLED
3	AN ACT
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5	To amend Section 40-22-1, Code of Alabama 1975, to
6	require that a person presenting a deed, bill of sale, or
7	other instrument conveying any real or personal property
8	within this state or any interest in any such property to the
9	judge of probate for recording shall present proof of the
10	actual purchase price of property or actual value of the
11	property, and that if such proof is not presented, the
12	privilege or license tax will be based upon the assessed value
13	of the property and the person failing to submit the required
14	proof shall be subject to monetary penalties for failure to
15	comply with the law.
16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
17	Section 1. Section 40-22-1, Code of Alabama 1975, is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§40-22-1.
20	" No <u>(a) Except as set out in subsection (b), no</u>
21	deed, bill of sale, or other instrument of like character
22	which conveys any real or personal property within this state
23	or which conveys any interest in any such property , except
24	shall be received for record unless the privilege or license
25	tax is paid prior to the instrument being offered for record
26	as provided in subsection (c).

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(b) No privilege or license tax shall be required for any of the following:

3 "the (1) The transfer of mortgages on real or
4 personal property within this state upon which the mortgage
5 tax has been paid,.

6 "deeds (2) Deeds or instruments executed for a 7 nominal consideration for the purpose of perfecting the title 8 to real estate7.

9 "the (3) The re-recordation of corrected mortgages, deeds, or instruments executed for the purpose of perfecting 10 the title to real or personal property, specifically, but not 11 12 limited to, corrections of maturity dates thereof, and deeds 13 and other instruments or conveyances, executed prior to 14 October 1, 1923, shall be received for record unless the 15 following privilege or license tax shall have been paid upon 16 such instrument before the same is offered for record: Upon.

17 "(c) Except as provided in subsection (b), the privilege or license tax on all such instruments which are 18 executed to convey real or personal property situated in this 19 state of the value of \$500 or less there shall be paid the sum 20 21 of \$.50, and upon all such instruments executed to convey real 22 or personal property situated in this state of more than \$500 23 in value there shall be paid the sum of \$.50 for each \$500 or 24 fraction thereof in value of property conveyed by such 25 instrument; provided, that only the value in excess of any 26 mortgages or vendor's lien upon any property within this state 27 on which the mortgage tax has been paid shall be taxable under

this section; and provided further, that where several deeds 1 2 or instruments are executed by tenants in common for the same consideration, only one of such instruments shall be taxable 3 4 under this section. Any instrument presented for record pursuant to this section shall be accompanied by proof of the 5 6 actual purchase price paid for the property or if the property 7 has not been sold, proof of the actual value of the real or personal property which is the subject of the instrument being 8 recorded. The Department of Revenue shall develop rules 9 establishing what constitutes adequate proof required to 10 accompany any instrument presented for record. Failure to 11 12 provide proof as required herein shall result in the 13 assessment of penalties as set out in subsection (h).

14 "(d) Upon the presentation of any such instrument 15 for record, the judge of probate shall determine calculate the 16 amount of tax due thereon; and, based upon the actual purchase 17 price paid or the actual value of the property as required in subsection (c). If no proof is provided at the time the 18 instrument is presented for recording, the amount of the tax 19 due shall be based upon the value of the property as 20 21 determined by the most recent assessment of property conducted 22 pursuant to Title 40, Chapter 7, and the judge of probate 23 shall assess penalties as set out in subsection (h) to be paid 24 in addition to the tax due.

"(e) The instrument shall be recorded upon the
payment to him of the amount of such tax and recording fee of
the judge of probate, he shall accept the same for record, and

1 where assessed, any penalties as set out in subsection (h); 2 provided, that upon the presentation for record of any instrument which conveys property situated in two or more 3 4 counties of this state, the judge of probate shall so certify 5 the facts of the case together with a description of the 6 property conveyed by such the instrument to the Department of 7 Revenue, which after hearing such evidence as may be offered or as it may secure, shall fix and determine the value of such 8 9 the property as located in each county and shall certify its 10 determination thereof to the judge of probate, showing the 11 value of such the property in each county separately; and, 12 upon the payment to the judge of probate of the tax due on the 13 value of all property in this state conveyed by such the 14 instrument as so determined, the judge of probate shall accept 15 such the instrument for record. The person presenting any such instrument conveying property in two or more counties of this 16 17 state may secure immediate filing of such the instrument for record by depositing with the judge of probate, to be held by 18 him until the amount of the tax due thereon is determined, an 19 20 amount which in the judgment of the judge of probate will 21 cover the tax herein provided for, and after the value of the 22 property conveyed thereby is determined by the Department of 23 Revenue, as provided herein, any excess of such the deposit 24 over the amount of tax found to be due on such the instrument 25 shall be refunded to the person offering such the instrument 26 for record. The determination by the judge of probate and of 27 the Department of Revenue of the amount of tax due on any such

1 instrument is hereby declared to be a ministerial act and 2 shall not preclude the subsequent collection of the correct amount of tax if the value of the property thereby conveyed is 3 4 not fully disclosed to the judge of probate or the Department of Revenue when such the instrument is offered for record. 5 Upon the filing for record of any instrument coming within the 6 7 terms of this section, the judge of probate shall certify thereon the fact that the tax thereon has been paid, showing 8 9 the amount of such the tax, and thereafter such the instrument shall be received for record in any county of this state 10 without the payment of any further tax thereon, except the fee 11 12 of the judge of probate for recording such instrument, which 13 certificate shall be recorded with and as part of such the 14 instrument.

15 "(f) Upon the filing for record of any instrument 16 which has been exempted by law from the payment of the tax provided for in this section, the judge of probate shall 17 certify thereon that no tax has been paid and shall stamp in 18 bold letters on the face of said instruments the words "No Tax 19 Collected," and said certificate shall be recorded with and as 20 21 a part of such the instrument, and thereafter such instrument 22 shall be received for record in any county in this state 23 without the payment of any further tax thereon, when submitted 24 by the same tax exempt institution or another tax exempt 25 institution, but if submitted by or transferred to an institution or person not exempt from the payment of the tax 26 27 levied under this section, the judge of probate shall collect

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the tax levied by this section, together with the fee of the judge of probate for recording such instrument, before it will be admitted to record.

4 "(g) Of the tax collected by the judge of probate under the provisions of this section, there shall be paid into 5 6 the State Treasury two thirds of the amount so collected, and 7 the remaining one third shall be paid into the county treasury; provided, that the counties' share of the tax 8 9 collected on any instrument conveying property in more than one county shall be paid into the county treasuries of the 10 11 counties in which such property is situated in proportion to 12 the value of such property as determined by the Department of 13 Revenue as herein provided. The If the judge of probate is 14 paid on fees and commissions, he or she shall receive two and one-half percent of the amount collected by him under the 15 provisions of this section as his or her commission for 16 17 collecting said the money, which shall be deducted from the total amount collected and retained by him or her when making 18 settlement of his or her collections as required by law; 19 provided, that this section shall not be so construed or 20 21 enforced as to require the payment of privilege tax herein 22 provided on mortgages, deeds of trust, or other instruments in 23 the nature of a mortgage or deeds or other instruments with a 24 vendor's lien except as to that part of the purchase price 25 which is paid in cash or other articles of value and which pay 26 no other privilege tax for recording; provided, that in. In 27 counties where the probate judges are paid salaries, the fee

1	or commission collected or retained by the probate judges for
2	collecting the tax herein provided for shall be paid by them
3	into the treasuries of their respective counties.
4	"(h) Any person who submits an instrument for
5	recording pursuant to this section without presenting proof of
6	the value of the property or the actual purchase price paid
7	for the property as required in subsection (c) or who presents
8	false proof of same, in addition to payment of the tax due as
9	calculated on the actual value of the property, shall pay a
10	penalty of one hundred dollars (\$100) or 25 percent of the
11	privilege or license tax actually due, whichever is greater."
12	Section 2. This act shall become effective on the
13	first day of the third month following its passage and
14	approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.