- 1 HB633
- 2 109745-1
- 3 By Representative Johnson
- 4 RFD: Government Appropriations
- 5 First Read: 25-FEB-10

109745-1:n:03/23/2009:FC/tan LRS2009-1874

8 SYNOPSIS:

Under existing law, a policeman employed by a municipality, except in Jefferson County or a municipality which has elected to be covered by workers' compensation, and a state trooper or other law enforcement officer employed by the Department of Public Safety, Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, or the Department of Conservation and Natural Resources is entitled to death and disability benefits for a service connected occupational disease based on a condition or impairment caused by hypertension, heart disease, or respiratory disease.

This bill would provide that the provisions of this law would apply to any law enforcement officer with the power of arrest employed by the state or any municipality or county and would expand the definition of occupational disease to include cancer, AIDS, and hepatitis under certain

26 conditions.

Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 1901 prohibits a general law whose purpose or effect would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds from becoming effective with regard to a local governmental entity without enactment by a 2/3 vote unless: it comes within one of a number of specified exceptions; it is approved by the affected entity; or the Legislature appropriates funds, or provides a local source of revenue, to the entity for the purpose.

The purpose or effect of this bill would be to require a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the meaning of Amendment 621. If this bill is not enacted by a 2/3 vote, it will not become effective with regard to a local entity unless approved by the local entity or until, and only as long as, the Legislature appropriates funds or provides for a local source of revenue.

A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

22 AN ACT

To amend Sections 36-30-20, 36-30-21, 36-30-22, and 36-30-23, Code of Alabama 1975, relating to the eligibility for death or disability benefits of certain municipal policemen and state law enforcement officers; to further

provide for the definition of law enforcement officer to 1 2 include any law enforcement officer in this state and to further define occupational disease; and in connection 3 therewith would have as its purpose or effect the requirement of a new or increased expenditure of local funds within the 5 meaning of Amendment 621 of the Constitution of Alabama of 6 7 1901. BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA: 8 Section 1. Sections 36-30-20, 36-30-21, 36-30-22, 9 10 and 36-30-23, Code of Alabama 1975, are amended to read as follows: 11 12 "\$36-30-20. "When used in this article, the following terms 13 shall have the following meanings, respectively, unless the 14 15 context clearly indicates otherwise: 16 "(1) CITY. Any municipality of the state, regardless 17 of its population; provided, however, that such term shall not include any municipality in any county having a population in 18 19 excess of 600,000 according to the last federal decennial 20 census. 21 "(2) POLICEMAN. A person employed as a policeman or 22 other law enforcement officer by a city. 23 "(3) STATE TROOPER. State trooper, highway 24 patrolman, crime investigation officer, driver's license 25 examiner or other police officer personnel of the Alabama 26 Department of Public Safety or law enforcement officer

employed by the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, those

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Т	difficers of the Department of Conservation and Natural
2	Resources designated as conservation enforcement officers.
3	" $\frac{(6)}{(1)}$ BENEFIT. Any monetary allowance payable $\frac{1}{1}$
4	a law enforcement officer by a city or county or by the state
5	or from a pension system established for the policemen <u>law</u>
6	enforcement officers of a city or county or the state or, in
7	the case of a state trooper, from the state Employees'
8	Retirement System to a policeman or state trooper on account
9	of his <u>or her</u> disability or to his <u>or her</u> dependents on
10	account of his or her death, irrespective of whether the same
11	is payable under a pension law of the state or under some
12	other law of the state.
13	" (5) (2) DISABILITY. Disability to perform duties
14	as a policeman or state trooper <u>law enforcement officer</u> .
15	"(3) LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER. A full-time law
16	enforcement officer with the power of arrest who is employed
17	with any state agency, department, board, commission, or
18	institution or a full-time law enforcement officer employed by
19	any municipality or county within this state.
20	"(4) POLICEMAN'S <u>LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICER'S</u>
21	OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE. Any condition or impairment of health
22	caused by hypertension, heart disease or respiratory disease.
23	any of the following:
24	"a. Hypertension.
25	"b. Heart disease.
26	"c. Respiratory disease.

enforcement officer during the period in which the law enforcement officer is in the service of the city, county, or state, provided the law enforcement officer demonstrates by sufficient evidence that he or she was exposed, while in the employ of the city, county, or state to a known carcinogen which is reasonably linked to the disabling cancer, unless the employing entity demonstrates by sufficient evidence that the cancer may have been caused by some other means.

"e. AIDS which manifests itself in a law enforcement officer during the period in which the law enforcement officer is in the service of the city, county, or state, provided the law enforcement officer demonstrates by sufficient evidence that he or she was exposed to AIDS while in the line and scope of his or her employment with the employing entity unless the employing entity demonstrates by sufficient evidence that the AIDS may have been caused by some other means.

"f. Hepatitis which manifests itself in a law enforcement officer during the period in which the law enforcement officer is in the service of the city, county, or state, provided the law enforcement officer demonstrates by sufficient evidence that he or she was exposed to hepatitis while in the line and scope of his or her employment with the employing entity unless the employing entity demonstrates by sufficient evidence that the hepatitis may have been caused by some other means."

"§36-30-21.

"(a) If a policeman or state trooper law enforcement officer who qualifies for benefits under the provisions of this article suffers disability as a result of a policeman's <u>law enforcement officer's</u> occupational disease, his <u>or her</u> disability shall be compensable the same as any service-connected disability under any law which provides benefits for policemen the law enforcement officer of such municipality, or, if a state trooper law enforcement officer, under the state Employees' Retirement System, the same as if injured in the line of duty. If a policeman or state trooper law enforcement officer who qualifies for benefits under the provisions of this article dies as a result of a policeman's law enforcement officer's occupational disease, his or her death shall be compensable to the same extent as the death of a policeman or state trooper law enforcement officer killed in the line of duty; provided, that this article shall not apply to any municipality which has elected to be covered by the workers' compensation laws of this state. "(b) In order to qualify for benefits under the

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"(b) In order to qualify for benefits under the provisions of this article based on a law enforcement officer's occupational disease caused by cancer, AIDS, or hepatitis, the law enforcement officer shall demonstrate by sufficient evidence all of the following:

"(1) That the disease was caused by significant exposure to an agent known to cause the disease according to current medical literature and research.

1		" <u>(2)</u>	The	ехро	osure	occi	<u>ırred</u>	while	the	claimant	was
2	acting in	n the	line	and	scope	of	emplo	<u>oyment</u>	as a	a law	
3	enforceme	nt of	ffice	r							

"(3) The exposure to the causative agent must be in excess of that experienced by the general population.

"Any sudden exposure to a causative agent from a single event shall be reported by a claimant to his or her supervisor within five days of the occurrence of exposure if it is reasonable to believe the claimant was aware of both his or her exposure to the agent and of the hazardous and harmful effects of the sudden exposure to the agent.

"If an occupational disease results from long term exposure to a causative agent, rather than from a single event, a claimant shall notify his or her supervisor, within 90 days of a conclusive medical diagnosis of the occupational disease and the determination by a medical doctor that the diagnosis is, or may be, linked to the exposure.

"§36-30-22.

"The provisions of this article shall apply to policemen a law enforcement officer who, upon entering the service of the city or county as policemen a law enforcement officer, have has successfully passed a physical examination which failed to reveal any evidence of a policeman's law enforcement officer's occupational disease and who have has completed at least three years' service as a policeman law enforcement officer, provided a physical examination was required at the time of entry into service, and shall apply to

a state trooper law enforcement officer who, upon entering the service of the state as a state trooper law enforcement officer, successfully passed a physical examination which failed to reveal any evidence of a policeman's law enforcement officer's occupational disease and who has completed no less than three years' service as a state trooper law enforcement officer.

8 "\$36-30-23.

"(a) If a physical examination was not required at the time of entry into service, a policeman or state trooper who has had at least three years' continuous service as a policeman or state trooper next preceding September 8, 1967, shall be deemed eligible for benefits under the provisions of this article.

"(b) If a physical examination was not required at the time of entry into service, a law enforcement officer who became covered by this article pursuant to the act adding this subsection who has had at least three years' continuous service as a law enforcement officer next preceding the effective date of this amendatory act, shall be eligible for benefits under the provisions of this article provided the eligibility requirements as provided in subdivision (4) of Section 36-30-20 are met.

(c) The provisions of this article shall not affect or modify the Workers' Compensation Law."

Section 2. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.