- 1 SB325
- 2 116062-2
- 3 By Senator Marsh
- 4 RFD: Judiciary
- 5 First Read: 02-FEB-10

1	116062-2:n:01/27/2010:LCG/th LRS2010-18R1	
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8	SYNOPSIS:	Under existing law, an offender sentenced
9		to probation may be incarcerated in the
10		penitentiary for the remainder of his or her
11		sentence if probation is revoked for one or more
12		technical violations.
13		This bill would prohibit incarceration in
14		the penitentiary if a probationer has successfully
15		completed six months probation and has committed
16		only technical violations.
17		Existing law limits the period of probation
18		to five years for a felony offense and two years
19		for a misdemeanor offense for all probation
20		periods.
21		This bill would specify the limits applying
22		to probation periods imposed as part of a split
23		sentence and would provide intermediate options a
24		court may utilize in revoking probation. This bill
25		would provide retroactive application of the limits
26		on incarceration to certain prisoners that are
27		currently incarcerated in the penitentiary on

1 probation revocation for technical violations upon 2 meeting certain conditions and would invest jurisdiction in the sentencing court to modify a 3 qualified offender's sentence. This bill would also 5 provide yearly appropriations for counties. 6 7 A BILL TO BE ENTITLED 8 9 AN ACT 10 To amend Section 15-22-54, Code of Alabama 1975, to 11 12 limit the terms of probation; to prohibit incarceration in the 13 penitentiary for technical violations of probation with 14 retroactive application for certain offenders; to provide 15 intermediate sanctions for violations; and to add Sections 15-22-54.1 and 15-22-54.2 to the Code of Alabama 1975, to 16 17 provide for resentencing and yearly appropriations to counties. 18 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 19 Section 1. Section 15-22-54, Code of Alabama 1975, 20 21 is amended to read as follows: "\$15-22-54. 22 23 "(a) The period of probation or suspension of 24 execution of sentence shall be determined by the court, and 25 the period of probation or suspension may be continued, extended, or terminated. However, in no case shall the maximum 26

probation period of a defendant guilty of a misdemeanor exceed

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two years, nor shall the maximum probation period of a defendant guilty of a felony exceed five years. These limitations shall also apply to the probation portion of a split sentence imposed pursuant to Section 15-18-8. When the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence are fulfilled, the court shall, by order duly entered on its minutes, discharge the defendant.

"(b) The court granting probation may, upon the recommendation of the officer supervising the probationer, terminate all authority and supervision over the probationer prior to the declared date of completion of probation upon showing a continued satisfactory compliance with the conditions of probation over a sufficient portion of the period of the probation.

"(c) At any time during the period of probation or suspension of execution of sentence, the court may issue a warrant and cause the defendant to be arrested for violating any of the conditions of probation or suspension of sentence.

"(d) Except as provided in Chapter 15 of Title 12, any probation officer, police officer, or other officer with power of arrest, when requested by the probation officer, may arrest a probationer without a warrant. In case of an arrest without a warrant, the arresting officer shall have a written statement by the probation officer setting forth that the probationer has, in his or her judgment, violated the conditions of probation, and the statement shall be sufficient warrant for the detention of the probationer in the county

- jail or other appropriate place of detention until the
  probationer is brought before the court. The probation officer
  shall forthwith report the arrest and detention to the court
  and submit in writing a report showing in what manner the
  probationer has violated probation.
  - "(1) If the defendant violates a condition of probation or suspension of execution of sentence, the court, after a hearing, may implement one or more of the following options:
  - "a. Continue the existing probation or and suspension of execution of sentence.

- "b. Issue a formal or informal warning to the probationer that further violations may result in revocation of probation or suspension of execution of sentence.
- "c. Conduct a formal or informal conference with the probationer to reemphasize the necessity of compliance with the conditions of probation.
- "d. Modify the conditions of probation or suspension of execution of sentence, which conditions may include the addition of short periods of confinement <u>in the county jail</u>.
- "e. Revoke the probation or suspension of execution of sentence.
  - "(2) If the court revokes probation, it may, after a hearing, impose the sentence that was suspended at the original hearing or any lesser sentence, including any option listed in subdivision (1).

"(3) If revocation results in a sentence of 1 2 confinement, credit shall be given for all time spent in custody prior to revocation. Full credit shall be awarded for 3 full-time confinement in facilities such as county jail, state prison, and boot camp. Credit for other penalties, such as 5 6 work release programs, intermittent confinement, and home 7 detention, shall be left to the discretion of the court, with the presumption that time spent subject to these penalties 8 will receive half credit. The court shall also give significant weight to the time spent on probation in substantial compliance with the conditions thereof. The total 11 12 time spent in confinement may not exceed the term of 13 confinement of the original sentence.

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- "(4) The court shall not revoke probation and order the confinement of the probationer for violations of the conditions of probation unless the court finds on the basis of the original offense and the probationer's intervening conduct, either of the following:
- "a. No measure short of confinement will adequately protect the community from further criminal activity by the probationer.
- "b. No measure short of confinement will avoid depreciating the seriousness of the violation.
- "(5) An offender who is sentenced to serve a period of probation for a felony who has not been arrested or charged with commission of a new criminal offense and has successfully fulfilled the conditions of probation, including remaining

1	current on payment of court ordered monies, for six months,	
2	shall not be incarcerated in the state penitentiary if	
3	probation is revoked only for technical violations. Technical	
4	violations of conditions of probation shall be subject to the	
5	options provided in subdivision (1), provided, however, the	
6	court may also continue the existing probation and suspension	
7	of execution of sentence with the additional condition that	
8	the probationer does the following:	
9	"a. Participates in a community corrections program.	
10	"b. Participates in a county work release program.	
11	"c. Performs community service.	
12	"d. Undergoes intensive probation supervision.	
13	"e. Participates in a residential or outpatient drug	
14	or alcohol treatment program.	
15	"f. Participates in and completes a Life Skills	
16	Influenced by Freedom and Education Tech (LIFETech)	
17	residential program administered through the Board of Pardons	
18	and Paroles."	
19	Section 2. Sections 15-22-54.1 and 15-22-54.2 are	
20	added to the Code of Alabama 1975, to read as follows:	
21	§15-22-54.1.	
22	(a) Any person now serving a prison sentence based	
23	on revocation of probation as a result of only technical	
24	violations shall be entitled to be resentenced upon petition	
25	to the sentencing court. Such petition shall be on a form and	
26	filed in the manner prescribed by the Administrative Office of	
27	Courts. Petitions shall be considered authorized motions for	

- modification of sentence, assigned a unique identifier by the
  Administrative Office Courts, and shall not require payment of
  a filing fee.
  - (b) The court shall have jurisdiction to resentence the offender in accordance with the terms of this section, upon a showing of the following:
- 7 (1) The offender successfully completed the terms of 8 probation for six months.
  - (2) Probation was thereafter revoked and the offender was sentenced to the penitentiary only as a result of technical violations of probation.
  - (3) The offender has no disciplinary infractions while serving the sentence in the penitentiary.
  - (4) The offender has no pending charges or convictions for a new offense.

16 \$15-22-54.2.

In addition to all other appropriations, there is hereby appropriated three million dollars (\$3,000,000) from the State General Fund for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2011, and each fiscal year thereafter, earmarked for use by counties for the purpose of establishing and enhancing community correction programs, drug courts, county work release programs, residential and outpatient drug and alcohol treatment programs, and other appropriate sentencing alternatives, and to remunerate counties for the confinement of probationers in the county jail. Such appropriation shall be distributed on a quarterly basis to the counties by the

state Comptroller in accordance with a formula established by
the Department of Corrections and upon verification of the
number of felony offenders diverted from the Department of
Corrections and the estimated cost savings achieved pursuant
to the provisions of this act.

Section 3. This act shall become effective
immediately following its passage and approval by the
Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.