- 1 HB548
- 2 130072-1
- 3 By Representative Love
- 4 RFD: Ways and Means Education
- 5 First Read: 21-APR-11

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8 SYNOPSIS:

This bill would modify the definition of gross income for Alabama income tax purposes and supersedes inconsistent Department of Revenue rules so that resident individuals, who are either partners or members of partnerships or limited liability companies, shareholders of Alabama S corporations, or beneficiaries of estates or trusts, during all or part of a tax year, must include their proportionate share of income from the pass-through entity, regardless of whether the income is earned within or outside of Alabama. This bill would provide resident individuals who are owners or beneficiaries of these pass-through entities an income tax credit for the income tax paid by the entity to other states or territories on behalf of the individual owner or beneficiaries because the other state imposes a withholding or composite return obligation or an entity-level tax on the pass-through entity.

1	This bill would also provide an income tax
2	credit to resident individuals who are owners or
3	beneficiaries of these pass-through entities for
4	the amount of net income-based taxes paid by the
5	pass-through entity to foreign countries.
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7	A BILL
8	TO BE ENTITLED
9	AN ACT
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11	To amend Sections 40-18-14 and 40-18-21, Code of
12	Alabama 1975, relating to the manner in which resident
13	individual owners of Subchapter K entities and Alabama S
14	corporations are taxed on the entity's income earned from
15	sources outside of Alabama, and to provide those owners, as
16	well as resident beneficiaries of an estate or trust, with a
17	credit equal to their proportionate share of the income taxes
18	paid or accrued to a foreign country with respect to the trade
19	or business income of such entity; and to supersede certain
20	Department of Revenue rules, known as the Gross Income
21	Regulations, which are inconsistent with this act.
22	BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:
23	Section 1. Sections 40-18-14 and 40-18-21, Code of
24	Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows:
25	"\$40-18-14.
26	"The term "gross income" as used herein:

2 salaries, wages, or compensation for personal services of whatever kind, or in whatever form paid, including the 3 salaries, income, fees, and other compensation of state, county, and municipal officers and employees, or from 5 6 professions, vocations, trades, business, commerce or sales, 7 or dealings in property whether real or personal, growing out of ownership or use of or interest in such property; also from 8 9 interest, royalties, rents, dividends, securities, or 10 transactions of any business carried on for gain or profit and 11 the income derived from any source whatever, including any 12 income not exempted under this chapter and against which 13 income there is no provision for a tax. The term "gross 14 income" as used herein also includes alimony and separate 15 maintenance payments to the extent they are includable in 16 gross income for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. § 17 71 (relating to alimony and separate maintenance payments). The term "gross income" as used herein also includes any 18 amount included in gross income under 26 U.S.C. § 83 at the 19 time it is so included under 26 U.S.C. § 83. 20

"(1) Includes gains, profits and income derived from

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"(2) For purposes of this chapter, the reductions in tax attributes required by 26 U.S.C. § 108 shall be applied only to the net operating losses determined under this chapter and the basis of depreciable property. The basis reductions of depreciable property shall not exceed the basis reductions for federal income tax purposes. All other tax attribute

reductions required by 26 U.S.C. § 108 shall not be recognized.

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- "(3) Gross income does not include the following items which shall be exempt from income tax under this chapter:
  - "a. Amounts received under life insurance policies and contracts paid by reason of the death of the insured in accordance with 26 U.S.C. § 101;
- "b. Amounts received, other than amounts paid by
  reason of the death of the insured, under life insurance,
  endowment or annuity contracts, determined in accordance with
  26 U.S.C. § 72;
- "c. The value of property acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or descent, but the income from such property shall be included in the gross income, in accordance with 26 U.S.C. §

  102;
  - "d. Interest upon obligations of the United States or its possessions; or securities issued under provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act of July 18, 1916;
  - "e. Any amounts received by an individual which are excludable from gross income under 26 U.S.C. § 104 (relating to compensation for injuries or sickness) or 26 U.S.C. § 105 (relating to amounts received under accident or health plans);
  - "f. Interest on obligations of the State of Alabama and any county, municipality, or other political subdivision thereof:

- "g. The rental value of a parsonage provided to a
  minister of the gospel to the extent excludable under 26
  U.S.C. § 107:
- 4 "h. Income from discharge of indebtedness to the extent allowed by 26 U.S.C. § 108;

- i. For each individual resident taxpayer, or each husband and wife filing a joint income tax return, as the case may be, any gain realized from the sale of a personal residence of the taxpayer shall be excluded to the extent excludable for federal income tax purposes under 26 U.S.C. § 121;
  - "j. Contributions made by an employer on behalf of an employee to a trust which is part of a qualified cash or deferred arrangement (as defined in 26 U.S.C. § 401(k)(2), or 5 U.S.C. § 8437) under which the employee has an election whether the contribution will be made to the trust or received by the employee in cash and contributions made by an employer for an employee for an annuity contract, which contributions would be excludable from the gross income (for federal income tax purposes) of the employee in accordance with the provisions of 26 U.S.C. § 403(b). The limitations imposed by 26 U.S.C. § 402(g) shall apply for purposes of this paragraph;
  - "k. Amounts that an employee is allowed to exclude from gross income for federal income tax purposes pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 125 (relating to cafeteria plans) and 26 U.S.C. § 132 (relating to certain fringe benefits); and

"1. Amounts paid or incurred by an employer on behalf of an employee if the amounts may be excluded from gross income for federal income tax purposes by an employee pursuant to 26 U.S.C. § 129 (relating to dependent care expenses).

"(4) The term "gross income," in the case of a resident individual, includes income from sources within and outside Alabama, and including without limitation, the resident's proportionate share of any income arising from a Subchapter K entity, Alabama S corporation, or estate or trust, regardless of the geographic source of the income. The term gross income, in the case of a nonresident individual, includes only income from property owned or business transacted in Alabama. For purposes of this article, proportionate share shall be defined by reference to (i) the status of the individual owner as a partner or member of a Subchapter K entity, shareholder of an Alabama S corporation, or beneficiary of an estate or trust, and (ii) the relative interest in that entity owned by the individual.

"§40-18-21.

"(a) (1) For the purpose of ascertaining the income tax due under the provisions of this chapter by individual residents of Alabama whose gross income, as defined herein, is derived from sources both within and without outside the State of Alabama, there shall be allowed a credit against the amount of tax found to be due by such resident, on account of income derived from without outside the State of Alabama, the amount

of income tax actually paid by such resident to any state or territory on account of business transacted or property held without, directly or indirectly, outside the State of Alabama. Resident individual owners of Subchapter K entities, Alabama S corporations, and beneficiaries of estates of trusts who include their proportionate share of the income arising from one or more of these entities in their Alabama gross income shall be allowed a credit for their proportionate share of the income tax actually paid by the entity to any state or territory on account of business transacted or property held outside the State of Alabama, whether the payment was made on behalf of the resident individual owner or because the entity was not recognized by such state or territory as a non-taxable pass-through entity. For purposes of this section, income tax shall be defined by reference to generally accepted accounting principles as issued by the U.S. Financial Accounting Standards Board from time to time or any successor accounting principles or standards or as issued by any successor agency or board, and the term shall include, but not be limited to, any tax based in whole or in part on the entity's net income, gross income, gross receipts, business activities, or net worth.

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"(2) In case the amount of <u>income</u> tax actually paid by <u>or on behalf of</u> an individual resident of Alabama, <u>or by one of the entities described in subdivision (a)(1) above</u>, to another state or territory is in excess of the amount <u>of tax</u> that would be due on the same income computed <del>on the</del> using the

applicable Alabama income tax rate in Alabama rates, then only such amount as would be due in this state on such taxable income shall be allowed as a credit

- on behalf of an individual resident of this state Alabama to any other state or territory on account of business transacted or property held is less than the amount of tax that would be due, as computed on using the applicable Alabama income tax rates, then the income tax levied herein shall be computed on the entire taxable income from sources from both within and without outside the state as defined herein, and the tax shall be paid less the credit allowed in this section for tax paid on income derived, directly or indirectly, from without outside the state.
- "(4) Before a resident of Alabama may claim the credit allowed under this subsection (a), he or she shall file with his or her tax Alabama income return a certificate showing the amount of gross and net income derived, directly or indirectly, from sources without outside this state, together with the amount of tax paid or to be paid on such income.
- "(b) Any taxpayer described in Section 40-18-2(1) or Section 40-18-2(6), who, during any year, has been assessed a job development fee as described in Section 41-10-44.8(b), shall be allowed a credit against the amount of income tax due under the provisions of this chapter in such year in an amount

equal to the job development fee withheld from the taxpayer's wages during the year.

"(c)(1) A resident individual taxpayer, who is either a partner or member of a Subchapter K entity, a shareholder of an Alabama S corporation, or a beneficiary of an estate or trust, during all or part of a year, shall be allowed a credit equal to his or her proportionate share of the income taxes paid or accrued, including a payment recognized by 26 U.S.C. §901, to a foreign country with respect to the trade or business income of such business, including related operations and affiliates, whose income in the foreign country is all principally related to the following 2002 North American Industry Classification System Sectors and Subsectors in all of the following manners:

"a. The income must be related to Sector 21.

"b. The income must be related to at least two of the following Subsectors: 324, 325, 482, 483, and 486.

"c. The income must be attributable to the foreign country.

"(2) Notwithstanding the foregoing, the credit allowed in this subsection shall not exceed the amount of income tax that would otherwise be imposed by Alabama on the individual's income derived from the foreign country."

Section 2. The provisions of this act are severable. If any part of this act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, that declaration shall not affect the part which remains.

Section 3. All laws or parts of laws which conflict with this act are repealed.

Section 4. This act shall become effective upon its passage and approval by the Governor or its otherwise becoming law, and shall thereupon be effective for all tax years beginning after December 31, 2010, provided that no penalty, including any payment otherwise required under Section 40-18-80, Code of Alabama 1975, shall be due or assessed for any underpayment of or failure to pay estimated income tax resulting from the retroactive application of the amendments contained herein.