- 1 HB376
- 2 127649-1
- 3 By Representative Merrill
- 4 RFD: Agriculture and Forestry
- 5 First Read: 29-MAR-11

Τ	12/649-1:n:03/25/2011:JET/th LRS2011-1546	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	This bill would replace references to the
9		"national bureau of standards" with the "National
10		Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)"
11		regarding the standards for weights and measures
12		used in this state.
13		This bill would delete certain language that
14		authorizes the commissioner to enter certain
15		premises to test weights and measures.
16		This bill would authorize the Board of
17		Agriculture and Industries to adopt rules relative
18		to labeling and packaging pursuant to the Standards
19		of NIST to implement either dual inch-pound or
20		metric labeling or solely metric labeling
21		descriptions for certain business transactions as
22		indicated by market demand.
23		This bill would require the use of
24		inch-pound or metric labeling or solely metric
25		labeling on the packaging of certain commodities.
26		This bill would delete certain requirements
27		for the regulation of milk and cream bottles and

containers, as well as weights and measures and delivery of coal, coke, or charcoal.

This bill would delete certain requirements precluding the sale of cornmeal, grits, or flour in anything other than five to 200 pound packages.

This bill would delete the prohibition of selling ice by any manner other than weight and the requirement that a standard liquid measure be used for the sale of oil at retail.

11 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

13 AN ACT

Relating to weights and measures; to amend Sections 8-16-2, 8-16-3, 8-16-4, 8-16-5, 8-16-7, 8-16-15, 8-16-56, 8-16-90, 8-16-93, 8-16-94, and 8-16-101, Code of Alabama 1975, to reference the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) regarding the standards for weights and measures in this state; to delete outdated language related to the duties of the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries; to authorize the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries to adopt rules relating to dual inch-pound or metric labeling or solely metric labeling for certain business transactions; to require the use of inch-pound and metric-labeling descriptions or solely metric labeling on the packaging of certain commodities; and to repeal Sections 8-16-95, 8-16-96, 8-16-97,

1 8-16-98, 8-16-99, 8-16-100, 8-16-102, 8-16-103, 8-16-104, and

2 8-16-105, Code of Alabama 1975, to repeal certain requirements

3 relating to the sale of certain items by weighing.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

5 Section 1. Sections 8-16-2, 8-16-3, 8-16-4, 8-16-5,

8-16-7, 8-16-15, 8-16-56, 8-16-90, 8-16-93, 8-16-94, and

8-16-101, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as

follows:

9 "\$8-16-2.

"There is but one unit or The standard measure of length and surface, one of weight, one of capacity for liquid substances, and one of capacity for dry substances throughout this state, which must shall be in conformity with the standard measure of length, surface, weight, and capacity established by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) under the authority granted to the NIST by Congress. Any firm, association, corporation, or person selling, offering, or exposing for sale any commodity by weight or measure which does not correspond with such this standard or measure is guilty of a misdemeanor.

"§8-16-3.

"The standards of weights and measures received from the United States under a resolution of Congress approved June 14, 1836, and such new weights and measures as shall be received from the United States as standard weights and measures in addition thereto or in renewal thereof, and such weights and measures as shall be procured by the state in

conformity therewith and certified by the national bureau of

standards National Institute of Standards and Technology

(NIST) shall be the state standards by which all state,

county, and municipal standards of weights and measures shall

be tried, proved, and sealed.

"\$8-16-4.

"All contracts made within this state for any work to be done or for anything to be sold or delivered must be construed to have been according to the standard of weight and measure ascertained by Congress, unless the parties stipulate to the contrary through the authority Congress granted for the regulation and maintenance of the standards and weights and measures rules to the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).

"\$8-16-5.

- "(a) The state standards of weights and measures shall be kept by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries in a safe and suitable place in his office, from which they shall not be removed except for repairs.
- "(b) With respect to the state standards of weights and measures, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries shall have the following duties:
 - "(1) He shall maintain such standards in good order.
- "(2) He shall replace such standards as are incorrect and purchase such additional standards as shall be necessary to complete and make up a complete standard of weights and measures.

- "(3) He shall purchase such apparatus as shall be found necessary to a proper prosecution of the work of the office, to be known as working standards.
 - "(4) He shall compare such working standards with the state standards at such times as he shall deem necessary to prove the accuracy of the working standards; and
 - "(5) He shall keep a record of all standards and other apparatus belonging to the state for the purposes of this chapter.
 - "(6) The commissioner shall maintain traceability of the state standards to the $\frac{1}{1}$ national Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST).
 - "(c) Weights and measures that are traceable to the U.S. prototype standards supplied by the federal government, or approved as being satisfactory by the national bureau of standards National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST), shall be the state primary standards of weights and measures, and shall be maintained in such calibration as prescribed by the national bureau of standards NIST. All secondary standards may be prescribed by the commissioner and shall be verified upon their initial receipt, and as often thereafter as deemed necessary by the commissioner.

"§8-16-7.

"(a) When not otherwise provided by law, the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries within the state, the county sealer within the county and the city sealer within the city shall have the power and it shall be their duty to

inspect, test, try, and ascertain if they are correct all weights, measures, and weighing or measuring devices kept, offered, or exposed for sale, sold, used, or employed in proving the size, quantity, extent, area, or measurement of quantities, things, produce, or articles for distribution or consumption purchased or offered or submitted for sale, hire, or reward, in computing any charge for services rendered on the basis of weight or measure or in determining weight or measure when a charge is made for such determination.

- "(b) They shall have the power to, and shall from time to time, weigh or measure and inspect packages or amounts of commodities of whatsoever kind kept for the purpose of sale, offered, or exposed for sale, sold, or in the process of delivery in order to determine whether the same contain the amount represented and whether they are offered for sale or sold in a manner in accordance with the law.
- "(c) They shall, at least once each year and as much oftener as they may deem necessary, see that all weights, measures, and weighing or measuring devices used are correct.

"(d) They may, for the purpose above mentioned and in the general performance of their official duties, at any reasonable time, enter and go into or upon, without formal warrant, any stand, place, building, or premises or stop any vendor, peddler, junk dealer, coal wagon, ice wagon, delivery wagon, or any person whatsoever and require him, if necessary, to proceed to some place which the local sealer may specify for the purpose of making the proper test.

(e) (d) Whenever the Commissioner of Agriculture or Industries or a local sealer of weights and measures finds a violation of the statutes relating to weights and measures, he shall cause the violator to be prosecuted.

"\$8-16-15.

- "(a) The Board of Agriculture and Industries shall have the right and power to may do all of the following:
- (1) adopt Adopt and promulgate all reasonable and necessary rules and regulations for the better enforcement of the provisions of law relative to weights and measures and the sale of commodities, things, or service by weight or measure.
- "(2) Require the labeling and packaging of commodities, things, or service by weight or measure to comply with the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to implement either the dual inch-pound and metric-labeling descriptions or metric-only labeling for all retail and wholesale business transactions, all foreign and domestic trade and commerce, and for all commodities, things, or services produced by state and local governments, as determined by business and market demand rather than government oversight.
- "(3) and to establish Establish a fee payable annually by all individuals or entities subject to this section not to exceed one hundred fifty dollars (\$150) for reimbursement of expenses incurred in the enforcement of this section which shall be deposited into the Agricultural Fund of the State Treasury. The annual inspection fee for those

individuals and entities utilizing measuring devices measuring
30 pounds or less shall be based upon a sliding scale broken
into 5 categories based upon the total dollar volume of each
individual or entity with the minimum rate not to exceed
twenty-five dollars (\$25) and the maximum not to exceed one
hundred fifty dollars (\$150).

- "(b) The board shall prescribe specifications as to the type of make-up and reasonable variations or tolerances for all weights, measures, and weighing and measuring devices used, offered, exposed for sale, sold, or given away in the state.
- "(c) Any weight, measure, or weighing or measuring device which does not comply with these specifications or does not conform with the state's standards within such tolerances shall be a false and incorrect weight, measure, or weighing or measuring device.
- "(d) The board shall prescribe reasonable rules and regulations for the submission of samples and the examination of type and approval or disapproval of all types of weights or measures or weighing or measuring devices used, offered, or exposed for sale or given away in the state.

"§8-16-56.

- "(a) The Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries shall prescribe the form of weight certificate to be used by all public weighmasters in this state.
- "(b) Such The certificate shall state thereon the kind of commodity, produce or article, the number of units of

the same, the date of the receipt of the commodity, produce or article, the owner, agent or consignee, the total weight of the commodity, produce or article, the vessel, railroad, team, truck or other means the method of transportation by which the commodity, produce or article was received, any trade or other mark thereon and such other information as may be necessary to distinguish or identify the commodity, produce or article from a like kind.

"(c) No certificate other than the one prescribed in this section shall be used by any public weighmaster in this state, and when so made and properly signed, such certificates shall be a prima facie evidence of such weights.

"\$8-16-90.

"Any person who, by himself or his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of another person, shall offer or expose for sale, sell, use in the buying or selling of any commodity or thing or for hire or reward or in the computation of any charge for services rendered on the basis of weight or measure when a charge is made for such determination, retain in his possession a false weight or measure or weighing or measuring device or any tool or appliance used in connection therewith which has not been sealed by the Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries or by a local sealer of weights and measures within one year, shall dispose of any condemned weight, measure, or weighing or measuring device contrary to law, remove any tag placed thereon by the commissioner or a local sealer, who shall sell or offer or expose for sale less

than the quantity he represents of any commodity, thing or service, shall take or attempt to take more than the quantity he represents when as the buyer he furnishes the weight, measure or weighing or measuring device by means of which the amount of any commodity, thing or service is determined, who shall keep for the purpose of sale, offer, expose for sale or sell any commodity in a manner contrary to law, who shall violate any provision of this chapter for which a specific penalty has not been provided or who shall sell, offer or expose for sale or use or have in his possession for the purpose of using or selling any device or instrument to be used to, or calculated to, falsify any weight or measure, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

"§8-16-93.

"(a) It shall be unlawful to keep for the purpose of sale, offer or expose for sale, or sell any commodity in package form unless the net quantity of the contents is plainly and conspicuously marked on the outside of the package in terms of weight, measure, or numerical count, provided, however, that reasonable using either dual inch-pound and metric labeling or metric-only labeling. Reasonable variations or tolerances shall be permitted, and that these reasonable variations and tolerances shall be established by rules and regulations made and promulgated by the State Board of Agriculture and Industries; and provided further, that this section shall not be construed to apply to those commodities

in package form, the manner of sale of which is specifically regulated by the provisions of other sections of this chapter.

"(b) The words "in package form," as used in this section, shall be construed to include a commodity in a package, carton, case, can, box, barrel, bottle, phial or other receptacle or in coverings or wrappings of any kind put up by the manufacturer, or put up prior to the order of the commodity by the vendor, which may be labeled, branded, stenciled or otherwise marked or which may be suitable for labeling, branding, stenciling or marking otherwise, making one complete package of the commodity. The words "in package form" shall be construed to include both the wholesale and the retail package. "Package," as used in this section, does not include any container in which are packed or contained packages of a smaller size of a commodity, but the provisions of this section apply only to the container directly including the commodity.

"§8-16-94.

"(a) Whenever any commodities shall be sold or delivered and no special written contract or agreement shall be made to the contrary, if sold or authorized to be sold by the bushel or barrel, said the bushel or barrel of such commodities shall be the weight per bushel or barrel as is generally recognized and accepted in the marketplace, and the fractional part of the bushel or barrel shall be the corresponding fractional part of the weight per bushel or barrel as is generally recognized and accepted in the

marketplace for such commodity shall include either dual
inch-pound and metric labeling or metric-only labeling for the
weight .

- "(b) All such commodities shall be bought or sold by actual weight unless otherwise agreed to in writing between the seller and buyer; provided, however, that any of such commodities may be sold by numerical count; and provided further, that turnips, kale, mustard and spinach salad and other vegetables customarily sold by the bunch may be sold by the bunch, unless those bunches are sold by weight.
- "(c) The Commissioner of Agriculture and Industries, as provided under the provisions of Section 2-2-16, is authorized and empowered to promulgate rules and regulations concerning minimum weights per bushel or barrel or other type container for the sale of commodities, as is needed for the standardization of the sale of such commodities in the marketplace using either dual inch-pound and metric labeling or metric-only labeling for the weight.

"§8-16-101.

- "(a) Except as otherwise provided in this article or when sold in the original standard container, all fruit, nuts, vegetables and grain shall be sold at retail by avoirdupois weight or numerical count using either dual inch-pound and metric labeling or by metric-only labeling for the weight.
- "(b) The words "original standard container," as used in this section, shall mean and include only barrels, boxes, baskets, hampers or similar containers, the dimensions

or capacity of which are established by regulations of the

State Board of Agriculture and Industries, the contents of

which have not been removed or repacked by the retailer and

upon which is plainly and conspicuously marked the net

quantity of the contents thereof in terms of weight, measure,

or numerical count by using either dual inch-pound and metric

labeling or by metric-only labeling for the weight.

"(c) This section shall not apply to the sale by the bunch of fresh beets, onions, turnips, carrots, and other similar vegetables usually and customarily sold by the bunch, unless those bunches are sold by weight."

Section 2. Sections 8-16-95, 8-16-96, 8-16-97, 8-16-98, 8-16-99, 8-16-100, 8-16-102, 8-16-103, 8-16-104, and 8-16-105, Code of Alabama 1975, are repealed.

Section 3. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.