- 1 HB370
- 2 138030-4
- 3 By Representatives McClurkin and Johnson (R)
- 4 RFD: Health
- 5 First Read: 21-FEB-12

1	<u>ENGROSSED</u>
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	To amend Sections 22-21-265, 22-21-270, 22-21-271,
9	and 22-21-275, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the State
10	Health Planning and Development Agency and the Certificate of
11	Need Review Board, to further provide for fees; to provide for
12	a temporary surcharge on certificate of need applications; to
13	provide further for costs and processing of cases; and to
14	provide for direct appeals to the Court of Civil Appeals.
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
16	Section 1. Sections 22-21-265, 22-21-270, 22-21-271,
17	and 22-21-275, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as
18	follows:
19	"§22-21-265.
20	"(a) On or after July 30, 1979, no person to which
21	this article applies shall acquire, construct, or operate a
22	new institutional health service, as defined in this article,
23	or furnish or offer, or purport to furnish a new institutional
24	health service, as defined in this article, or make an
25	arrangement or commitment for financing the offering of a new
26	institutional health service, unless the person shall first
27	obtain from the SHPDA a certificate of need therefor.

Notwithstanding any provisions of this article to the

contrary, those facilities and distinct units operated by the

Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation, and those

facilities and distinct units operating under contract or

subcontract with the Department of Mental Health and Mental

Retardation where the contract constitutes the primary source

of income to the facility, shall not be required to obtain a

certificate of need under this article.

- "(b) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, the replacement of equipment by health care facilities shall be exempt from certificate of need review, provided:
- "(1) The replacement does not change the purpose, use, or application of the equipment.
  - "(2) The existing equipment is taken out of service.
- "(3) The replacement equipment does not enable the health care facility to expand its health services.
- "(4) The replacement equipment does not enable the health care facility to provide any health services not previously provided on a regular basis.

"A determination of whether the acquisition of equipment is exempt from review under this section shall be made by the Executive Director of the SHPDA upon the filing of an application requesting the determination, on the form or forms prescribed by the CON Review Board, together with a fee in the amount of  $\frac{10}{20}$  percent of the fee provided in Section 22-21-271. If it is determined that the replacement is not

reviewable pursuant to this section, the applicant shall be notified in writing that no certificate of need is required. The SHPDA shall define an appeals process.

"Any provision in this article to the contrary notwithstanding, no a rural hospital shall only be required to submit an application a fee equal to 25 percent of the fee applicable to non-rural hospitals when filing a request for determination under this section.

- "(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the contrary, the modernization or construction of a nonclinical building, parking facility, or any other noninstitutional health services capital item on the existing campus of a health care facility shall be exempt from certificate of need review, provided the construction or modernization does not allow the health care facility to provide new institutional health services subject to review and not previously provided on a regular basis.
- "(d) The SHPDA shall maintain the Alabama State
  Health Plan to include separate bed need methodologies for
  inpatient psychiatric services, inpatient rehabilitation
  services, and inpatient/residential alcohol and drug abuse
  services. The SHPDA shall utilize these methodologies in
  considering all certificate of need applications.
- "(e) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, the increase in the number of nursing home beds of a health care facility licensed pursuant to Section 22-21-260(6) as a skilled nursing care facility or an

intermediate care facility, but excluding an increase in the
bed capacity of an intermediate care facility designated as an
ICF-MR by the State Board of Health and operated by the state
Department of Mental Health and Mental Retardation which
facilities shall be governed by the other provisions of this
article, shall be exempt from certificate of need review,
provided:

- "(1) The increase does not exceed 10 percent of the total skilled nursing beds of the facility, rounded to the nearest whole number, or 10 beds, whichever is greater.
- "(2) The average rate of occupancy for the nursing home beds of the facility is not less than 95 percent, rounded to the nearest whole number, for the 24-month period ending on June 30 of the year immediately preceding the application for exemption from the certificate of need review.
- "(3) The aggregate average rate of occupancy for all other skilled nursing facilities and intermediate nursing facilities in the same county as the requesting facility's is not less than 95 percent, rounded to the nearest whole number, for the 24-month period ending on June 30 of the year immediately preceding the application for exemption from certificate of need review.
- "(4) The increase does not require capital expenditures exceeding the capital expenditure thresholds prescribed in Section 22-21-263(a)(2).

"(5) The facility has not been granted an increase of beds under this exemption within the immediately preceding 24-month period.

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"In calculating the average occupancy for the facility under subdivision (2) of this subsection and for all other skilled and intermediate nursing facilities in the same county under subdivision (3) of this subsection, beds previously granted, including beds granted after January 1, 1995, to the facility, and to other skilled or intermediate nursing facilities in the same county as the requesting facility, pursuant to a certificate of need or to this exemption shall be deemed built and available for occupancy as of the date granted regardless of when the beds were placed in service. SHPDA shall promulgate regulations to determine how occupancy shall be calculated for the purpose of this subsection, taking into account certain factors such as, but without limitation, disregarding beds that have not been available for use for the three years next preceding the period for which occupancy is being measured.

- "(6) The facility has had an average daily census comprised of 40 percent of Medicaid patients within the fiscal year ended June 30 immediately prior to filing an application for exemption under this section.
- "(7) Any exemption to add beds without a certificate of need shall expire and be deemed null and void unless the beds are placed in service not less than 12 months after the date the exemption is granted. Notwithstanding the foregoing,

SHPDA may promulgate rules permitting the Executive Director of SHPDA to grant one extension not to exceed twelve months upon a showing of substantial progress. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any exemption granted by the SHPDA prior to April 10, 1995, for facilities which have agreed to the provisions of the June 21, 1995 consent decree, is ratified and confirmed and shall be deemed to have been granted in accordance with this subsection. In addition, any facility which was granted an exemption by the SHPDA prior to April 10, 1995, is ratified and confirmed and shall be deemed to have been approved as of the latter of the actual date approved or March 3, 1995 and to have been granted in accordance with this subsection.

"A determination of whether the increase in beds is exempt from review under this section shall be made by the Executive Director of SHPDA upon the filing of an application requesting the determination, on the form or forms prescribed by the CON Review Board, together with a fee in an amount to be determined by the review board in accordance with Section 22-21-271(a). The SHPDA shall promulgate rules affording an applicant pursuant to this subsection a right to appeal adverse rulings.

"Applications pursuant to this section for exemption from certificate of need review for an increase in bed capacity shall be made only during the 90-day period beginning January 1 through March 31 of each year.

"The provisions of this section shall automatically terminate and become null and void on December 31, 2005,

unless a bill to continue or reestablish the provisions of this section shall be passed by both houses of the Legislature and enacted into law.

- "(f) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, an existing home health agency may accept referrals of patients from outside its Medicare certified service area without obtaining a certificate of need, provided all of the following conditions are met:
- "(1) The county of the referral is contiguous to a county for which the home health agency holds a certificate of need or an exemption granted pursuant to provisions of Section 22-21-263.
- "(2) The home health agency establishes no branch office in the county of the referral.
- "(3) The home health agency incurs no capital expenditures in the county of the referral in excess of five hundred dollars (\$500).

"The home health agency shall notify the SHPDA that it has begun accepting referrals from a county contiguous to its service area within 14 days of the receipt of the first referral from the contiguous county. No notice to the SHPDA shall be required related to subsequent referrals in the same contiguous county. The SHPDA shall take steps to provide for the inclusion of statistical information relating to the service to referrals outside the Medicare certified service area in its annual statistical reports. The SHPDA shall charge the home health agency no fee for servicing referrals outside

the service area. The SHPDA may impose, by rule, a reasonable charge upon home health agencies accepting such referrals to cover the additional cost of gathering and processing the information.

- "(g) Notwithstanding all other provisions of this article to the contrary, the replacement, including relocation in the same county, of an existing acute care hospital by the construction of a new digital hospital shall be exempt from certificate of need review provided the hospital meets all of the following:
- "(1) The digital hospital design incorporates a fully automated centralized digital system to integrate all current and future medical technologies with capabilities for all systems to interface in a comprehensive medical record. The integration of medical technology shall include, but not be limited to, all patient medical records, diagnostic images, diagnostic reports, laboratory results, pharmacy data, pharmacological interactions, contraindications, surgical reports, surgical streaming video, pathology reports, unique patient identification, voice activated transcription, wireless applications, automated billing with electronic transmission capability, and electronic procurement systems.
- "(2) The electronic medical systems shall interface on a single electronic platform to produce the most favorable patient outcome with a reduction in medical errors.
- "(3) Medical records shall only be accessed by authorized clinical personnel who are provided access by

hospital consoles, physician offices, physician homes, or any remote location via unique identification requirements.

- "(4) Patient rooms shall be designed to provide optimal electronic documentation of vital signs, real-time data entry, any and all treatment protocols, physician orders, and patient progression.
  - "(5) The digital hospital shall have a minimum project cost of one hundred million dollars (\$100,000,000) to include design, systems, property, buildings, equipment, and electronic software development.
  - "(6) The construction and design of the facility shall utilize technology and materials for patient flow to limit general public contact with patient care areas, healthcare workers, and hazardous materials to reduce the potential for cross-contamination and resulting direct medical costs.
  - "(7) The digital hospital environment shall be energy efficient, cost effective, and clinically designed to produce the most favorable environment.
  - "(8) The digital hospital shall meet all of the following conditions:
    - "a. Operate as an acute care hospital.
- 23 "b. Replace an existing acute care hospital located 24 in the same county as the digital hospital.
  - "c. Be licensed for no more than the same number of hospital beds and for the same bed categories as the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital,

unless otherwise approved by the Certificate of Need Review
Board through issuance of a certificate of need.

"d. Shall not exceed the same scope of health services, including the same amount of diagnostic or therapeutic major medical equipment, as the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital, unless otherwise approved by the SHPDA approval process.

"e. Shall not exceed the number of inpatient and outpatient surgical suites as contained in the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital, unless otherwise approved by the SHPDA approval process.

"(9) The existing acute care hospital, replaced by the digital hospital, shall be taken out of service as an acute care hospital and shall not be converted to or used as another health care facility, unless approved by the Certificate of Need Review Board through issuance of a certificate of need.

"(10) Any presently reviewable health service which is proposed to be offered by the digital hospital which was not offered on a regular basis within the preceding twelve-month period in or through the existing acute care hospital to be replaced by the digital hospital shall be subject to Certificate of Need Review Board approval through issuance of a certificate of need.

"(11) The only digital hospital exempt from certificate of need review shall be the first digital hospital developed in the state, and the digital hospital shall be

located in a county where there is located an accredited medical school and teaching facility and not less than 3,000 licensed general hospital beds, and construction shall be commenced within one year from the issuance of a certificate of need by SHPDA.

"A determination whether the construction of a digital hospital is exempt from review under this subsection shall be made by the Executive Director of the SHPDA, upon the filing of an application requesting the determination, on the forms acceptable to the Executive Director of SHPDA together with an application fee as provided in Section 22-21-271. If it is determined that the replacement facility is not reviewable pursuant to this section, SHPDA shall notify the applicant in writing that the application is exempt from certificate of need review and shall issue a certificate of need. The applicant shall have a right of appeal from any adverse ruling denying exemption and the SHPDA shall promulgate rules affording an applicant a right to appeal adverse rulings pursuant to this subsection.

"The provisions of this subsection shall automatically terminate and become null and void upon the issuance of the first certificate of need for the construction and operation of a digital replacement hospital as herein provided or on December 31, 2005, whichever first occurs, unless a bill to continue or reestablish the provisions of this subsection shall be passed by both houses of the Legislature and enacted into law.

"\$22-21-270.

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"(a) A certificate of need issued under subsection (a) of Section 22-21-265 and Section 22-21-268 shall be valid for a period not to exceed 12 months and may be subject to one extension not to exceed 12 months, provided the criteria for extension as set forth in the rules and regulations of the SHPDA are met. Applications for an extension filed under this section shall be accompanied by a filing fee to be established by rule, not to exceed 25 percent of the original CON application fee. If no obligation has occurred within such period, the certificate of need shall be considered terminated and shall be null and void. Should the obligation be incurred within such valid period, the certificate of need shall be continued in effect for a period not to exceed one year or the completion of the construction project, whichever shall be later, or the inauguration of the service or the actual purchase of equipment.

"(b) Failure to commence the construction project within the time period stated in the construction contract or to complete the construction project within the time period specified in the construction contract, which may be extended by mutual agreement of the parties to the contract, shall render the certificate of need null and void, unless tolled or extended pursuant to statute or SHPDA rule or regulation.

Provided, the SHPDA, or an administrative law judge appointed by the Governor on appeal for a fair hearing, may for causes beyond the control of the applicant, continue the certificate

of need in force if commencement of the construction project is delayed for a period not to exceed 60 days or if during the specified construction period the construction work should cease for not more than six months, or in the event of default in the construction contract by the contractor, or if, for any cause, the construction work has not ceased or otherwise been stopped for a period exceeding 60 consecutive days.

- "(c) Applicants who held valid certificates of need which were terminated under this section may file a new application for a certificate pursuant to and subject to the provisions of this article.
- "(d) Upon completion of the construction and issuance of a certificate of completion or the receipt of proof of purchase of equipment, the certificate of need shall be continued in force and effect.
- "(e) A certificate of need shall not be transferable, assignable, or convertible, other than between members of a parent-subsidiary controlled corporate group as defined in Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. §1563 (a)(1), and shall be valid solely to the person and purpose named thereon, except to such other member of the controlled group, or by change of name or merger with another corporation.
- "(f) The transfer of stock in, or change of name or merger of, a corporation which holds a certificate of need shall not constitute a transfer, assignment, or conversion of the certificate.
- 27 "\$22-21-271.

"(a) Each application for a certificate of need shall be accompanied by a fee of one percent of the estimated cost of the proposed cost of the new Institutional Health Service, or a maximum of \$12,000.00 twelve thousand dollars (\$12,000) (indexed) per application. Provided, that the application fee shall be one half three-fourths of one percent of the estimated cost of the proposed cost of the new Institutional Health Service, or a maximum of \$4,000.00 eight thousand dollars (\$8,000) if the applicant has had an average daily census comprised of 50 percent or more Medicaid patients within the last year prior to the filing of the application and a maximum of \$2,000.00 six thousand dollars (\$6,000) if a rural hospital applicant has had an average daily census comprised of 30 percent or more Medicaid/Medicare patients within the last year prior to the filing of the application. The minimum fee shall be set by the SHPDA. Fees shall be used for the purpose of defraying the lawful operating expense of the certificate of need program conducted by the SHPDA and of the Statewide Health Coordinating Council.

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- "(b) Each request for an opinion from the State

  Agency as to whether a project is subject to review under this article shall be accompanied by a fee to be established by the SHPDA.
- "(c) SHPDA, by rule approved by the Certificate of

  Need Review Board or the Statewide Health Coordinating

  Council, as applicable, may impose additional reasonable fees

  for any administrative filing by a health care provider for

which a fee is not specified in this chapter, and for any
non-routine data compilation or summary. Nothing in this
subsection shall authorize SHPDA to impose a fee for the
initial publication of any report or statistical update which
it is required to publish under law or rule.

"(d) In addition to all other fees, SHPDA shall impose a temporary surcharge of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) on each certificate of need application and three hundred dollars (\$300) for each reviewability determination to defray expenses incurred in developing and implementing, by January 1, 2014, an online, searchable filing system for filings and orders in administrative proceedings and requests for reviewability or exemption determinations and related agency findings. The surcharge shall automatically terminate on the first day of the ninth month after certification to the CON Review Board by SHPDA's Executive Director that the online filing system has been successfully implemented.

"(c)(e) There is hereby authorized to be appropriated from the General Fund of the State of Alabama such amounts as may be necessary from time to time to defray the costs of administering this article over and above such fees as may be collected under this section.

"(d)(f) Application fees collected under this article shall not be refundable. Fees collected under this article are hereby appropriated for the purposes stated in this article.

"(e)(g) All fees collected under this article shall be retained in a separate fund for the purpose of enforcing and administering this article, and shall be disbursed as other funds of the state are disbursed.

"\$22-21-275.

"The SHPDA, pursuant to the provisions of Section 22-21-274, shall prescribe by rules and regulations the procedures for review of applications for certificates of need and for issuance of certificates of need. Rules and regulations governing review procedures shall include, but not necessarily be limited to, the following:

- "(1) Agreement with other review agencies for review procedures consistent with this article and federal regulations.
- "(2) Application procedures and forms of the application necessary to elicit and provide all necessary information as required by the review criteria.
- "(3) Establishment of a project review period of 90 days from the date the state agency determines that the application is complete and notification thereof is made to the applicant. The rules and regulations may provide for a period of not more than 15 days for determination of the completeness of the application, notification of the beginning and termination dates of the project review period and criteria for determining by the state agency of an extension of the project review period not to exceed 30 days with or without the consent of the applicant. An extension of the

review period without limitation may be made with the written consent of the applicant or shall occur automatically without the consent of the applicant or the time period necessary to accommodate referral to an administrative law judge under this chapter and the issuance of a recommended order. All reviews must be completed prior to the termination of the review period. If the state agency does not make a decision within the period of time specified for state agency review, the proposal shall be deemed to have been found not to be needed. 

- "(4) Provision for a "nonsubstantive" review which shall be a modified review applicable to proposals for capital expenditures up to \$500,000.00 and which:
- "a. Do not result in a substantial change in a service; or

- "b. Propose equipment to upgrade or expand an existing service; or
- "c. Increase the bed capacity by not more than 10 percent of the existing bed capacity; provided, that such increase in bed capacity is consistent with the State Health Plan.
- "(5) Public notification of receipt of application, review periods, public hearings, decisions of the state agency, fair hearings if requested and final decisions regarding a certificate of need.
- "(6) Provisions and procedures for public hearings in the course of agency review on any application for the certificate of need for new institutional health service which

1 requires substantive review. The SHPDA shall make provisions 2 for a public hearing of any contested case before an administrative law judge designated by the Governor, which 3 shall be conducted as a contested hearing pursuant to the requirements of the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, 5 Chapter 22 of Title 41, and regulations consistent therewith 6 7 adopted under this article. The fee for the administrative law judge shall be based on an hourly rate approved by the 8 Executive Director of SHPDA on an annual basis and shall be 9 10 apportioned, on a pro rata basis, between all parties to the contested case hearing, with each party paying its pro rata 11 12 amount within 30 days of receipt of an itemized invoice from 13 the administrative law judge. Unless extended by agreement of 14 all parties: a. Any public hearing before an administrative law judge pursuant to this article shall begin within 45 days 15 of assignment to the administrative law judge and completed 16 17 within 90 days; and b. The administrative law judge shall render proposed findings of fact and conclusions of law in 18 accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act within 30 19 days of completion of the transcript. SHPDA shall make 20 21 provisions that if neither the applicant nor aggrieved party 22 shall have requested the application be heard before an 23 administrative law judge, the application shall be heard 24 before SHPDA at a public hearing. Any aggrieved party to a final decision of SHPDA may appeal the final decision of SHPDA 25 26 to the circuit court in the county in which the applicant 27 resides or of the county in which the applicant is situated or

1 in which the new institutional health service being applied 2 for is located the Court of Civil Appeals. An appeal shall be perfected by filing a written notice of appeal with the clerk 3 4 of the Court of Civil Appeals within 21 days after the decision of the agency becomes final. The notice of appeal 5 shall be on a form prescribed by the Alabama Rules of 6 7 Appellate Procedure. The Court of Civil Appeals shall have no discretion to refuse to hear appeals of the final decisions of 8 SHPDA timely filed under this article. Within 30 days after a 9 10 notice of appeal is filed, SHPDA shall transmit the 11 administrative record to the clerk, with the appealing party 12 bearing the costs associated with the preparation and 13 transmission of the record and transcript of the hearing and 14 of giving notice to the parties of the transmittal. Upon the 15 transmittal of the administrative record to the Court of Civil Appeals, the appeal shall proceed in accordance with the 16 17 Alabama Rules of Appellate Procedure.

"(7) Schedule for reviews to include hearings before the state agency, beginning and ending of review periods and time of the review period as provided in this section.

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- "(8) Provision of the applicant to submit such information that he may deem advisable in justification of the application over and above the minimum information required by this article and the regulations adopted hereunder.
- "(9) Provisions for periodic reports by the health provider or applicant respecting the development of the

proposal subject to review and for which a certificate of need is issued.

- "(10) Provisions for written findings, as appropriate, which the state used as the basis for its decision or any recommendation of the state agency. Such findings and recommendations shall be provided to the applicant and available to other interested persons upon request and upon payment of a reasonable fee to cover actual costs of reproduction and handling.
  - "(11) Notification upon request of providers of health services and other persons subject to review of findings, recommendations and decisions made under this article.
  - "(12) Provision for a public hearing upon written request for the reconsideration of a decision by the SHPDA and for good cause by any aggrieved party, including any competing applicant, or any aggrieved person who has intervened pursuant to Section 41-22-14. Request for reconsideration shall be made in writing not more than 15 days subsequent to the date the agency (SHPDA) decision is deemed final and shall have the effect of holding in abeyance the final decision and suspending any certificate of need issued pursuant thereto, subject to the outcome of the public hearing. The provision shall state that there can be no reconsideration by the SHPDA of a decision on a prior request for reconsideration; that an aggrieved party shall not be required to request reconsideration prior to or as a condition to requesting a

fair hearing; and that an aggrieved party shall not be
required to request reconsideration or a fair hearing prior to
or as a condition to seeking judicial review pursuant to
Section 41-22-20.

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"(13) Provision that no decision of the SHPDA under this article shall be deemed final until 15 days following the date of the decision.

"(14) Provisions that any adverse decision of the agency (SHPDA) (other than a SHPDA decision after first being heard as a contested case before an administrative law judge pursuant to the requirements of the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act) may be appealed to an administrative law judge designated by the Governor for fair hearing which appeal shall be heard de novo as a contested case in accordance with Sections 41-22-12 and 41-22-13. The fair hearing appeal proceedings shall be conducted pursuant to the requirements of the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, Chapter 22 of Title 41, and regulations consistent therewith adopted under this article. The fee for the administrative law judge shall be based on a standard hourly rate approved by the Executive Director of SHPDA and shall be apportioned, on a pro rata basis, between all parties to the hearing, with each party paying its pro rata amount within 30 days of receipt of an itemized invoice from the administrative law judge. Unless extended by agreement of all parties: a. Any public hearing before an administrative law judge pursuant to this article shall begin within 45 days of assignment to the administrative

law judge and completed within 90 days; and b. The 2 administrative law judge shall issue an order within 30 days of completion of the transcript. The appeal shall be commenced 3 by a request for a fair hearing by the applicant or any competing applicant, which request shall be made within 15 5 6 days of the date that the decision by the state agency became 7 final, or in the event of a request for reconsideration, within 15 days of the date that the decision of the state 8 agency on reconsideration became final and shall have the 9 10 effect of holding in abeyance the decision and suspending any certificate of need issued pursuant thereto subject to the 11 12 outcome of the fair hearing. The decision of the 13 administrative law judge in the fair hearing proceedings shall 14 be considered the final decision of the state agency (SHPDA); 15 provided, that any aggrieved party may appeal the decision to 16 the circuit court of the county in which the applicant resides 17 or of the county in which the applicant is situated or in which the new institutional health service being applied for 18 is located Court of Civil Appeals in accordance with the 19 provisions of subdivision (6). 20

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"(15) Preparation and publication, at least annually, of reports by the state agency of the reviews being conducted, decisions reached, certificates issued and status of proposals.

"(16) Access by the general public to applications reviewed by the SHPDA and to other written material pertinent to the review.

"(17) Provisions for letters of intent in the case
of construction projects by persons proposing such projects.

Letters of intent shall be in such detail as the SHPDA may
direct by regulations. Letters of intent shall not substitute
for the formal application for a certificate of need as
provided in this article.

"(18) Provision that the review procedure may vary according to the purpose for which a particular review is being conducted and/or the nature and type of service or expenditure proposed."

Section 2. The provisions of this act amending Section 22-21-275, Code of Alabama 1975, shall apply to any application for a certificate of need which is filed after the effective date of this act.

Section 3. This act shall become effective immediately following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7	Read for the first time and re- ferred to the House of Representa- tives committee on Health 21-FEB-12
8 9 10	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar with 1 substitute and 01-MAR-12
12 13 14	Read for the third time and passed as amended 14-MAR-12  Yeas 90, Nays 0, Abstains 1
15 16 17 18	Greg Pappas Clerk