- 1 HB126
- 2 139002-4
- 3 By Representative Wren
- 4 RFD: Insurance
- 5 First Read: 07-FEB-12
- 6 PFD: 02/02/2012

1	<u>ENGROSSED</u>
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4	A BILL
5	TO BE ENTITLED
6	AN ACT
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8	To establish the Unclaimed Life Insurance Benefits
9	Act; to require the insurer to search the death master file;
10	to require that no fee is to be charged associated with the
11	search; to require the insurer to notify the State Treasurer;
12	and to require the insurer to submit the unclaimed life
13	insurance benefits or unclaimed retained asset account, plus
14	interest, to the State Treasurer.
15	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
16	Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited
17	as the Unclaimed Life Insurance Benefits Act.
18	Section 2. This act shall require recognition of the
19	escheat or unclaimed property statutes of Alabama as they
20	relate to the method of payment for life insurance death
21	benefits regulated by the Department of Insurance.
22	Section 3. The following terms shall have the
23	following meanings:
24	(1) CONTRACT. An annuity contract. The term contract
25	shall not include an annuity used to fund an employment-based
26	retirement plan or program where the insurer is not committed

by terms of the annuity contract to pay death benefits to the
beneficiaries of specific plan participants.

- (2) DEATH MASTER FILE. The United States Social Security Administration's Death Master File or any other database or service that is at least as comprehensive as the United States Social Security Administration's Death Master File for determining that a person has reportedly died.
- (3) DEATH MASTER FILE MATCH. A search of the death master file that results in a match of the Social Security number or the name and date of birth of an insured, annuity contract owner, an annuitant, or retained asset account holder.
- (4) INDUSTRIAL LIFE INSURANCE POLICY. A policy of life insurance with a face amount of two thousand five hundred dollars (\$2,500), or less, and which provides for payment of premiums monthly or more often.
- (5) INSURER. An insurer, as defined in Section 27-1-2(2), Code of Alabama 1975, which issues life insurance policies or annuity contracts.
- (6) POLICY. Any policy, as defined in Section 27-14-1 of the Code of Alabama 1975, or certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit. The term policy shall not include any policy or certificate of life insurance that provides a death benefit under: (i) an employee benefit plan subject to the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, 29 U.S.C. § 1002, as periodically amended; (ii) any federal employee benefit program; (iii) government plans or

church plans as defined in the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002 (32) and (33)), as periodically amended; (iv) any policy or certificate of life insurance that is used to fund a preneed funeral contract or prearrangement; (v) any policy or certificate of credit life or accident and health insurance; (vi) any policy of burial insurance, the primary death benefit of which is to be provided in the form of tangible merchandise, such as a casket or funeral services; or (vii) any industrial life insurance policy.

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Section 4. (a) An insurer shall perform a comparison of its insureds' in-force life insurance policies, annuity contracts, and retained asset accounts against a death master file, not less frequently than semi-annually, to identify potential death master file matches of its insureds. Such comparison shall be commenced within six months after the effective date of this <u>act and completed within three years</u> after the effective date of this act. Thereafter, an insurer shall maintain a program designed to compare each such policy, contract, or account with a death master file no less frequently than every three years, it being the intent that insurers fashion a program that best fits their business systems while at the same time protecting consumers by assuring reasonable checks are being performed to identify unreported deaths. For those potential death master file matches identified as a result of a death master file match comparison, the insurer shall do all of the following:

- (1) Within 90 days of a death master file match:
- a. Complete a commercially reasonable effort, which shall be documented by the insurer, to confirm the death of the insured, contract owner or annuitant, or retained asset account holder against other available records and information.

- b. Determine whether a policy or contract insuring the insured or annuitant is in force or a retained asset account exists and whether benefits may be due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract and if a policy is in force or a retained asset account exists and benefits may be due in accordance with the applicable policy or contract:
- 1. Use commercially reasonable efforts, which shall be documented by the insurer, to locate the beneficiary or beneficiaries or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract.
- 2. Provide the appropriate claim forms or instructions to the beneficiary or beneficiaries or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract to make a claim, including the need to provide written evidence of the loss, including, but not limited to, an official death certificate, medical authorizations, medical records, or other reasonable evidence of the loss or its circumstances such as is ordinarily required by the insurer of similar claimants.
- (2) With respect to group life insurance, an insurer is required only to confirm the possible death of an insured

when the insurer provides full recordkeeping services to the group policyholder and maintains in the ordinary course of business at least the following information of those covered under a policy or certificate: a. Complete insured information, including Social Security number and complete name and date of birth; b. beneficiary designation information; c. coverage eligibility; d. benefit amount; and e. premium payment status.

- (b) To the extent permitted by law, the insurer may disclose minimum necessary personal information about the insured or beneficiary to a person who the insurer reasonably believes may be able to assist the insurer to locate the beneficiary or a person otherwise entitled to payment of the claims proceeds.
- (c) An insurer shall not charge insureds, account holders, or beneficiaries for any fees or costs associated with a search or verification conducted pursuant to this section.
- (d) After the insurer has completed the items required in subdivision (1) of subsection (a), any benefits payable under a life insurance policy, annuity contract, or a retained asset account, plus any applicable accrued interest, shall first be payable to the designated beneficiaries, owners, or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract, and in the event the beneficiaries, owners, or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract cannot be

found, shall escheat to the state as unclaimed property in

accordance with the provisions of Article 2A, Chapter 12 of

Title 35 of the Code of Alabama 1975. Nothing in this section

shall be deemed to change the terms of any contract or policy

concerning contestability or requiring the submission of due

proof of loss.

- (e) Subject to the provisions of subsection (d), an insurer shall notify the State Treasurer, in accordance with the provisions of Section 35-12-76 of the Code of Alabama 1975, upon the expiration of the statutory time period for escheat after all of the following have occurred:
 - (1) A positive death master file match has occurred.
- (2) A life insurance policy or annuity contract beneficiary or retained asset account holder has not submitted a claim with the insurer.
- (3) The insurer has complied with subsection (a) and has been unable, after commercially reasonable efforts documented by the insurer, to contact the retained asset account holder, beneficiary, beneficiaries, or other person entitled to payment pursuant to the terms of the policy or contract.
- (f) Upon such notice, an insurer shall submit the unclaimed life insurance or annuity death benefits, or unclaimed retained asset accounts, plus any applicable accrued interest, to the State Treasurer, pursuant to Section 35-12-77 of the Code of Alabama 1975.

Section 5. This act shall become effective on

January 1, 2014, following its passage and approval by the

Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.

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3	House of Representatives
4 5 6 7	Read for the first time and referred to the House of Representatives committee on Insurance 07-FEB-12
8 9 10 11	Read for the second time and placed on the calendar with 1 substitute and 1 amendment
12 13 14	Read for the third time and passed as amended
15 16 17 18	Greg Pappas Clerk